FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
FOI/PA
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FOI/PA# 1416857-000

Total Deleted Page(s) = 19
Page 56 ~ b1;
Page 57 ~ b6;
Page 182 ~ Duplicate;
Page 183 ~ Duplicate;
Page 184 ~ Duplicate;
Page 185 ~ Duplicate;
Page 237 ~ b6;
Page 239 ~ b6;
Page 261 ~ Duplicate;
Page 271 ~ Referral/Direct;
Page 272 ~ Referral/Direct;
Page 273 ~ Referral/Direct;
Page 291 ~ Referral/Direct;
Page 292 ~ Referral/Direct;
Page 293 ~ Referral/Direct;
Page 316 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 318 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 320 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;
Page 321 ~ b6; b7C; b7D;

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FREEDOM OF INFORMATION AND PRIVACY ACTS

SUBJECT United Press International

FILE NUMBER 94-8-95

SECTION NUMBER 9

FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Sullivan
Mohr
Bishop
Brennan, C.D.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Dalbey
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : MR. MOHR

DATE: 2-17-71

FROM : W. S. TAVEL

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE FOR WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

The Washington Field Office (WFO) by letter 2-10-71 stated that because of its location in the Nation's Capital it has a special need for a terminal on the United Press International (UPI) news service which will cost $130 per month. The letter states that Washington is a focal point for demonstrations against Government agencies and foreign establishments and with the increase in New Left and black militant demonstrations and impromptu press conferences, WFO has found a need for UPI service on a timely basis. It states many of the New Left organizations are either centered in Washington or have spokesmen here who issue press releases and cites such organizations as the Student Mobilization Committee, People's Coalition for Peace and Justice, National Student Association, Black United Front, Young Socialist Alliance, Jewish Defense League, Youth International Party, Black Panthers, etc. It states frequently press conferences pertain to planned demonstrations or changes in previously announced activities; that heretofore WFO has received news service information from the Metropolitan Police Department and the 116th Military Intelligence Group or the Mayor's Command Post, but that having its own terminal would materially enhance its effectiveness in the intelligence field and antiriot law, sabotage, bombing matters cases, etc. It requests the machine be installed.

We have a UPI terminal in our Teletype Room at the Seat of Government from which we receive an original and four copies. The original is carefully screened and those items of interest to the Bureau are clipped, mounted, and sent to the Director. Mr. Tolson also gets a copy of any item the Director receives. The rest of the contents of the first copy are sent to you (Mr. Mohr). The other three copies are sent in their entirety without screening to Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Bishop, and Mr. Brennan. We do not have an extra copy readily available to furnish WFO although there is some possibility that appropriate teletype paper for this purpose could be obtained. We have deliveries to WFO hourly during working hours but only on special request on nights and week ends.

ORIGINAL FILED IN 66-64-4641

94-8-95-

1-Mr. Sullivan
1-Mr. Bishop
1-Mr. Brennan
1-Mr. Fisher (attn: Mr.
WST:imr (6)

NOT RECORDED
292 FEB 24 1971
FEB 23 1971

CONTINUED - OVER

b6

Memo to Mr. Mohr from W. S. Tavel
Re: Request for UPI News Service for WFO

The UPI machine runs 24 hours per day and the great majority of material coming from it is of no interest to the Bureau. It would appear that it would take considerable employee time in WFO to screen all of the UPI material to select items of interest. No other field office has a UPI machine.

It would also appear that since the Domestic Intelligence Division receives one copy which is examined for items of interest concerning New Left and black militant activities referred to by WFO, that the Domestic Intelligence Division could notify WFO if any such pertinent items were noted.

In view of this and the substantial monthly cost of the machine, it would appear that this expense is not warranted.

RECOMMENDATION:

That WFO be advised that its request for a UPI terminal is not approved.

✓ OK WS ST 2/17

ASAC Campbell, WFO, telephonically advised 2-19 ST

EX-112

November 19, 1970

REC-54
94-8-95-641

Mrs. Isabelle Hall
United Press International
Washington Bureau
315 National Press Building
Washington, D. C. 20004

Dear Mrs. Hall:

I have received your letter of November 16th concerning the interview granted Mr. Ken W. Clawson.

Although my official schedule is such that it is not possible for me to grant all the interviews requested, this was a situation in which I was able to respond affirmatively because of a sudden cancellation of a previous commitment. I certainly appreciate your continued interest in a similar appointment with me, and while I do not contemplate another such interview in the foreseeable future, you may be assured that I will keep your request in mind.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 24
NOV 19 1970
COMM-FBI

1 - Mr. Sullivan (detached)
1 - Mr. Bishop (detached)
1 - Miss Holmes (detached)
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt (detached)
1 - M. A. Jones (detached)

NOTE: See M. A. Jones to Bishop memo dated 11/18/70, captioned "Mrs. Isabelle Hall, UPI Representative, Request For Interview With Director."

Tolson
Sullivan
Mohr
Bishop
Brennan, C.D.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Felt
Gale
Rosen
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

JCF:mjj/mcb
(10)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

53 DEC 1 1970

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

Written From
WASHINGTON BUREAU
315 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20004

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Brennan
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Walters
Mr. Sowars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Nov. 16, 1970

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover,
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I was deeply disappointed to learn from a colleague that you granted an interview to a Washington Post reporter today.

As you will recall, I have written you at least twice a year since I began covering the Justice Department In January of 1968 to request that you grant me an interview.

You have kindly responded on several occasions with answers to my written questions but obviously being able to chat with you in person is much more satisfactory.

94-8-95641

REC-54

If today's interview means that you have changed your views of the past few years, I again respectfully request that you reconsider my many requests for an interview.

22 NOV 24 1970

EX-112

Yours sincerely,

Isabelle Hall

Isabelle Hall

Mailing List
11-18-70
Change Noted

Jones to Bishop memo & letter 11/18/70 JCF:mob

EXP. PROC. 40
NOV 12 1970

COPY MADE FOR MR. TOLSON

November 22, 1970

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Hoover: United Press International

I sincerely thank you for your letter dated November 16, 1970 and for the enclosures.

In my opinion, you are truly a great man and, if history gives proper recognition to the tremendous contribution you have made to our country, you will be remembered as being on a par with Washington, Jefferson, Lincoln and the other great men of all time. If there were more J. Edgar Hoovers in Washington, I would not worry so much, about the future of my Country.

If the words, attributed to Mr. Sullivan, had come from Bobby Kennedy or Ramsey Clark, I would not have been the least bit disturbed; the alleged quotation along with the source was what disturbed me. The fact that those words allegedly came from the FBI, however, will make them credible to some people.

Finally, I wish to mention that I appreciate your recently publicized remarks about your being against making the FBI into a national police force. That is what we mean when we say "Support Your Local Police and keep them independent."

Thanks to you and Mr. Sullivan once again for the correspondance and the literature. I wish every American could read "If Men Were Angels" and the three enclosures you sent to me.

Yours very truly,

[redacted]

EX-115

94-8-95-642

NOV 25 1970

56 DEC 10 1970

CORRESPONDENCE

FBI - DOJ
NOV 25 1970

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Walters
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES VERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 2/10/71

FROM : SAC, WFO (66-1195)

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE FOR WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

The Washington Field Office, because of its location in the Nation's Capital, feels it has a special need for the captioned service in order to better fulfill its intelligence collection responsibilities to the Bureau. As the Bureau is aware, Washington, D. C., is the focal point for demonstrations and actions against various government agencies and foreign diplomatic establishments. With the increase of New Left and Black Militant demonstration activities, impromptu press conferences and/or demonstrations of national significance, the office has found a need to receive information from the captioned service on a timely basis. A large number of New Left organizations are either centered in Washington or have spokesmen who issue press releases in increasing number. Some of the organizations include the Student Mobilization Committee, People's Coalition for Peace and Justice, National Student Association, Women's Liberation, American Friends Service Committee - Legislative Office, Women's International League for Peace and Freedom - Legislative Office, Jews for Urban Justice, Institute for Policy Studies and Black United Front. Organizations which have local spokesmen include the following: Young Socialist Alliance, Women Strike for Peace, Committee of Return Volunteers, Revolutionary Union, "Daily World," Jewish Defense League, Venceremos Brigade, Concerned Officers for Peace, Youth International Party, National Socialist White People's Party, Black Panthers, Congress for African People and National Peace Action Coalition.

Many of the press releases issued by the foregoing organizations and spokesmen pertain to planned demonstrations, press conferences or changes in previously announced activities. Heretofore, the office has received news service

94-8-95-

ORIGINAL FILED IN 66-64-46

NOT RECORDED
202 FEB 11 1971

(2) - Bureau
1 - WFO
RGK:MCP
(3)

Memo Tavel to Mohr 2-17-71
WST:jmr

61 MAR 15 1971

COMM. SEC.

TIOLI

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

5010-106

information from the Metropolitan Police Department, the 116th Military Intelligence Group or the Mayor's Command Post.

The office feels the installation of a satellite machine to the one currently located in the Bureau's Teletype Unit would materially enhance its effectiveness in assisting the Bureau to meet its responsibilities in the intelligence field and in connection with the investigation of potential violations pertaining to Anti-Riot Law, Sabotage, Bombing Matters, Theft or Destruction of Government Property and Desecration of the Flag. Accordingly, the Bureau is requested to authorize the installation of a United Press International News Service teletype in the Teletype Room of the Field Office as a satellite machine to the one currently located at the Bureau at a monthly cost of $130.

94-2-75-643

December 3, 1970

REC-10 ST-109

[redacted]

b6

Dear [redacted]

I received the communication of November 27th from you and your husband and I want to thank you for your kind remarks. In response to your request, it is a pleasure to enclose a copy of my article "An Open Letter to College Students."

Sincerely yours,
J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 6
COMM-FBI

Enclosure

NOTE: Bufiles contain no record of correspondent.

LEE:jls (3)

Tolson
Sullivan
Mohr
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Brennan, C.D.
Callahan
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Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

93 DEC 11 1970

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

TRUE COPY

Nov. 27, 1970

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of "Letter to Students" by J. Edgar Hoover. Thank you.

Let me say here how much we appreciate the FBI and your work. If the FBI is in on a case we feel secure in knowing that it will be solved in time.

Sincerely,

[redacted]

b6

ack/wml
Lee/T.
12-3-70

TRUE COPY

1 FBI
Dec 1 70

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Brennan
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Walters
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

United Press International

Nov. 27, 1970

Gentlemen:

Please send me a copy of "Letter to Students" by J. Edgar Hoover. Thank you.

Let me say here how much we appreciate the FBI and your work. If the FBI is in on a case we feel secure in knowing that it will be solved in time. Sincerely,

[redacted]

b6

EXP. PROC.
NOV 30 1970

ACK/wm L
LEE/1
12-3-70

REC-10 94-[illegible]-643

12-4
NOV 30 1970

ITC
12-1-70

CORRESPONDENCE

b6

FBI
Dept. of Justice
Washington, D.C. 20535

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Sullivan
Mohr
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Tele. Room
Holmes
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TO : Mr. Sullivan

DATE: 12/4/70

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR INTERVIEW OF DIRECTOR BY UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI) AND ASSOCIATED PRESS (AP)

In the past several weeks the Director has granted interviews to a representative of the "Washington Post," a columnist from King Features, and to a writer from "Time" magazine. As a result of this, and even previously, my office has received a number of requests for interviews of Mr. Hoover from all segments of the news media. We certainly realize that Mr. Hoover cannot take the time to submit to interviews by everybody, and most of the news people will admit this when we tell them so. However, a number of our especially good friends have indicated that they feel Mr. Hoover is "slighting" them and "favoring" people who are not basically friends of the FBI. They point specifically to the "Washington Post," and the word has already gotten out that the Director was interviewed this morning by Dean Fischer of "Time" magazine.

Today Mrs. Isabelle Hall of United Press International and Mark Brown of AP, both of whom cover the Justice Building for their wire services, have come to my office and again requested that they be permitted to interview Mr. Hoover sometime next week. They pointed out that they have both been very friendly toward the Bureau, as have been their wire services. As a matter of fact, Mrs. Hall has been probably the most friendly of the UPI representatives that we have ever had covering this building and she has written innumerable favorable stories on the Bureau, and the UPI organization has been the moving factor in handling the distribution of material with regard to the "Ten Most Wanted Fugitives Program" since its inception. In addition, UPI distributed the Director's "Open Letter to College Students" in September.

EX-115

94-8-2-644

DEC-39

1 - Mr. Tolson
1 - Mr. Sullivan (CONTINUED-OVER)
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
1 - Miss Holmes
1 - Miss Gandy

TEB:asg

DEC 10 1970

DEC 8 1970

DEC 8 1970

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

In addition, Mark Brown has also proven himself to be a very good friend of the Bureau. He has never been known to write a carping or critical article concerning us. It must be admitted that he does wear long sideburns and a bushy mustache, but he has explained that he wears them at the request of his bosses because they assign him, because of his youthful appearance, to cover demonstrations, etc., in the Washington area. He has found that with long sideburns and a bushy mustache he can move among such elements without being noticed as a news man.

Both Isabelle Hall and Mark Brown have indicated that they will be well satisfied to jointly conduct an interview of Mr. Hoover, which would result in a savings of time for him.

While I realize that the Director's granting a joint interview to UPI and AP would not satisfy friends on individual newspapers or other publications who would also like to interview Mr. Hoover, the UPI and AP being wire services do service all news media and an interview given by Mr. Hoover to them would give us the opportunity to answer any complaints by saying it was handled in this fashion in view of the tremendous number of people who had asked for individual interviews.

I certainly do not like to make extra work for the Director, and my suggestion that he submit to a joint interview by UPI and AP representatives is not for that purpose. I do feel, however, that the Director should know that we have noticed the above indicated dissatisfaction on the part of our good friends in the press over their inability to get an interview with the Director, and I feel that this would be the best solution to the situation.

RECOMMENDATION

If the Director's time and schedule permit, that he seriously consider setting a time and date sometime during the week of December 7th when he could submit to a joint interview by a representative of UPI and AP.

Mark Brown, N.P.
& Isabelle Hall, UPI
agreed
12/4/70

I am booked solidly for week of Dec 7
Leave town on Dec 12 for balance of the month

TEB

WCS

- 2 -

Ltr. Bishop to Sullivan 12/4/70

0-20 (Rev. 7-21-70)

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Holmes
Gandy

UPI-143
(UPI APOLOGY)
WASHINGTON--UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL INCORRECTLY REPORTED THAT REP. LAWRENCE J. HOGAN, R-MD., HAD DELAYED HOUSE ACTION WEDNESDAY NIGHT ON LEGISLATION TO BLOCK A NATIONWIDE RAIL STRIKE NEAR THE STRIKE DEADLINE.
UPI SAID HOUSE AND SENATE CONFEREES AGREED ON COMPROMISE LEGISLATION AND THE HOUSE CONFEREES RETURNED TO THE FLOOR BUT WERE UNABLE TO BRING IT UP FOR ABOUT 20 MINUTES BECAUSE HOGAN, MAKING A SPEECH IN DEFENSE OF FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER, REFUSED TO YIELD.
THE CONFEREES WERE ON THE FLOOR THROUGHOUT HOGAN'S SPEECH, AND SOME CONGRESSMEN AND NEWSMEN GOT THE IMPRESSION HE WAS DELAYING ACTION ON THE LEGISLATION.
HOWEVER, REP. HARLEY O. STAGGERS, D-W.VA., WHO WAS IN CHARGE OF THE BILL SAID TODAY THE DELAY WAS DUE TO THE FACT THAT NECESSARY PAPERS WERE NOT READY. WHEN THE PAPERS WERE IN HAND, HE SAID, HOGAN WAS ASKED TO YIELD AND DID SO IMMEDIATELY.
UPI APOLOGIZES TO REP. HOGAN.
12/10--EG313PES

This shows media reporting of UPI.

94-1 [illegible] 645

REC-54

1 58 DEC [illegible] 1970

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

DEC 18 [illegible]

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
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Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 12/31/70

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: MRS. ISABELLE HALL, ALSO KNOWN AS MRS. STANLEY D. HALL

A United Press International (UPI) news release of 12/29/70 (for release 12/31/70), contains an article by Isabelle Hall concerning the Director. This article comments on: 1) The Director's 76th birthday (1/1/71); 2) his "stormy career" in Government service; 3) his comments during recent interviews with "Washington Post" and "Time" magazine reporters concerning the late Dr. Martin Luther King, Jr., former Attorneys General Robert Kennedy and Ramsey Clark, as well as "Spanish-speaking Americans," 4) his recent vacation in Florida; and, 5) charges of certain critics seeking Mr. Hoover's dismissal--to whom he shows "no sign of capitulating."

In response to this article, the Director inquired: "Who is this Hall jackal?"

In addition, the article comments that the Director would observe his birthday "in Miami where he has been vacationing the past three weeks, enjoying the Florida beaches and race tracks."

To this, the Director noted: "A lie. I haven't been to a race track in Florida for over 25 years. I will not be in Miami on my birthday and was not there for 3 weeks. The UPI is certainly short on facts."

Mrs. Hall is the UPI representative covering the Justice Department and her husband has been one of the night desk men at UPI in Washington. She was given a special tour of the Bureau on 7/30/68. By letter of 7/12/68, the Director expressed his appreciation for her excellent article prepared on the FBI's list of "Ten Most Wanted Fugitives" which appeared as a UPI news release for publication 7/14/68. By letter of 8/27/68, the Director extended his best wishes on her recent marriage to Mr. Hall. She had previously been married and (Mrs. Isabelle McCaig) had a 14-year-old daughter in 1968.

By letter of 9/10/68, Mrs. Hall acknowledged the Director's kind letter concerning her marriage and also thanked him for his thoughtful letter concerning her article on the Top Ten Program. At that time she stated it would be an honor to meet the Director to thank him personally for his thoughtfulness if it could be conveniently arranged. The Director was not able to fulfill that commitment.

REC 25 - 446

5 JAN 1 1971

EX-111

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - M. A. Jones

JHC:mjj/mcb (7)

ENCLOSURE

(CONTINUED - OVER)

PERS. REC. UNIT

M. A. Jones to Bishop Memo
RE: MRS. ISABELLE HALL

By letter of 2/26/69, Mrs. Hall wanted to interview the Director in connection with his 45th Anniversary. The Director's letter of 3/3/69, expressed his regrets because of official commitments. By letter of 5/2/69, Mrs. Hall requested a statement from the Director in connection with his 45th Anniversary. This was furnished to her under date of 5/8/69.

By memorandum of 6/2/69, it was recommended and approved, in response to Mrs. Hall's request, that we would assist her in the preparation of a feature article highlighting the work of the FBI Laboratory in connection with its assistance to local law enforcement through the examination of evidence.

While Hall has made a number of requests to interview the Director, all of which have been denied due to Mr. Hoover's heavy commitments, we have furnished her material in response to specific questions.

In May, 1970, Hall wrote and congratulated Mr. Hoover on his anniversary as Director of the FBI at which time she attached a list of questions for which she desired answers. In view of the nature of her questions, it was recommended and approved that we not attempt to answer the inquiries and that she be so advised.

Following the Director's interview by Ken W. Clawson of the "Washington Post," Hall wrote the Director on 11/16/70, expressing her disappointment at not having been considered for such an interview in view of her previous requests. She again respectfully requested an interview with the Director, which was denied by letter to her of 11/19/70.

There is no indication in Bufiles that she has previously met the Director and there is no arrest record identifiable with her in the Identification Division. She is on the Special Correspondents List.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

ADDENDUM CRIME RECORDS DIVISION TEB:jmb 12/31/70

In accordance with Mr. Tolson's instructions, Bishop attempted to contact Mrs. Hall on 12/31/70 to tell her that she should get her facts straight in the future. It was determined that she is on a vacation trip and will not be back until sometime the first of the year. Upon her return Bishop will contact her and advise her that she should get her facts straight in the future about the Director, in that the Director has not been to a race track in Florida for 25 years, was not in Miami on his birthday on 1/1/71 and his stay there did not extend for three weeks.

Mrs. Hall advised 1/6/71 TEB

She is to be given no further assistance.

0-20 (Rev. 7-21-70)

Tolson ✓
Sullivan
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Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

— Who is this Hall fellow? H

307A HFR

HOOVER 12-29 WA
ADV FOR AM THURS, DEC 31
BY ISABELLE HALL

WASHINGTON (UPI) --J. EDGAR HOOVER TURNS 76 YEARS OLD FRIDAY WITH TWO FACETS OF HIS STORMY CAREER STILL UNCHANGED: CRITICS CONTINUE TO CLAMOR FOR HIS DISMISSAL AS HEAD OF THE FBI AND HOOVER SHOWS NO SIGN OF CAPITULATING.

BUT THE PERFORMANCE OF THE GOVERNMENT'S CHIEF G-MAN HAS ALTERED IN ONE RESPECT. AFTER YEARS OF SUFFERING HIS CRITICS IN SILENCE, HOOVER HAS LATELY BEGUN TO SPEAK OUT.

IN HIS 46 YEARS AT THE FBI HELM, HOOVER HAS CONFINED HIS COMMENTS OUTSIDE THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT ALMOST ENTIRELY TO ANNUAL CLOSED-DOOR SESSIONS OF CONGRESSIONAL APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEES.

NOW THAT HAS CHANGED. IN RECENT UNBRIDLED INTERVIEWS, HOOVER HAS HIT OUT AT MARTIN LUTHER KING AND TWO FORMER ATTORNEYS GENERAL -- ROBERT F. KENNEDY AND RAMSEY CLARK.

HIS OBSERVATION THAT SPANISH-SPEAKING AMERICANS WERE ADEPT WITH KNIVES BUT POOR MARKSMEN BROUGHT MORE HOWLS OF PROTEST.

STILL, THERE IS NO VISIBLE PRESSURE WITHIN THE NIXON ADMINISTRATION TO EASE HOOVER OUT OF THE JOB HE HAS HELD SINCE THE FOUND OF THE FBI.

PRESIDENT NIXON AND ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN N. MITCHELL, AT SEPARATE NEWS CONFERENCE THIS MONTH, HAVE GONE OUT OF THEIR WAY TO PRAISE HOOVER WHEN ASKED ABOUT HIS CONTROVERSIAL REMARKS.

HOWEVER, AGE AND HOOVER'S GENUINE COMPATIBILITY WITH NIXON AND MITCHELL COULD RESULT IN HIS STEPPING DOWN VOLUNTARILY.

HOOVER, NAMED TO HEAD THE FORERUNNER AGENCY OF THE FBI ON MAY 10, 1924, HAS LITERALLY GIVEN HIS LIFE TO GOVERNMENT SERVICE. HE HAS STAYED ON PAST THE MANDATORY RETIREMENT AGE OF 70 AT THE EXPRESS REQUEST OF FORMER PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON, AND THEN NIXON.

A COMPLETELY PRIVATE MAN INSULATED FROM MOST OF THE WORLD, HOOVER WILL CELEBRATE HIS NEW YEAR'S DAY BIRTHDAY IN MIAMI WHERE HE HAS BEEN VACATIONING THE PAST THREE WEEKS, ENJOYING THE FLORIDA BEACHES AND RACETRACKS.

REC 25 EX-111

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

55 JAN 13 1970

DESPITE HIS AGE, NO PRESIDENT HAS EVER SEEN FIT TO SUGGEST THAT HOOVER RESIGN. NOR HAS THE BULLDOG-FACED DIRECTOR, HAILED BY MILLIONS OF AMERICANS AS "A LIVING LEGEND," EVER HINTED AT STEPPING DOWN.

HE TOLD UPI LAST MAY ON HIS 46TH ANNIVERSARY IN OFFICE: "I HAVE NO INTENTION WHATSOEVER OF RETIRING."

SOME THINK HE PLANS TO STAY ON UNTIL THE NEW FBI BUILDING, ACROSS PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE FROM THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT, IS COMPLETED. TARGET DATE FOR COMPLETION NOW IS 1974 BUT CONSTRUCTION OF THE PROPOSED SEVEN-STORY BUILDING IS STILL BELOW GROUND LEVEL.

~~THE WHITE HOUSE UNDOUBTEDLY HAS A CONFIDENTIAL LIST OF POSSIBLE SUCCESSORS TO HOVER, AN A~~

THE WHITE HOUSE UNDOUBTEDLY HAS A CONFIDENTIAL LIST OF POSSIBLE SUCCESSORS TO HOOVER, AN APPOINTMENT THAT WOULD RANK AMONG THE MOST IMPORTANT ANY PRESIDENT COULD MAKE.

NIXON MIGHT APPOINT AN ACTING DIRECTOR FROM WITHIN THE RANKS OF THE 18,000-MEMBER FEDERAL POLICE AGENCY, GIVING HIMSELF TIME TO TEST THE WINDS FOR A PERMANENT SUCCESSOR.

SOME OF HOOVER'S CRITICS CHARGE HE HAS ABUSED HIS CONTROL OF THE FBI'S REPOSITORY OF INFORMATION CONTAINING MILLIONS OF NAMES AND OTHER INFORMATION GLEANED FROM WIRETAPS AND CONFIDENTIAL INVESTIGATIONS.

EVEN HIS SUCCESS HAS BEEN AN IRRITANT. J. HOWARD MCGRATH, ATTORNEY GENERAL DURING THE TRUMAN ADMINISTRATION, MOANED AT ONE POINT: "HE'S TOO BIG TO HANDLE."

BUT SUCH COMPLAINTS ARE OVERSHADOWED BY HOOVER'S ADMIRERS WHO PRAISE HIM FOR CHANGING A SCANDEL-RIDDEN AGENCY INTO A WORLD-RECOGNIZED FORCE OF HIGHLY-TRAINED INVESTIGATORS.

IN RECENT WEEKS HOOVER HAS STEPPED FROM SECLUSION TO ACCUSE MITCHELL'S PREDECESSOR, FORMER ATTORNEY GENERAL CLARK, A DEMOCRAT, OF BEING A "JELLYFISH;" AND TO CHARGE THAT KING WAS "THE LAST PERSON IN THE WORLD" WHO SHOULD HAVE RECEIVED THE NOBEL PEACE PRIZE.

THOSE STATEMENTS CAME IN RARE INTERVIEWS, ONE GRANTED THE WASHINGTON POST THE DAY AFTER A REVIEW OF CLARK'S NEW BOOK, "CRIME IN AMERICA."

CLARK WROTE: "THE FBI HAS SO COVETED PERSONAL CREDIT THAT IT WILL SACRAFICE EVEN EFFECTIVE CRIME CONTROL BEFORE IT WILL SHARE THE GLORY OF ITS EXPLOITS.

"THIS HAS BEEN A PETTY AND COSTLY CHARACTERISTIC CAUSED BY THE EXCESSIVE DOMINATION OF A SINGLE PERSON, J. EDGAR HOOVER, AND HIS SELF-CENTERED CONCERN FOR HIS REPUTATION AND THAT OF THE FBI."

HOOVER CHOSE THE POST, WHICH HAS BEEN EDITORIALLY FAVORABLE TO CLARK, TO MAKE HIS ACID REBUTTAL.

THEN, IN A CLOSED SENATE HEARING HE ACCUSED TWM
Y
P IP NWONS IN WASHINGT

THE GOVERNMENT.

MOST RECENTLY, HOOVER WAS QUOTED BY TIME MAGAZINE AS SAYING THAT MEXICAN-AMERICANS WERE NOT LIKELY TO BE EFFECTIVE POLITICAL ASSASSINS BECAUSE THEY CAN'T SHOOT STREAIGHT. BUT HE ADDED THAT THEY WERE DANGEROUS WITH KNIVES.

CONGRESSMEN AND OTHERS IMMEDIATELY DEMANDED AN APOLIGY FOR WHAT THEY CONSIDERED AN ETHNIC SLUR BUT HOOVER HAD NO COMMENT.

ADV FOR AMS THURS DEC 31

NW1213AES..

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Sullivan

DATE: 12/31/70

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: ~~LOUIS CASSELS~~
SENIOR EDITOR
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)

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In the "Washington Daily News" of December 31, 1970, there is a column by the above-captioned individual concerning the Director and the latter's 76th birthday. Basically, the article is not unfavorable to the Bureau or the Director, but does state at the conclusion: "Seeing no room at the top, many bright and ambitious young FBI officials have left the organization in recent years to seek better opportunities elsewhere." The headline on the column, however, is "Morale sagging in FBI as its boss turns 76." I do not agree

Shortly after the "Daily News" came on the streets today, Cassels called Bishop's office and was quite upset about the headline which had been put on his column by the "Daily News." He stated that he wrote his column as a "tribute" to Mr. Hoover and the headline in no way reflects the content of his column. He was very upset with the unknown individual at the "Daily News" who prepared the headline for this column. Cassels advised that columns prepared and distributed to papers by him over UPI facilities do not contain headlines and each paper receiving the column is free to put on its own headline. Cassels advised that he is very familiar with the FBI and is well acquainted with the extremely high morale of Bureau employees. He stated that he has always admired Mr. Hoover and the leadership which he has furnished to the Bureau. He stated that the last sentence of his column was not intended as a criticism of the Director or the FBI, but merely wanted to show that Bureau employees have no difficulty whatever, because of their training and qualifications, in getting good positions in other fields.

EX-112 REC 27 94-1-75-648

At Mr. Tolson's instructions, Bishop contacted Stanford Felder, City Editor of the "Washington Daily News," concerning this matter. Bishop pointed out to Felder that we certainly did not appreciate the headline

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones

1 JAN 8 1971

(CONTINUED - OVER)

TEB:jo 1 - ENCLOSURE

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87

CRIME RESEARCH

stuck over Cassels' column and Bishop also advised him that the FBI takes great pride in the fact that the turnover among its Agents is considerably less than that for other Government agencies and private industry. He was told that, in fact, the Agent turnover is less than one-half of one percent per month. Felder, who has always been very cooperative with the Bureau, stated that he is very embarrassed about the headline which was put on Cassels' column by an employee of the Rewrite Desk at the News and that he, himself, failed to catch it. He stated it is obvious it does not correctly reflect the content of Cassels' column, but puts an entirely different interpretation on it. He was most apologetic. Mr. Tolson has instructed that Cassels be taken off of any Bureau mailing lists. For the information of the Director, Cassels is not on any Bureau mailing lists.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

✓ Wcl TEB A WSS

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TEB 12/31

Morale sagging in FBI as its boss turns 76

By LOUIS CASSELS
UPI Senior Editor

13

TOMORROW, New Year's Day, is the 76th birthday of a man who has become a legend in his own time.

FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover plans to spend the day quietly, as usual. No special celebration is scheduled. Critics who have expected or hoped he might use the occasion to announce his retirement will be disappointed.

Mr. Hoover has made clear to intimates that he has no intention of abdicating any time soon the vast power he has held for 46 years.

In fact, he has indicated he intends to remain FBI director at least until his 80th birthday, in 1975.

He would by then have completed half a century in office.

Postponing his retirement until 1975 also would enable him to preside, as FBI director, at the dedication of the new FBI building, a $100 million structure now rising across Pennsylvania Avenue from the Justice Department.

It is a foregone conclusion that the building sooner or later will be named for Mr. Hoover and will become a memorial to him after his death. The FBI director is aware of this, and already is thinking ahead to the dedication ceremonies.

• • •

SOME diminution of mental and physical vigor is to be expected in a man entering the last half of the eighth decade of his life. But if Mr. Hoover feels fatigued by his heavy responsibilities, he rarely admits it. He carries the burden of office without complaint and gives every outward appearance of good health.

Speculation arises from time to time that President Nixon might try to nudge Mr. Hoover into retirement, as he did 76-year-old Draft Director Lewis B. Hershey.

Mr. Nixon has said nothing and done nothing to encourage this speculation. On the contrary, he has indicated both in public and in private that he is keenly aware of Mr. Hoover's popularity and is somewhat in awe of the man himself.

• • •

THE only thing, other than a sudden collapse of health, which might induce Mr. Hoover to retire before 1975 would be a decision on his part that the great law enforcement agency he created would be better off with vigorous, young leadership.

Mr. Hoover's long tenure has had the same effect on the FBI that a marathon presidency has on a business corporation. Seeing no room at the top, many bright and ambitious young FBI officials have left the organization in recent years to seek better opportunities elsewhere.

Morale sinks at the FBI

Louis Cassels blames the unretiring chief

The Washington Post
Times Herald
The Washington Daily News 13
The Evening Star (Washington)
The Sunday Star (Washington)
Daily News (New York)
Sunday News (New York)
New York Post
The New York Times
The Daily World
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
People's World

Date DEC 31 1970

94-8-95-64 JAN 11 1971 XEROX

ENCLOSURE

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TIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. C. D. Brennan

FROM : R. D. Cotter

DATE: 1/6/71

1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. J.P. Mohr
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. Callahan
1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Gale
1 - Mr. Brennan
1 - Mr. G.C. Moore
1 - Mr. Shackelford
1 - Mr. Cotter

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SUBJECT: UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL ARTICLE 1/6/71 RELATING TO FBI YEAR END PRESS RELEASE

A 1/6/71 United Press International (UPI) article commented on FBI Year End Press Release dated 1/6/71. This article compared material in this Press Release with the Director's testimony 11/19/70 before the House Subcommittee on Appropriations. The UPI article stated the Press Release did not dwell on Black Panther Party and radical New Left. The Director noted, "I assume the potency in these mentioned areas have decreased during the last two months. This should have a bearing on assignment of additional personnel in the field and at Headquarters."

The Year End Press Release was a well-balanced report of 25 pages intended to show the public at large an overall picture of the Bureau's work and accomplishments during 1970. It reported on organized crime, general crime, internal security operations and also covered such items as fugitives, National Crime Information Center, cooperative services, and miscellaneous statistical information of interest.

The Director's testimony before the House Subcommittee on Appropriations on 11/19/70 was for the specific purpose of justifying a supplemental appropriation request to provide for 1,000 additional Agents required as the direct result of the Organized Crime Control Act of 1970 (also referred to as Senate Bill 30). In this connection, the Director testified that 600 of these additional Agents would be solely for assignment to organized crime and the remaining 400 would be used to handle bombing aspects of the Organized Crime Control Act as well as work related to campus violence, aircraft hijackings and New Left and black extremists.

This testimony, naturally, went into considerable detail to point up all possible areas covered by the Organized Crime Control Act of 1970, including the New Left and black extremist groups.

ST-105 REC 12 94-8-95-6497

TJS/mea
(10)

CONTINUED - OVER

12 MAR 19 71

53 MAR 23 1971

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN 94-8-95-6497

Memorandum for Mr. Brennan
RE: UPI ARTICLE 1/6/71 RELATING
TO FBI YEAR END PRESS RELEASE

This UPI article has made an obvious attempt to make an impossible comparison between two documents which are not comparable. It would appear that even the most inexperienced reporter would recognize the difference between the two documents. This, coupled with the use of the word "rhetoric" in discussing the Director's November testimony, suggests that this article was intended to be unfriendly and critical of the Director.

This is further borne out by the fact that the UPI article ignored such statements of the Director in the Press Release as "Stepped-up activities of militants, New Left types, and revolutionaries caused a marked increase in FBI investigations in this field," and "A recent statement allegedly written by a Weatherman leader claims the Weatherman group may shift its tactics from clandestine violence to rejoining the new and open 'revolutionary culture.'" Also ignored were several succinct disclosures of Black Panther Party violence and the fact that there has been a marked increase in the killing and wounding of police officers by Black Panthers.

ACTION:

For the Director's information.

0-20 (Rev. 7-21-70)

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I assume the potency in the assassination [illegible] has decreased during the last 18 months. This should be [illegible]

UPI-6

(FBI REPORT)

WASHINGTON--FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER SAID TODAY RACIAL DISORDERS, ATTACKS ON POLICE AND SUBVERSIVE ACTIVITIES CONTINUED TO BE A THREAT TO THE COUNTRY IN 1970, BUT HE NOTED A DECLINE IN RACIAL INCIDENTS IN SCHOOLS.

HOOVER'S OBSERVATIONS WERE INCLUDED IN HIS 1970 ANNUAL REPORT, WHICH NOTICEABLY LACKED ANY OF THE RHETORIC AND TONE OF IMPENDING TROUBLE OF HOOVER'S TESTIMONY TWO MONTHS AGO WHEN HE ASKED CONGRESS FOR MONEY FOR AN ADDITIONAL 1,000 AGENTS.

THE REPORT NOTED BUT DID NOT DWELL ON THE BLACK PANTHER PARTY AND THE RADICAL NEW LEFT, AS HAVE RECENT PAST REPORTS. IT DID NOT MENTION THE ALLEGED PLOT TO KIDNAP A WHITE HOUSE OFFICIAL, OUTLINED BY HOOVER IN CONGRESSIONAL TESTIMONY.

HOOVER SAID RACIAL DISORDERS IN 1970 DID NOT REACH THE LEVEL OF THE RIOTS OF THE 1960S. HE ALSO SAID THE NUMBER OF RACIAL DISORDERS IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS DECLINED FROM 299 IN THE FIRST FOUR MONTHS OF THE 1969-70 SCHOOL YEAR TO 160 DURING THE SAME PERIOD THIS SCHOOL YEAR.

BUT "THE NUMBER OF INCIDENTS OF RACIAL DISORDER THAT DID OCCUR IN OUR CITIES AND IN SECONDARY SCHOOLS, ALONG WITH THE MANY UNWARRANTED ATTACKS ON POLICE, STRONGLY INDICATE WE ARE FAR FROM THE REALIZATION OF RACIAL HARMONY IN THE NATION," HE SAID.

HOOVER SAID PERSONS IDENTIFYING THEMSELVES AS BLACK PANTHERS WERE RESPONSIBLE FOR THE DEATHS OF SIX POLICE OFFICERS AND THE WOUNDING OF 22 OTHERS, A "MARKED INCREASE" FROM THE PREVIOUS TWO YEARS WHEN FIVE WERE KILLED AND 42 WOUNDED.

HOOVER'S REPORT LED OFF WITH A FIVE-PAGE RECITATION OF FBI ACCOMPLISHMENTS AGAINST ORGANIZED CRIME. HE SAID FBI INVESTIGATIONS IN 1970 RESULTED IN 468 CONVICTIONS OF PERSONS INVOLVED IN ORGANIZED CRIME, WITH 1,200 OTHER CASES PENDING. HE SAID NINE OF THE TOP BOSSES OF THE TWO DOZEN CRIMINAL SYNDICATES WERE ARRESTED.

1/6--GE835A

ENCLOSURE

62-649

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

12 MAR 19 1971

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DAY LD
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THE PANTHERS GOT A PAGE AND A HALF IN THE 25-PAGE REPORT, ABOUT THE SAME AS THE WEATHERMEN AND THE NATIONAL COALITION AGAINST WAR, RACISM AND REPRESSION.

DURING TESTIMONY NOV. 19 TO A HOUSE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE, HOOVER WARNED THAT IMPRISONED ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIESTS PHILIP AND DANIEL BERRIGAN WERE THE PRINCIPAL LEADERS OF A GROUP PLOTTING TO KIDNAP A HIGH WHITE HOUSE OFFICIAL, SUBSEQUENTLY IDENTIFIED AS HENRY KISSINGER.

BUT THE REPORT MADE NO MENTION OF THE BERRIGANS OR THE SO-CALLED "EAST COAST CONSPIRACY TO SAVE LIVES."

HOOVER DESCRIBED THE BERRIGAN BROTHERS' ALLEGED ACTIVITIES TO THE SUBCOMMITTEE, WHICH WAS CONSIDERING PRESIDENT NIXON'S $14.1 MILLION BUDGET REQUEST TO GIVE HOOVER 1,000 MORE AGENTS, 702 ADDITIONAL SUPPORT PERSONNEL AND RELATED EQUIPMENT.

CONGRESS APPROVED ALL THE MONEY, PRESERVING HOOVER'S ENVIABLE RECORD OF NEVER HAVING BEEN DENIED A BUDGET REQUEST. HOWEVER, HE WAS SEVERELY CRITICIZED BY A FEW MEMBERS FOR ATTACKING THE PRIESTS.

THE REPORT, ISSUED IN THE NAME OF ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN N. MITCHELL, SAID, "FBI ACCOMPLISHMENTS IN 1970 REACHED NEW HIGHS IN NEARLY ALL AREAS."

BUT, HOOVER CAUTIONED, "LAW ENFORCEMENT CANNOT AFFORD TO LOOK BACK FOR LONG ON PAST ACCOMPLISHMENTS BUT MUST LOOK AHEAD AND SEEK NEW WAYS TO MEET OLD CHALLENGES."

PT/FM450AES

650

April 1, 1971

[redacted] b6

Dear [redacted]

Thank you for your interest in writing on March 26th. In response to your request, I am forwarding to you, under separate cover, 1,100 copies of "An Open Letter to College Students." You should receive them in the near future.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

Sent 4/5/71

1 - [redacted] Room 4724 (sent direct) b6

USC Material: 1,100 copies of An Open Letter to College Students

NOTE: Correspondent is not identifiable in Bufiles.

MHB:njk (5)

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Mr. Tolson
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Mr. Mohr
Mr. [illegible]
Mr. Brennan CD
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Walters
Mr. Sears
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

26 March 1971

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover, Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
4936 30th Place
Washington, D. C. 20008

Dear Mr. Hoover:

We have read a copy of your 21 September 1971 "An Open Letter to College Students." We want to send your message to the 1,100 seniors graduating from our high schools this year. May we kindly ask that you forward sufficient copies of the letter for this purpose.

Many thanks.

Sincerely yours,

[redacted]

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REC-47

-650

EXP. PROC.
MAR 29 1971

2-Orig. and 1 1-Mr.Bishop
1-yellow 1-Mr.Brennan
1-Mr. Callahan 1-Mr. Sizoo
May 19, 1971

SAC, WFO (66-1195)

Director, FBI 94-8-95

REQUEST FOR UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE FOR WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

Reurlet 5/6/71 captioned as above.

This is to advise that the Bureau does not desire that a United Press International News Service machine be installed in WFO space at this time.

JAS:mls (7)

MAILED 6
MAY 19 1971
FBI

ORIGINAL FILED IN 66-6447 4651

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MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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TO : Mr. C. D. Brennan

DATE: 5-10-71

FROM : J. A. Sizoo

SUBJECT: REQUEST FOR UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE FOR WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

The Washington Field Office (WFO) by letter dated 2-10-71 asked for authority to install a terminal on United Press International (UPI) News Service at a cost of $130 per month. It was pointed out that Washington is a focal point for demonstrations and increased New Left and black militant activities, and impromptu press conferences required the UPI News Service so that WFO could receive such information on a timely basis. WFO pointed out that many of the New Left and antiwar organizations are centered in Washington or have spokesmen here. This is true of such organizations as the Student Mobilization Committee, People's Coalition for Peace and Justice (PCPJ), National Student Association, Black United Front, Young Socialist Alliance, Jewish Defense League, Youth International Party, Black Panther Party, etc. Their press releases often pertain to planned demonstrations or changes in previously announced activities. WFO had previously depended upon the Metropolitan Police Department (MPD), the 116th Military Intelligence Group or the Mayor's Command Post for such information. It was pointed out that having its own terminal would materially enhance its effectiveness in covering intelligence activities, Antiriot Laws, Sabotage, Bombing Matters, etc.

Letter to WFO 5/19/71 JAS

By memorandum dated 2-17-71, Tavel to Mohr, it was recommended that the request of WFO not be granted at that time in view of the fact that this would involve employee time on the part of WFO to screen UPI material to select items of interest. It was also pointed out that Domestic Intelligence Division which receives one copy of news releases received on the Seat of Government UPI machine could notify WFO of items of interest.

ORIGINAL FILED IN 94-8-95-1584

JAS:sjr
(7)

ADDENDUM OF INSPECTION DIVISION PAGE THREE

94-8-95-

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
1 - Mr. W. S. Tavel
1 - Mr. B. P. Fisher (Attn: Mr. A.C. Frank)
1 - Mr. J. A. Sizoo

NOT RECORDED
184 MAY 25 1971

18 MAY 24 1971

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THREE

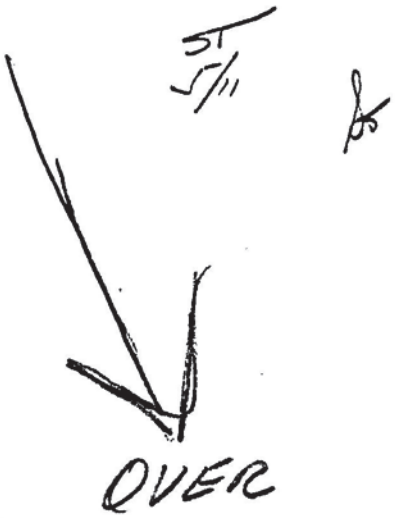
Memorandum to Mr. C. D. Brennan
Re: Request for United Press International News Service for Washington Field Office

WFO by letter dated 5-6-71 has renewed its request for an installation of this UPI news terminal. It is pointed out that during the past two weeks the need for this service was highlighted by the demonstrations in Washington. WFO had to rely on the MPD for notification as to press conferences and other publicly announced activities in order to arrange coverage. Time is frequently of the essence in arranging this kind of coverage, and WFO was under instructions to cover and record talks and statements made by the leaders of the various groups. WFO points out that not having the news service for immediate identification for prompt notification of unscheduled press conferences worked to the disadvantage of effective coverage.

It should be noted that at this time Rennie Davis, who headed the PCPJ demonstrations here, has publicly stated that additional demonstrations will be held in the next six to eight weeks. Also, statements are being made calling for antiwar demonstrations in Washington on July 2 through July 5, 1971. This Division will require WFO to arrange coverage of statements made in Washington by the leaders of the groups with reference to these plans. In order to have adequate time to arrange such coverage, WFO should have the notification of such impromptu, unscheduled press conferences at the earliest possible time. It is, therefore, believed that WFO's need for the UPI news terminal is real and its request in this connection should be granted.

RECOMMENDATION:

That WFO be authorized to install a UPI news terminal at that office for a 90-day trial period at a monthly cost of $130.



ADDENDUM OF THE INSPECTION DIVISION E.S. MILLER:wmj 5/14/71

UPI releases are received at Bureau headquarters in the Teletype Room, 5th floor. Five copies are obtained on the machine. If there is anything of interest to the Director the original copy is hand carried to his office and copies are routed to Mr. Tolson, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Bishop and Mr. Brennan. If the release is routine and not of interest to the Director, copies are routed to Mr. Mohr, Mr. Sullivan, Mr. Bishop and Mr. Brennan. Domestic Intelligence Division advises that upon receipt releases are furnished to the interested substantive desk and if there is anything of interest to WFO or any other field office it is brought to the field's attention by appropriate communication depending on the urgency.

WFO is requesting authority to install a UPI terminal in order to gain intelligence and the ability to allocate investigative personnel to key locations during fast-moving demonstrations such as those recently occurring in Washington, D. C. Since we already have UPI machine at Bureau in Teletype Unit, it is not felt additional yearly expenditure of $1560 is justified. Inspection Division recommends:

1. Authority to install UPI terminal in WFO space not be granted.

I concur

2. That Domestic Intelligence Division insure that WFO is advised immediately of matters of interest during emergency conditions which exist during demonstration periods.

WBS

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
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TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 4/28/71

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: ISABELLE HALL D.C.
WASHINGTON BUREAU REPRESENTATIVE OF
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)
REQUEST INTERVIEW WITH DIRECTOR

BACKGROUND:

By letter of 4/27/71, Isabelle Hall notes that as the Director approaches another Anniversary, she again respectfully requests the favor of an interview. Failing that, in what appears to be somewhat of a sarcastic vein, she hopes that the Director could "entertain a few questions or, at least, provide us with a fresh statement of your future intentions," which she presumes are that Mr. Hoover will remain as long as his good health continues.

INFORMATION IN BUFILES:

Our files reveal that Mrs. Hall is well known to the Bureau in her capacity as UPI Representative covering the Justice Department, a position which she has held since January, 1968. She has previously requested, on a number of occasions, an opportunity to interview the Director, all of which have been declined, the most recent in November, 1970. However, this refusal did not deter her from preparing an article for UPI on 12/31/70, on the Director to which he inquired "Who is this Hall jackal?" In this article, Hall, among other things, commented on Mr. Hoover's 76th birthday (1/1/71) and noted he would observe it "in Miami where he has been vacationing the past three weeks, enjoying the Florida beaches and race tracks." To this, the Director noted: "A lie. I haven't been to a race track in Florida for over 25 years. I will not be in Miami on my birthday and was not there for 3 weeks. The UPI is certainly short on facts."

REC- 30 94-1-95-651

In an addendum to my memorandum to you dated 12/31/70, concerning Hall's article, it was noted that per Mr. Tolson's instructions, you contacted Hall and set her straight as indicated above by Mr. Hoover.

Enclosure sent 4-29-71

16 APR 30 1971

1 - Mr. Mohr - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Bishop - Enclosure
1 - Miss Holmes - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt - Enclosure
1 - Tour Room - Enclosure
1 - M. A. Jones - Enclosure

7227
53 MAY 11 1971
JCF:mcb
(10)

CRIME RESEARCH

CONTINUED - OVER

Mr. Hoover noted at that time: "She is to be given no further assistance. H." There is no indication she has previously met Mr. Hoover and no arrest record was located concerning her. Files of the Director's Office contain no additional information regarding her.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

(1) That the Director not grant Isabelle Hall an interview and that we not entertain any questions from her.

(2) That attached letter be sent Hall declining her request to interview the Director.

JCF

OK

0-20 (Rev. 2-2-71)

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ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-460495-3190

036A

PLOT 4-28 NX
BY JANE SHOEMAKER

HARRISBURG, PA. (UPI)--GOVERNMENT PROSECUTORS ARE DEBATING WHETHER TO DROP CHARGES OF CONSPIRACY TO KIDNAP A PRESIDENTIAL ADVISER NOW LEVELED THE REV. PHILIP BERRIGAN AND FIVE OTHER PERSONS, UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL HAS LEARNED.

A SOURCE CLOSE TO THE CASE REVEALED THE GOVERNMENT PLANS TO REVAMP ITS CASE AGAINST THE SIX DEFENDANTS IN THE ALLEGED ANTIGOVERNMENT PLOT, BY ISSUING A "SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT."

THE INDICTMENT IS EXPECTED TO ADD SOME CHARGES AND DROP OTHERS AND MAY ADD SOME DEFENDANTS AND DROP OTHERS, THE SOURCE TOLD UPI.

IF THE CHARGE OF CONSPIRACY TO KIDNAP HENRY A. KISSINGER, CHIEF PRESIDENTIAL FOREIGN POLICY ADVISER, IS DROPPED, THE CHARGE OF PLOTTING TO BOMB GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS PROBABLY WOULD BE RETAINED, ACCORDING TO THE SOURCE. SOME OF THE SIX DEFENDANTS ALSO MAY BE CHARGED IN A NUMBER OF DRAFT BOARD RAIDS, THE SOURCE SAID.

BUT ONE OF THE TOP DEFENSE ATTORNEYS ON THE CASE SAID HE THOUGHT THE KIDNAP CHARGE WOULD BE RETAINED, DESPITE THE LACK OF CORROBORATING EVIDENCE, FOR POLITICAL REASONS.

THE ATTORNEY, WHO ASKED TO REMAIN ANONYMOUS, EXPLAINED, "IF THE KIDNAPING CHARGE WAS DROPPED, (FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR) HOOVER GOES AWAY WITH EGG ON HIS FACE AND HE'LL BLAST HELL OUT OF THE PROSECUTOR'S OFFICE."

"I THINK (ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN) MITCHELL WOULD LIKE TO DROP THE CHARGE, BUT PUTTING ON A POLITICIAN'S HAT, IT IS GROSSLY UNLIKELY," HE SAID.

THE ATTORNEY PREDICTED THE SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT WOULD ATTEMPT TO ADD SOME DRAFT BOARD CHARGES TO "BOLSTER THE INDICTMENT."

THE GOVERNMENT SAID LAST WEEK A "SUPERSEDING INDICTMENT" WAS BEING CONSIDERED, WHEN DEFENSE LAWYERS CHARGED THE GRAND JURY WAS BEING USED ILLEGALLY TO GATHER ADDITIONAL EVIDENCE AGAINST BERRIGAN AND THE OTHERS. THE GOVERNMENT SAID THE GRAND JURY WAS BEING ASKED TO CONSIDER "ADDITIONAL MATTERS AND POSSIBLY ADDITIONAL DEFENDANTS."

THREE WITNESSES TO THE GRAND JURY INVESTIGATION WERE ASKED TUESDAY TO RETURN TODAY FOR CONTEMPT HEARINGS. ANN WALSH, 28, OF BOSTON; DR. GEORGE J. MCVEY, 42, ROCHESTER, N.Y., AND JOE GILCREST, 22, ROCHESTER, N.Y., ALL REFUSED TO TESTIFY DESPITE OFFERS OF FULL IMMUNITY FROM PROSECUTION.

FOUR OTHER WITNESSES, APPEARING FOR THE FIRST TIME TUESDAY, REFUSED TO ANSWER, PLEADING THE FIFTH AMENDMENT.

GH319ED

94-8-95-

NOT RECORDED
140 MAY 6 1971

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

1 MAY 19 1971

We should send memo to A.G. re: Daily printing out information

0-20 (Rev. 2-2-71)

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227A

CLARK 4-25 NX

NIGHT LD

NEW YORK (UPI)--RAMSEY CLARK AUTHORIZED FBI INVESTIGATIONS WHILE HE WAS ATTORNEY GENERAL THAT MAY HAVE INCLUDED SURVEILLANCE OF BLACK MILITANTS AND POLITICAL DISSIDENTS, TIME MAGAZINE REPORTED SUNDAY.

THE MAGAZINE SAID CLARK, WHO HELD CABINET OFFICE UNDER PRESIDENT LYNDON B. JOHNSON, TOLD TIME CORRESPONDENT SANDY SMITH IN AN INTERVIEW THAT INVESTIGATIONS HE APPROVED "POSSIBLY" OR "SOMETIMES" INVOLVED THOSE AREAS.

"BUT NOT IN AN UNLAWFUL WAY," HE ADDED. "NOT STANDING ON CAMPUSES AND LISTENING TO PEOPLE. THE FBI HAS ALWAYS DENIED DOING THAT, AND I BELIEVE THEM."

CLARK WAS QUOTED A WEEK AGO AS TELLING A NEW YORK NEWS CONFERENCE THAT "I DON'T THINK THERE WAS ANY AUTHORITY FOR (GOVERNMENTAL SURVEILLANCE) FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (JOHNSON) AND I KNOW THERE WAS NO AUTHORITY FROM THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES."

TIME SAID CLARK SENT A MEMORANDUM TO FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER IN 1967 URGING FBI INVESTIGATORS TO "USE THE MAXIMUM AVAILABLE RESOURCES, INVESTIGATIVE AND INTELLIGENCE" TO DETERMINE WHETHER CONSPIRACIES SET OFF RIOTING IN URBAN GHETTOS.

"AS A PART OF THE BROAD INVESTIGATION WHICH MUST NECESSARILY BE CONDUCTED ... SOURCES OR INFORMANTS IN BLACK NATIONALIST ORGANIZATIONS, SNCC (STUDENT NONVIOLENT COORDINATING COMMITTEE) AND OTHER LESS PUBLICIZED GROUPS SHOULD BE DEVELOPED AND EXPANDED TO DETERMINE THE SIZE AND PURPOSE OF THOSE GROUPS AND THEIR RELATIONSHIPS TO OTHER GROUPS, AND ALSO TO DETERMINE THE WHEREABOUTS OF PERSONS WHO MIGHT BE INVOLVED IN INSTIGATING RIOT ACTIVITY IN VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW," TIME QUOTED THE MEMORANDUM AS SAYING.

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NOT RECORDED
87 MAY 14 1971

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WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

ORIGINAL FILED IN

THE PATERSON NEWS
Paterson, New Jersey
December 31, 1970

Hoover 76 Friday; Isn't Quitting Yet

By ISABELLE HALL

WASHINGTON (UPI) — J. Edgar Hoover turns 76 years old Friday with two facets of his stormy career still unchanged: Critics continue to clamor for his dismissal as head of the FBI and Hoover shows no sign of capitulating.

But the performance of the government's chief G-man has altered in one respect. After years of suffering his critics in silence, Hoover has lately begun to speak out.

In his 46 years at the FBI helm, Hoover has confined his comments outside the justice department almost entirely to annual closed-door sessions of congressional appropriations committees.

Now that has changed. In recent unbridled interviews, Hoover has hit out at Martin Luther King and two former attorneys general — Robert F. Kennedy and Ramsey Clark.

His observation that Spanish-speaking Americans were adept with knives but poor marksmen brought more howls of protest.

Still, there is no visible pressure within the Nixon Administration to east Hoover out of the job he has held since the founding of the FBI.

President Nixon and Attorney General John N. Mitchell, at separate news conferences this month, have gone out of their way to praise Hoover when asked about his controversial remarks.

However, age and Hoover's genuine compatibility with Nixon and Mitchell could result in his stepping down voluntarily.

Hoover, named to head the forerunner agency of the FBI on May 10, 1924, has literally given his life to government service. He has stayed on past the mandatory retirement age of 70 at the express request of former President Lyndon B. Johnson, and then Nixon.

A completely private man insulated from most of the world, Hoover will celebrate his New Year's day birthday in Miami where he has been vacationing the past three weeks, enjoying the Florida beaches and race tracks.

Despite his age, no president has ever seen fit to suggest that Hoover resign. Nor has the bulldog-faced director, hailed by millions of Americans as "a living legend," ever hinted at stepping down.

On Job for 46 Years

He told UPI last May on his 46th anniversary in office: "I have no intention whatsoever of retiring."

Some think he plans to stay on until the new FBI building, across Pennsylvania Avenue from the Justice Department, is completed. Target date for completion now is 1974 but construction of the proposed seven-story building is still below ground level.

The White House undoubtedly has a confidential list of possible successors to Hoover, an appointment that would rank among the most important any president could make.

Nixon might appoint an acting director from within the ranks of the 18,000-member Federal police agency, giving himself time to test the winds for a permanent successor.

Some of Hoover's critics charge he has abused his control of the FBI's repository of information containing millions of names and other information gleaned from wiretaps and confidential investigations.

"Too Big to Handle"

Even his success has been an irritatnt. J. Howard McGrath, attorney general during the Truman Administration, moaned at one point: "He's too big to handle."

But such complaints are overshadowed by Hoover's admirers who praise him for changing a scandal-ridden agency into a world-recognized force of ly-trained investigators.

In recent weeks Hoover ... stepped from seclusion to accuse Mitchell's predecessor, former Attorney General Clark, a Democrat, of being a "jellyfish;" and to charge that King

J. EDGAR HOOVER

was "the last person in the world" who should have received the Nobel Peace Prize.

Those statements came in rare interviews, one granted the Washington Post the day after a review of Clark's new book, "Crime in America."

Clark worte: "The FBI has so coveted personal credit that it will sacrifice even effective crime control before it will share the glory of its exploits.

"This has been a petty and costly characteristic caused by the excessive domination of a single person, J. Edgar Hoover, and his self-centered concern for his reputation and that of the FBI."

Hoover chose the Post, which has been editorially favorable to Clark, to make his acid rebuttal.

94-8-95-
NOT RECORDED
102 MAY 11 1971

4 MAY 11 1971

This is the U-P-I writer who gave incorrect [illegible] her facts straight

Retained in D.O. treat as Original

54 MAY 1971

ORIGINAL FILED IN 94-8-12-193

Then, in a closed Senate hearing he accused two antiwar priests, the Revs. Daniel and Philip Berrigan, of leading a group called the East Coast Conspiracy to Save Lives.

Although both Roman Catholic priests are jailed in Danbury, Conn., on three year terms of violating selective service laws, Hoover said their group was plotting to kidnap a White House official and to destroy underground installations in Washington in order to disrupt the government.

Most recently, Hoover was quoted by Time magazine as saying that Mexican-Americans were not likely to be effective political assassins because they can't shoot straight. But he added that they were dangerous with knives.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
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Tele. Room
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TO : Mr. C. D. Brennan

DATE: 4/26/71

FROM : R. D. Cotter

SUBJECT: RAMSEY CLARK MEMORANDUM, 1967, URGING MAXIMUM FBI INTELLIGENCE INVESTIGATIONS

United Press International (UPI) release dated 4/25/71, makes reference to a memorandum from former Attorney General Ramsey Clark to the Director in 1967 urging FBI investigators to use the maximum available resources, investigative and intelligence, to determine whether conspiracies set off rioting in urban ghettos. Pursuant to the Director's instructions a copy of Clark's memorandum, dated 9/14/67, is attached. Also attached is an enclosure to Clark's memorandum captioned "Memorandum for the File" which deals with the 1967 Detroit, Michigan, riots.

A copy of Clark's memorandum, with the enclosure, was furnished to Attorney General John N. Mitchell for his information, by letter dated 3/25/71 under the caption "Guidelines for FBI Intelligence-type Investigations Relating to Civil Disorders."

157-00-18

ACTION:

For information.

Enclosures (2)

JCT:pca
(8)

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
1 - Mr. J. P. Mohr
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop
1 - Mr. A. Rosen
1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
1 - Mr. R. D. Cotter
1 - Mr. J. C. Trainor

1 ENCLOSURE

70 MAY 18 1971

MAY 18 1971

94-8-95

NOT RECORDED
87 MAY 14 1971

OPTIONAL

REC- 92

62-[illegible]-652

April 29, 1971

Mrs. Isabelle Hall
Washington Bureau
United Press International
315 National Press Building
Washington, D. C. 20004

Dear Mrs. Hall:

I have received your letter of April 27th requesting an interview or, in lieu of an interview, whether I could entertain a few questions from you.

I regret that the pressure of official business precludes me from complying with these requests. Also, I have no thought of leaving my present position and intend to remain as Director of the FBI as long as I can be of service to the country and my health permits.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

MAILED 12
APR 29 1971
FBI

1 - Mr. Mohr (detached)
1 - Mr. Bishop (detached)
1 - Miss Holmes (detached)
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt (detached)
1 - Tour Room (detached)
1 - M. A. Jones (detached)

NOTE: See M. A. Jones to Bishop memo dated 4/28/71, captioned "Isabelle Hall, Washington Bureau Representative of United Press International (UPI), Request Interview With Director."

JCF:mcb
(11)

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MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

1 MAY 7 1971

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

Written From
WASHINGTON BUREAU
315 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20004

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Sullivan
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Brennan CD
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Felt
Mr. Gale
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Walters
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

April 27, 1971

1 8 1
RECEIVED-DIRECTOR
APR 28 10 01 AM 1971

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

As you approach another anniversary as Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, I again respectfully request the favor of an interview.

United Press International serves thousands of the news media who reach millions of Americans. We would be most pleased to be able to report your side of the current controversy generated by Congressman Boggs and others.

Failing that, I hope you could entertain a few questions or, at least, provide us with a fresh statement of your future intentions. I presume they are to remain as long as your good health continues.

Yours sincerely,

Isabelle Hall

Isabelle Hall

Add Jones to Bishop memo 4/28/71 Letter 4/29/71
JCF:mcb

REC-92 94-8-98-652

APR 30 1971

COPY MADE FOR MR. TOLSON

8-JCF

EX-102 APR 28 1971

Copy made for Tele. Rm.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

1 - Mr. W. C. Sullivan
1 - Mr. J. P. Mohr
1 - Mr. T. E. Bishop

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Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. C. D. Brennan

DATE: 4-28-71

1 - Mr. C. D. Brennan
1 - Mr. R. L. Shackelford
1 - Mr. F. B. Griffith

FROM : R. L. Shackelford

SUBJECT: EASTCON

United Press International (UPI) release, 4-28-71, and datelined Harrisburg, Pennsylvania (attached), speculated that Government attorneys were debating on the question of dropping charges of conspiracy to kidnap a Presidential advisor and that a superseding indictment would add some charges and drop others. The release also contained statements attributed to an unnamed top defense attorney to the effect that if the kidnaping charges were dropped, the Director would be embarrassed and would blame the prosecutor's office. It continued that the Attorney General would like to drop the charge, but it is not politic to do so. With regard to these latter two statements, the Director noted, "We should send memo to AG and Deputy pointing out impropriety of 2 statements."

Departmental Attorney William S. Lynch, Chief Prosecutor in this case who is currently in Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, presenting additional evidence to the Federal Grand Jury hearing this case, was contacted by the Philadelphia Office relative to this UPI release. Lynch stated the press release is erroneous and categorically denied that he or any of his staff had made any statements such as that referred to above. He agreed that these statements are scurrilous and added that he did not have any idea which of the defense attorneys made them to the UPI reporter. Perusal of the entire article discloses it is very cleverly worded and gives the distinct impression that some of the statements contained therein were received from Departmental attorneys, but actually they were issued by the defense. We have already established in this case that the defense is using every unscrupulous method possible to embarrass the Government and the Director. It would appear this latest contrivance is designed to create friction between the Bureau and the Department and that we should not fall for it.

94-8-95-
NOT RECORDED
140 MAY 5 1971

ENCLOSURE 100-460495

Enclosure

FBG:plm

56 MAY 11 1971

MAY 5 1971

CONTINUED - OVER

ORIGINAL FILED IN 100-460495-3100

Memorandum to Mr. C. D. Brennan
RE: Eastcon
100-460495

In addition to the above, Lynch advised that the original indictment included the kidnaping plot, the plot to destroy the underground tunnels and the contraband charges and that the superseding indictment he is seeking will add to these charges the draft board break-ins in four cities and a count under Title 18, Section 876, U.S. Code, "Mailing Threatening Communications." This count will set forth verbatim portions of the letters relating to the kidnaping plot as contained in the McAlister-Berrigan letters. From the above, it is obvious that if the Grand Jury approves the superseding indictment, our case will be strengthened. The new indictment will, of course, include the kidnaping plot.

ACTION:

For information. Under the circumstances the Director might agree that a memorandum to the Attorney General is not desirable.

DIRECTOR, FBI

5/6/71

SAC, WFO (66-1195)

REQUEST FOR UNITED PRESS
INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE
FOR WASHINGTON FIELD OFFICE

Remylet 2/10/71.

The demonstrations which have occurred in Washington, D. C., during the past two weeks have highlighted the need for the captioned service by the Washington Field Office. As the Bureau is aware, there have been many impromptu press conferences by various individuals and groups and the Washington Field Office has had to rely on the Metropolitan Police Department for notification in arranging appropriate coverage. In these matters time is frequently of the essence, particularly where the Washington Field Office has been expected by the Bureau to record talks by the leaders of the various groups. Because of the Field Office's reliance on the Metropolitan Police Department for prompt notification of unscheduled press conferences and special events by groups and organizations of investigative interest, the Field Office has not effectively covered all pertinent events.

In addition to the reasons set forth in relet, WFO expects numerous demonstrations, impromptu press conferences and special events will continue to occur during the summer months, and the Bureau is requested to reconsider authorizing the Washington Field Office to have a satellite machine to the one currently located at the Bureau installed on a 90-day trial basis at a monthly cost of $130.

ADDENDUM: (J. A. Sizoo - 5-7-71)

The request previously submitted by Washington Field Office by letter 2-10-71 was the subject of a memorandum Tavel to Mohr, 2-17-71, in which

2 - Bureau
1 - WFO
RGK:MCP
(3)

ADDENDUM CONTINUED PAGE TWO

94-8-25
NOT RECORDED
184 MAY 25 1971

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51 JUN 3 1971

ORIGINAL FILED IN 66-64-4652

ADDENDUM CONTINUED:

it was recommended that the terminal not be approved as it was felt the expense was not warranted. In view of the recent experience of the Washington Field Office in attempting to keep up to date with fast moving demonstrations, the fact that Rennie Davis has promised additional demonstrations in the next six to eight weeks, and the Washington Field Office's strong recommendation that a UPI terminal be installed in that office for a 90-day trial basis at a monthly cost of $130, it is recommended that the Washington Field Office request be approved.

0-20 (Rev. 2-2-71)

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If Cassels or UP are on our mailing list remove them from them. Cassels had joined the pack of jackals.

299A HFR
APRIL 11

HOOVER 4-7 WA
ADV FOR AMS SUN APRIL 11 OR THEREAFTER
J. EDGAR HOOVER -- AN INSTITUTION UNDER FIRE
BY LOUIS CASSELS
UPI SENIOR EDITOR

WASHINGTON (UPI) --ABOUT NOON EACH WEEKDAY, AN ARMOR-PLATED LIMOUSINE PULLS UP IN FRONT OF WASHINGTON'S MAYFLOWER HOTEL. A 76-YEAR-OLD MAN EMERGES AND WALKS, WITH A SLIGHT STOOP, INTO THE HOTEL'S RIB ROOM, WHERE A WAITER INSTANTLY SERVES HIS UNVARYING LUNCHEON OF GRAPEFRUIT AND COTTAGE CHEESE.

IF YOU HAPPENED TO SEE HIM AND DIDN'T RECOGNIZE HIS FACE, YOU MIGHT DISMISS HIM AS A PERSON OF LITTLE IMPORTANCE. YOU WOULD BE VERY WRONG. THIS MAN HOLDS IN HIS AGING HANDS GREATER PERSONAL POWER THAN ANY OTHER HUMAN BEING IN THE UNITED STATES SAVE THE PRESIDENT.

HIS NAME IS J. EDGAR HOOVER. FOR NEARLY HALF A CENTURY HE HAS BEEN DIRECTOR OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION.

DURING MOST OF HIS FIVE DECADES OF PUBLIC SERVICE, HOOVER ENJOYED AN IMMUNITY FROM CRITICISM UNIQUE IN THE ANNALS OF AMERICAN GOVERNMENT. THE NEWS MEDIA HANDLED HIM WITH KID GLOVES. CONGRESSMEN VIED TO SEE WHO COULD PAY HIM THE MOST PRAISE. A LONG SUCCESSION OF ATTORNEYS GENERAL, WHO WERE NOMINALLY HIS SUPERIORS, LEARNED THEIR WRIT DID NOT RUN IN HIS BUREAU. PRESIDENTS OF BOTH PARTIES TREATED HIM WITH GINERLY RESPECT.

BUT TIME AND THE TIDES OF CHANGE FINALLY HAVE HAD THEIR IMPACT. WITHIN THE PAST YEAR, THE MANTLE OF SACROSANCTICITY HAS CONSPICUOUSLY SLIPPED FROM THE SHOULDERS OF J. EDGAR HOOVER. TODAY HE IS EXPERIENCING WHAT OTHER GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS HAVE ALWAYS HAD TO LIVE WITH: SHARP PUBLIC CRITICISM. REC-41 91-1-15-653

THE NEW ORDER OF THINGS WAS DRAMATICALLY DEMONSTRATED IN WASHINGTON'S INSIDE SOCIETY ON SATURDAY EVENING, MARCH 20. THE GRIDIRON CLUB, AN ORGANIZATION OF WASHINGTON CORRESPONDENTS, WAS GIVING ITS ANNUAL WHITE-TIE DINNER AT THE STATLER HOTEL. SOME 1,500 OF THE MOST IMPORTANT MEN IN AMERICA WERE ON HAND. AS ALWAYS, THE COURSES OF THE SUMPTUOUS DINNER WERE INTERSPERSED BY SKITS IN WHICH MEMBERS OF THE CLUB POKED SATIRICAL FUN AT GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS AND POLITICIANS. MAY 28 1971

IN ONE SKIT, AN ACTOR DEPICTING AN ELDERLY MAN WAS ASSISTED TO THE MICROPHONE BY A COMPATRIOT SUPPORTING HIM BY THE ELBOW. HE SANG, TO THE TUNE OF "ALWAYS," A DITTY WHICH INCLUDED THESE LINES:

59 JUN 2 - 1971

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

PERS. REC. UNIT

Deleted per Mailing List 4-9-71 Change Noted

0-20 (Rev. 2-2-71)

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Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

"... I CAN SPOT A RED, ALWAYS
"UNDER EVERY BED, ALWAYS,
"PRESIDENTS COME AND GO
"BUT THEY GET TO KNOW
"I WILL BOSS THE SHOW, ALWAYS."

AT FIRST, THERE WERE SCATTERED TITTERS OF NERVOUS LAUGHTER. THEN A GREAT BOOMING GUFFAW ROLLED THROUGH THE BALLROOM, FOLLOWED BY THUNDEROUS APPLAUSE. IT MARKED THE END OF AN ERA -- AN ERA IN WHICH NO ONE, NOT EVEN THE GRIDIRON CLUB, DARED TO MAKE J. EDGAR HOOVER THE BUTT OF A JOKE.

IF FURTHER EVIDENCE WERE NEEDED THAT HOOVER HAD BECOME IF NOT A SAFE TARGET AT LEAST NOT A SUICIDAL ONE, IT WAS SUPPLIED LAST MONDAY ON THE FLOOR OF THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES. DEMOCRATIC LEADER HALE BOGGS, D-LA., ACCUSED THE FBI OF TAPPING CONGRESSMEN'S TELEPHONES, INFILTRATING COLLEGE CAMPUSES AND "ADOPTING THE TACTICS OF THE SOVIET UNION AND HITLER'S GESTAPO."

(MORE) JG/JJ1010PES

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301A HFR
APRIL 11

HOOVER 4-7 WA
ADV FOR AMS SUN APRIL 11 OR THEREAFTER
1ST ADD HOOVER, WASHINGTON 299A X X X GESTAPO."
"THE TIME HAS COME," BOGGS DECLARED, "FOR THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE UNITED STATES TO ASK FOR THE RESIGNATION OF J. EDGAR HOOVER."

ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN N. MITCHELL PROMPTLY REPLIED HE WOULD DO NO SUCH THING. HE DEMANDED THAT BOGGS "RECANT AT ONCE AND APOLOGIZE TO A GREAT AND DEDICATED AMERICAN." THE FBI SAID IT WAS "ABSOLUTELY AND UTTERLY FALSE" TO SUGGEST THAT BOGGS OR ANY OTHER MEMBER OF CONGRESS WAS UNDER ITS SURVEILLANCE.

MORE DOUBTLESS WILL BE HEARD FROM BOTH SIDES. BUT WHATEVER THE EVENTUAL OUTCOME, ENOUGH ALREADY HAS BEEN SAID TO MAKE CLEAR THAT HOOVER IS NO LONGER "ABOVE POLITICS." HE HAS BECOME A SUBJECT OF PARTISAN CONTROVERSY. IF HE REMAINS IN OFFICE THROUGH NEXT YEAR'S PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS, HE MAY WELL BECOME A MAJOR CAMPAIGN ISSUE.

HOOVER HAS EVERY INTENTION OF REMAINING. IN FACT, HE HAS INDICATED TO ASSOCIATES THAT HE PLANS TO REMAIN DIRECTOR OF THE FBI UNTIL JAN. 1, 1975, WHEN HE WILL CELEBRATE HIS 80TH BIRTHDAY.

IF RICHARD M. NIXON IS RE-ELECTED IN 1972, HOOVER MAY BE ABLE TO FULFILL THAT AMBITION. NIXON HAS FREQUENTLY VOICED GREAT REVERENCE FOR HOOVER. AND EVEN IF HE HAD ENTERTAINED ANY THOUGHT OF TRYING TO EASE THE FBI DIRECTOR INTO GRACEFUL RETIREMENT, HE COULD HARDLY DO SO NOW WITHOUT APPEARING TO BUCKLE TO DEMOCRATIC PRESSURE.

SHOULD A DEMOCRAT WIN THE WHITE HOUSE NEXT YEAR, HOOVER MAY DECIDE THAT 78 IS NOT A BAD AGE FOR RETIREMENT AFTER ALL. TWO OF THE LEADING DEMOCRATIC PRESIDENTIAL CONTENDERS, SENS. EDMUND MUSKIE OF MAINE AND GEORGE MCGOVERN OF SOUTH DAKOTA, ALREADY HAVE PUBLICLY STATED THEIR CONVICTION THAT THE FBI NEEDS NEW AND YOUNGER LEADERSHIP.

0-20 (Rev. 2-2-71)

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ALTHOUGH HE IS DOGGEDLY DETERMINED THAT CRITICS SHALL NOT HOUND HIM INTO RETIREMENT, HOOVER IS KEENLY AWARE OF HIS LOSS OF IMMUNITY FROM THE BARBS THAT ARE THE DAILY LOT OF OTHER GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS. HE BITTERLY RESENTS ANY SUGGESTION THAT HE HAS BEGUN TO SUFFER, IN THE EIGHTH DECADE OF LIFE, SOME DETERIORATION OF MENTAL AND PHYSICAL VIGOR. IN A WASHINGTON POST INTERVIEW LAST NOVEMBER, HE SAID HIS LATEST ANNUAL PHYSICAL EXAMINATION SHOWED HIM TO BE "IN BETTER SHAPE THAN I WAS IN 1938."

REFLECTED IN THAT STATEMENT IS THE FBI CHIEF'S MOST PROMINENT CHARACTERISTIC -- PERSONAL PRIDE. IT IS THIS FIERCE PRIDE THAT HAS CAUSED HIM TO WORK TIRELESSLY -- AND SUCCESSFULLY -- FOR THE PAST 47 YEARS TO KEEP THE FBI FREE OF ANY TAINT OF SCANDAL OR CORRUPTION, AND MAKE IT ONE OF THE MOST WIDELY RESPECTED LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES IN THE WORLD.

BUT IF HOOVER'S PRIDE HAS BEEN RESPONSIBLE FOR SOME OF THE FBI'S NUMEROUS VIRTUES, CRITICS CONTEND IT ALSO HAS BEEN THE SOURCE OF CERTAIN GRIEVOUS SHORTCOMINGS.

(MORE) JG/JJ1122PES

Tolson
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MITCHELL STOOD FIRMLY BEHIND HOOVER WHEN THE FBI DIRECTOR STIRRED UP A HORNETS' NEST BY TELLING A SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE LAST NOVEMBER THAT PHILIP AND DAN BERRIGAN, ROMAN CATHOLIC PRIESTS WHO HAVE BEEN PROMINENT IN THE PEACE MOVEMENT, WERE INVOLVED IN A CONSPIRACY TO KIDNAP WHITE HOUSE ADVISER HENRY KISSINGER AND PLANT EXPLOSIVES IN GOVERNMENT BUILDINGS AS A PROTEST AGAINST THE VIETNAM WAR.

THE BERRIGAN BROTHERS, ALREADY SERVING TIME IN A FEDERAL PRISON FOR DESTRUCTION OF DRAFT RECORDS, DENIED THE ALLEGATION. REP. WILLIAM R. ANDERSON, D-TENN., DEMANDED THAT HOOVER EITHER RETRACT THE CHARGE OR BACK IT UP WITH A GRAND JURY INDICTMENT. SIX WEEKS LATER, ON JAN. 12, A FEDERAL GRAND JURY AT HARRISBURG, PA. RETURNED INDICTMENTS AGAINST PHILIP BERRIGAN AND FIVE OTHERS, INCLUDING A NUN AND TWO PRIESTS. THE CASE NOW AWAITS TRIAL.

WHETHER HOOVER BLUNDERED IN DISCLOSING THE CASE WHILE THE FBI WAS STILL COLLECTING EVIDENCE IS A QUESTION THAT HAS COME IN FOR MUCH RECENT DISCUSSION IN WASHINGTON. SOME JUSTICE DEPARTMENT OFFICIALS HAVE TOLD NEWSMEN THAT HOOVER'S ANNOUNCEMENT SEVERELY DAMAGED THE INVESTIGATION AND HURT CHANCES OF OBTAINING A CONVICTION. THESE OFFICIALS SAY MITCHELL ORDERED THE DEPARTMENT'S ATTORNEYS TO PROCEED WITH THE INDICTMENT ONLY BECAUSE HE FELT IT NECESSARY TO SAVE FACE FOR HOOVER.

AMONG THOSE WHO THINK IT'S TIME FOR HOOVER TO RETIRE ARE SOME GOOD FRIENDS OF THE FBI WHO SEE SIGNS OF SERIOUS DEMORALIZATION IN THE AGENCY WHICH HOOVER LABORED SO LONG AND HARD TO BUILD.

HOW FAR THIS EXTENDS INTO THE FIELD FORCE IS HARD TO DETERMINE, BUT IN THE WASHINGTON HEADQUARTERS THE EVIDENCE OF A GROWING MORALE CRISIS IS ABUNDANTLY EVIDENT. IT DERIVES IN PART FROM THE MORTAL TERROR WHICH HOOVER INDUCES IN HIS SUBORDINATES WHEN HE GIVES VENT -- AS HE DOES INCREASINGLY OFTEN OF LATE -- TO ONE OF HIS FAMOUS OUTBURSTS OF WRATH.

(MORE) JG1134PES

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302A HFR
APRIL 11

HOOVER 4-7 WA
ADV FOR AMS SUN APRIL 11 OR THEREAFTER
2ND ADD HOOVER WASHINGTON 299A X X X SHORTCOMINGS.

EARLY LAST MONTH, MCGOVERN PLACED IN THE CONGRESSIONAL RECORD AN ANONYMOUS LETTER PURPORTEDLY FROM 10 FBI AGENTS. THE LETTER, ON FBI STATIONERY, SAID THE AGENCY WAS FALLING DOWN ON THE JOB OF FIGHTING CRIME BECAUSE OF HOOVER'S OBSESSION WITH "THE DIRECTOR'S IMAGE AND THE PRESERVATION THEREOF."

"AT PRESENT, THAT IS ALL WE EXIST FOR," THE LETTER SAID.

HIGH FBI OFFICIALS DENOUNCED THIS ANONYMOUS COMMUNICATION AS A SLANDER. ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR CLYDE TOLSON, 70, AN INTIMATE FRIEND WHO HAS BEEN HOOVER'S ALMOST-CONSTANT COMPANION FOR MANY YEARS, ACCUSED MCGOVERN OF ATTACKING HOOVER TO "BUOY YOUR POLITICAL CAREER."

FORMER ATTORNEY GENERAL RAMSEY CLARK, WHO WAS HOOVER'S OSTENSIBLE BOSS DURING THE JOHNSON ADMINISTRATION, ASSERTED IN HIS RECENTLY PUBLISHED BOOK, "CRIME IN AMERICA," THAT THE FBI CHIEF'S "SELF-CENTERED CONCERN FOR HIS REPUTATION" HAS BEEN A MAJOR HANDICAP TO LAW ENFORCEMENT IN THIS COUNTRY.

"THE FBI SO COVETS PERSONAL CREDIT THAT IT WILL SACRIFICE EVEN EFFECTIVE CRIME CONTROL BEFORE IT WILL SHARE THE GLORY OF ITS EXPLOITS," CLARK SAID.

HE SAID HOOVER FOR YEARS DENIED THE EXISTENCE OF THE COSA NOSTRA CRIME SYNDICATE AND REFUSED TO COMMIT THE FBI TO AN ALL-OUT ATTACK ON ORGANIZED CRIME BECAUSE HE FELT THE AGENCY COULD GET MORE FAVORABLE PUBLICITY BY CONCENTRATING ON SUCH SPECTACULAR DEEDS AS CATCHING KIDNAPERS AND BANK ROBBERS AND FERRETING OUT COMMUNISTS.

HOOVER RETORTED THAT CLARK WAS "A JELLYFISH" -- THE WORST ATTORNEY GENERAL HE HAD EVER ENCOUNTERED.

HOOVER HAS A MUCH HIGHER OPINION OF THE CURRENT HEAD OF THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT, ATTORNEY GENERAL MITCHELL, WHO SHARES HIS CONTINUING APPREHENSION THAT COMMUNISTS MAY OVERTHROW THE U.S. GOVERNMENT. THE DIRECTOR CALLS MITCHELL "AN HONEST, SINCERE AND VERY HUMAN MAN."

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

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EVERY PERSON OF HOOVER'S 18,000-MAN STAFF IS FAMILIAR WITH THE FATE OF JACK SHAW, A FORMER MARINE CAPTAIN WITH AN UNBLEMISHED SEVEN-YEAR RECORD AS AN FBI AGENT. LAST FALL, SHAW WAS STUDYING FOR A MASTER'S DEGREE AT NEW YORK'S JOHN JAY COLLEGE OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE, IN PREPARATION FOR ASSIGNMENT TO THE FACULTY OF THE FBI ACADEMY. ONE OF HIS PROFESSORS CRITICIZED THE FBI. SHAW WROTE A PRIVATE LETTER TO THE PROFESSOR DEFENDING THE FBI, BUT AGREEING THAT IT HAS SOME PROBLEMS GROWING OUT OF A "PERSONALITY CULT" CENTERED AROUND HOOVER.

HOOVER FOUND OUT ABOUT THE LETTER AND RESPONDED BY ORDERING SHAW'S TRANSFER TO BUTTE, MONT. SHAW, WHOSE WIFE IS SERIOUSLY ILL, REFUSED THE TRANSFER AND TRIED TO RESIGN. HOOVER ACCEPTED HIS RESIGNATION "WITH PREJUDICE" -- THUS BARRING HIM FROM OTHER GOVERNMENT EMPLOYMENT.

SEN. MCGOVERN TOOK UP THE CUDGELS IN SHAW'S SUPPORT. THUS FAR HE HASN'T MANAGED TO HELP SHAW, WHO IS STILL HUNTING A JOB, BUT HE HAS RECEIVED A LOT OF MAIL FROM OTHER AGENTS AND FORMER AGENTS OF THE FBI TELLING HIM THAT THE SHAW CASE WAS NOT AT ALL UNUSUAL. HIS CORRESPONDENTS INFORM HIM, MCGOVERN SAYS, THAT ANYONE IN THE FBI WHO DARES TO CRITICIZE HOOVER -- OR TAKE THE SLIGHTEST ISSUE WITH ANY OF HIS DECISIONS -- IS IN IMMINENT DANGER OF HAVING HIS CAREER BLASTED RIGHT OUT FROM UNDER HIM.

THE GREATEST CONCERN OF HOOVER'S CRITICS IS THAT A MAN OF CAPRICIOUS TEMPER SHOULD HAVE UNDER HIS CONTROL TENS OF THOUSANDS OF DOSSIERS OF CONFIDENTIAL INFORMATION ABOUT PRIVATE LIVES AND PECADDILOS, NOT ONLY OF SUSPECTED CROOKS AND SUBVERSIVES, BUT ALSO OF RESPECTABLE AND INFLUENTIAL CITIZENS, INCLUDING MEMBERS OF CONGRESS AND THE CABINET.

WHETHER HOOVER ACTUALLY HAS ACCUMULATED A MOUNTAIN OF DIRT THAT WOULD EMBARRASS OR RUIN PROMINENT MEN IF MADE PUBLIC IS A MATTER OF DISPUTE. HIS FRIENDS HOTLY DENY THAT HE SEEKS SUCH INFORMATION, OR THAT HE WOULD EVER MAKE USE OF SUCH OF IT AS COMES HIS WAY MORE OR LESS INCIDENTALLY.

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BUT EVEN IF THE FBI FILES ARE LESS LETHALLY LOADED THAN WASHINGTON RUMOR CONTENDS, THE SIGNIFICANT FACT IS THAT LARGE NUMBERS OF CONGRESSMEN AND GOVERNMENT OFFICIALS BELIEVE THAT HOOVER MAY BE IN A POSITION TO HURT THEM IF THEY CROSS HIM. AND THIS BELIEF ALONE GIVES HIM ENORMOUS POWER.

"MANY MEMBERS OF CONGRESS HAVE A GREAT FEAR OF MR. HOOVER," SAYS REP. ANDERSON, ONE OF THE FIRST TO RISK THE CONSEQUENCES OF PUBLICLY CRITICIZING THE FBI DIRECTOR.

ANDERSON TOLD UPI HE WAS SURPRISED TO FIND THAT HE GOT RELATIVELY LITTLE MAIL AFTER HE TOOK ON HOOVER -- AND THAT 70 PER CENT OF WHAT HE DID RECEIVE WAS COMPLIMENTARY.

MCGOVERN, MUSKIE AND NOW BOGGS ALSO SEEM TO FEEL THAT HOOVER'S HOLD ON PUBLIC FAVOR MAY BE LESS FIRM THAN HAS LONG BEEN ASSUMED IN THIS CAPITAL. THEY MAY BE RIGHT AND THEY MAY BE WRONG. TIME WILL TELL.

ADV FOR AMS SUN APRIL 11 OR THEREAFTER

JG1143PES..

SECRET

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NOTE

SUBJECT: (S)

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UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

1-14-03

CLASSIFIED BY
DECLASSIFY ON: 25X 6

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SECRET

930987

REPLY

Only was "said" as answer
check against 7-22-71

Check of FBI investigative files based upon data submitted failed to identifiable information pertinent to your inquiry. Not to be [illegible]. To check arrest records, requests must be submitted to FBI Identification Division. Fingerprints are needed for positive checks.

(S)

TRANSLATED BY:

lmc

JULY 13, 1971

1 (S)

EX-114

94-8-95-654

NOT RECORDED

17 JUL 27 1971

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AUG 4 1971

4-22 (Rev. 1-22-60)

Federal Bureau of Investigation
Records Branch

_____, 19___

- ☐ Name Searching Unit - Room 6527
- ☐ Service Unit - Room 6524
- ☐ Forward to File Review
- ☐ Attention
- ☑ Return to [redacted] 011356
  Supervisor / Room Ext.

Type of References Requested:

- ☐ Regular Request (Analytical Search)
- ☐ All References (Subversive & Nonsubversive)
- ☐ Subversive References Only
- ☐ Nonsubversive References Only
- ☐ Main _____ References Only

Type of Search Requested:

- ☐ Restricted to Locality of _____
- ☐ Exact Name Only (On the Nose)
- ☐ Buildup ☐ Variations

Subject Association of Journalist
Birthdate & Place Union
Address _____

Localities _____

R# _____ Date 7/19 Searcher Initials [illegible]

Prod. _____

	FILE NUMBER	SERIAL
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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
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Mohr
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Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: 7-14-71

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: UPI QUERY RE NUMBER OF FBI RESIDENT AGENCIES

Isabel Hall, UPI correspondent, called my office this afternoon and advised that UPI ran a story back in May regarding the closing of FBI Resident Agencies. She inquired as to whether it was now possible to obtain the number of Resident Agencies which have been closed by the FBI in the past several months.

Prior to the break-in at the Media, Pennsylvania, Resident Agency we had 538 Resident Agencies around the country. In the 1970 Fiscal Year Report it was noted that the FBI maintained "over 500 Resident Agencies or suboffices."

At the present time, we have 435 Resident Agencies -- 103 less than before consolidation steps were undertaken.

RECOMMENDATION:

Inasmuch as we have publicly issued the number of our Resident Agencies in our Fiscal Year Report, it is recommended that UPI be advised that the FBI now maintains slightly over 400 Resident Agencies throughout the country as a result of a recent consolidation of these offices.

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. Felt
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. Callahan

HPL:mrm (5)

66-2170

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42 JUL 20 1971

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CRIME RESEARCH

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
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TO : Mr. Mohr

DATE: 7/1/71

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: KENNETH GIBSON
MAYOR
NEWARK, NEW JERSEY

Late on the afternoon of 7/1/71, Jack Hushen, Director of Public Information in the Department of Justice, called and referred to a UPI story out of Newark, New Jersey, indicating that Mayor Kenneth Gibson had said that he had been under surveillance by 4 or 5 government agencies since before 1967. The article indicated that Mayor Gibson, in an interview marking his one year as Mayor, said that he was watched in the 1967 demonstrations and knows that he was mentioned in several private reports of the Newark Police Department and the Justice Department. Gibson indicated that he had nothing to hide although he did consider himself an activist but that he was not plotting to overthrow the Government. Hushen said that the Department desired to make a statement that the Justice Department has not surveilled Gibson in the past nor does the Justice Department currently have any surveillance on Mayor Gibson. Hushen asked that a check be made as to whether the FBI had ever conducted an active physical or electronic surveillance on Mayor Gibson.

SAC Ralph Bachman, Newark, advised that Gibson had never been under physical surveillance or electronic surveillance. Neither has Mayor Gibson ever been under active investigation by the Newark Office of the FBI.

94-8-95-

Mr. Hushen was advised that the FBI has conducted no physical or electronic surveillance concerning Mayor Gibson.

ACTION:

None. For information.

NOT RECORDED
202 JUL 12 1971

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. Sullivan
1 - Mr. Rosen
JFB:jmb
(8)

1 - Mr. Gale
1 - C. D. Brennan
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
1 - T. E. Bishop

CRIME RESEARCH

ENCLOSURE

JUL 20 1971

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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Holmes
Gandy
Miller, E.S.

TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 9/8/71

FROM : G. E. Malmfeldt

SUBJECT: LOUIS CASSELS
UPI SENIOR EDITOR
WASHINGTON, D. C.

On 9/7/71 a clipping of an article by captioned individual was sent to the Director by one [redacted] who gave no return address and who expressed praise for the Director in response to the article's criticism. The Director noted "I assume Cassels is not on any of our mailing lists. H" b6

In answer to the Director's comment, Cassels is not on any Bureau mailing list.

The newspaper clipping is from a Fort Lauderdale newspaper and the zip code on the postmark is also from Fort Lauderdale. A check of the Fort Lauderdale telephone directory failed to identify [redacted] and he is not identifiable in Bufiles. It is not possible, therefore, to acknowledge his favorable comments. b6

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

REC- 45 74-8-93-1655

SEP 17 1971

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. Bishop - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt

JBT:jam (4)

CRIME RESEARCH

67 SEP 20 1971

0-20 (Rev. 7-12-71)

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UPI-14
(POLICE)

WASHINGTON--A TWO-DAY CONFERENCE OF 140 STATE AND LOCAL LAW ENFORCEMENT OFFICIALS WAS SCHEDULED TO OPEN TODAY WITHOUT THE NATION'S NO. 1 POLICEMAN -- FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER.

HOOVER DECLINED AN INVITATION FROM ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN MITCHELL TO ADDRESS THE CONFERENCE BANQUET TONIGHT AND MITCHELL CHANGED HIS OWN SCHEDULED LUNCHEON ADDRESS TO REPLACE HIM. A SPOKESMAN SAID HOOVER ADVISED MITCHELL FRIDAY HE WOULD NOT BE ABLE TO PARTICIPATE.

THE CONFERENCE ON WAYS TO REDUCE CRIME IS THE THIRD IN A SERIES OF MEETINGS STARTED THREE MONTHS AGO BY PRESIDENT NIXON.

HOOVER NOT ONLY ATTENDED THE FIRST WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE BUT DREW UP THE GUEST LIST. LEFT OFF WERE POLICE CHIEF PATRICK MURPHY OF NEW YORK CITY, AND QUINN TAMM, EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR OF THE INTERNATIONAL ASSOCIATION OF CHIEFS OF POLICE (IACP). BOTH MEN WILL BE HERE TODAY.

THE CONFERENCE WILL CONSIDER WAYS TO REDUCE CRIME, ATTACKS ON POLICE, CORRUPTION, JUVENILE DELINQUENCY, DRUG ABUSE, CIVIL DISORDERS AND METHODS OF INCREASING MINORITY EMPLOYMENT IN LAW ENFORCEMENT.

9/9--GE914A

62-116395-E

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13 SEP 1971

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The UPI wants to go out of its way to take a crack at me.

F120

59SEP16 1971

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

September 8, 1971

U.P.I.

Attached newspaper clipping was sent to the Director by [redacted]

[redacted]

The following was written across the tope of the article:

"Mr Hoover: You have been wonderful, A protector and constructive American. God and American will bless you as a noble American. [redacted]

MR. TOLSON
MR. FELT
MR. SULLIVAN
MR. MOHR
MR. BISHOP
MR. BRENNAN, C.D.
MR. CALLAHAN
MR. CASPER
MR. CONRAD
MR. DALBEY
MR. GALE
MR. PONDER
MR. ROSEN
MR. TAVEL
MR. WALTERS
MR. SOYARS
MR. JONES
TELE. ROOM
MISS HOLMES
MISS METCALF
MISS GANDY

I assume Cassolais not on any of our mailing lists. H Malm

wmc

EX-101 REC-48 94-1-[redacted]-656

SEP 17 1971

ENCLOSURE

67 SEP 20 1971

Fort Lauderdale News and Sun-Sentinel, Sunday, April 11, 1971

J. Edgar Hoover's Mantle Of Sacrosanctity Slipping

By LOUIS CASSELS
UPI Senior Editor

WASHINGTON

ABOUT NOON EACH WEEKDAY, an armor-plated limousine pulls up in front of Washington's Mayflower Hotel. A 76-year-old man emerges and walks, with a slight stoop, into the hotel's Rib Room, where a waiter instantly serves his unvarying luncheon of grapefruit and cottage cheese.

If you happened to see him and didn't recognize his face, you might dismiss him as a person of little importance. You would be very wrong. This man holds in his aging hands greater personal power than any other human being in the United States save the President.

His name is J. Edgar Hoover. For nearly half a century he has been director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

During most of his five decades of public service, Hoover enjoyed an immunity from criticism unique in the annals of American government. The news media handled him with kid gloves. Congressmen vied to see who could pay him the most praise. A long succession of attorneys general, who were nominally his superiors, learned their writ did not run in his bureau. Presidents of both parties treated him with gingerly respect.

But time and the tides of change finally have had their impact. Within the past year, the mantle of sacrosanctity has conspicuously slipped from the shoulers of J. Edgar Hoover. Today he is experiencing what other government officials have always had to live with: sharp public criticism.

The new order of things was dramatically demonstrated to Washington's inside society on Saturday evening, March 20. The Gridiron Club, an organization of Washington correspondents, was giving its annual white-tie dinner at the Statler Hotel. Some 1,500 of the most important men in America were on hand. As always, the courses of the sumptuous dinner were interspersed by skits in which members of the club poked satirical fun at government officials and politicians.

In one skit, an actor depicting an elderly man was assisted to the microphone by a compatriot supporting him by the elbow. He sang, the tune of "Always," a ditty which included these lines:

". . . I can spot a Red, always,
"Under every bed, always,
"Presidents come and go
"But they get to know
"I will boss the show, always."

At first, there were scattered titters of per-

FBI Director Hoover
. . . the old order changeth?

If he remains in office through next year's presidential elections, he may well become a major campaign issue.

Hoover has every intention of remaining. In fact, he has indicated to associates that he plans to remain director of the FBI until Jan. 1, 1975, when he will celebrate his 80th birthday.

If Richard M. Nixon is re-elected in 1972, Hoover may be able to fulfill that ambition. Nixon has frequently voiced great reverence for Hoover. And even if he had entertained any thought of trying to ease the FBI director into graceful retirement, he could hardly do so now without appearing to buckle to Democratic pressure.

Should a Democrat win the White House next year, Hoover may decide that 78 is not a bad age for retirement after all. Two of the leading Democratic presidential contenders, Sens. Edmund Muskie of Maine and George McGovern of South Dakota, already have publicly stated their conviction that the FBI needs new and younger leadership.

Although he is doggedly determined that

High FBI officials denounced this ar
mous communication as a slander. Asso
director Clyde Tolson, 70, an intimate fi
who has been Hoover's almost-constant
panion for many years, accused McGover
attacking Hoover to "buoy your political
reer."

Former Attorney General Ramsey C
who was Hoover's ostensible boss during
Johnson administration, asserted in his re
ly published book, "Crime in America,"
the FBI chief's "self-centered concern for
reputation" has been a major handicap to
enforcement in this country.

"The FBI so covets personal cr
that it will sacrifice even effective crime
trol before it will share the glory of its
ploits," Clark said.

He said Hoover for years denied the
tence of the Cosa Nostra crime syndicate
refused to commit the FBI to an all-out at
on organized crime because he felt the ag
could get more favorable publicity by cor
trating on such spectacular deeds as cate
kidnapers and bank robbers and ferreting
Communists.

Hoover retorted that Clark was "A j
fish" — the worst attorney general he had
encountered.

Hoover has a much higher opinion of
current head of the Justice Department
shares his continuing apprehension that C
munists may overthrow the U.S. governm
The director calls Mitchell "an honest, sin
and very human man."

Mitchell stood firmly behind Hoover
the FBI director stirred up a hornet's nes
telling a Senate appropriations subcomm
last November that Philip and Dan Berri
Roman Catholic priests who have been pr
nent in the peace movement, were involve
a conspiracy to kidnap White House adv
Henry Kissinger and plant explosives in
ernment buildings as a protest against
Vietnam War.

The Berrigan brothers, already serving t
in a federal prison for destruction of draft
ords, denied the allegation. Rep. William
Anderson, D-Tenn., demanded that Hoo
either retract the charge or back it up wit
grand jury indictment. Six weeks later, on J
12, a federal grand jury at Harrisburg, Pa.
turned indictments against Philip Berrigan
five others, including a nun and two priests.
case now awaits trial.

Whether Hoover blundered in disclosing
case while the FBI was still collecting
dence is a question that has come in for m
recent discussion in Washington. Some Jus
Department officials have told newsmen t
Hoover's announcement severely damaged

FBI Director Hoover

. . . the old order changeth?

If he remains in office through next year's presidential elections, he may well become a major campaign issue.

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Should a Democrat win the White House next year, Hoover may decide that 78 is not a bad age for retirement after all. Two of the leading Democratic presidential contenders, Sens. Edmund Muskie of Maine and George McGovern of South Dakota, already have publicly stated their conviction that the FBI needs new and younger leadership.

Although he is doggedly determined that critics shall not hound him into retirement, Hoover is keenly aware of his loss of immunity from the barbs that are the daily lot of other government officials. He bitterly resents any suggestion that he has begun to suffer, in the eighth decade of life, some deterioration of mental and physical vigor. In a Washington Post interview last November, he said his latest annual physical examination showed him to be "in better shape than I was in 1938."

Reflected in that statement is the FBI chief's most prominent characteristic — personal pride. It is this fierce pride that has caused him to work tirelessly—and successfully — for the past 47 years to keep the FBI free of any taint of scandal or corruption, and make it one of the most widely respected law enforcement agencies in the world.

But if Hoover's pride has been responsible for some of the FBI's numerous virtues, critics contend it also has been the source of certain grievous shortcomings.

Early last month, McGovern placed in the Congressional Record an anonymous letter purportedly from 10 FBI agents. The letter, on FBI stationery, said the agency was falling down on the job of fighting crime because of Hoover's obsession with "the director's image and the preservation thereof."

"At present, that is all we exist for," the letter said.

Hoover retorted that Clark was "A jellyfish" — the worst attorney general he had ever encountered.

Hoover has a much higher opinion of the current head of the Justice Department who shares his continuing apprehension that Communists may overthrow the U.S. government. The director calls Mitchell "an honest, sincere and very human man."

Mitchell stood firmly behind Hoover when the FBI director stirred up a hornet's nest by telling a Senate appropriations subcommittee last November that Philip and Dan Berrigan, Roman Catholic priests who have been prominent in the peace movement, were involved in a conspiracy to kidnap White House adviser Henry Kissinger and plant explosives in government buildings as a protest against the Vietnam War.

The Berrigan brothers, already serving time in a federal prison for destruction of draft records, denied the allegation. Rep. William R. Anderson, D-Tenn., demanded that Hoover either retract the charge or back it up with a grand jury indictment. Six weeks later, on Jan. 12, a federal grand jury at Harrisburg, Pa. returned indictments against Philip Berrigan and five others, including a nun and two priests. The case now awaits trial.

Whether Hoover blundered in disclosing the case while the FBI was still collecting evidence is a question that has come in for much recent discussion in Washington. Some Justice Department officials have told newsmen that Hoover's announcement severely damaged the investigation and hurt chances of obtaining a conviction. These officials say Mitchell ordered the department's attorneys to proceed with the indictment only because he felt it necessary to save face for Hoover.

Among those who think it's time for Hoover to retire are some good friends of the FBI who see signs of serious demoralization in the agency which Hoover labored so long and hard to build.

How far this extends into the field force is hard to determine, but in the Washington headquarters the evidence of a growing morale crisis is abundantly evident. It derives in part from the mortal terror which Hoover induces in his subordinates when he gives vent—as he does increasingly ofter of late—to one of his famous outbursts of wrath.

"Many members of Congress have a great fear of Mr. Hoover," says Rep. Anderson, one of the first to risk the consequences of publicly criticizing the FBI director.

Anderson said he was surprised to find that he got relatively little mail after he took on Hoover — and that 70 per cent of what he did receive was complimentary.

McGovern, Muskie and now Boggs also seem to feel that Hoover's hold on public favor may be less firm than has long been assumed in this capital. They may be right and they may be wrong. Time will tell.

October 13, 1971

REC-1 94-1-25-657

Miss Helen Thomas
1711 Massachusetts Avenue, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20036

Dear Miss Thomas:

I received the invitation to attend your wedding reception on October 16th. While this is something I would certainly like to do, I regret that a prior commitment will preclude my having that pleasure.

I do want to extend my congratulations to Mr. Cornell and my heartiest best wishes to both of you for every happiness in the future.

Sincerely yours,

J. Edgar Hoover

1 - Miss Holmes

NOTE: Miss Thomas is on the Special Correspondents List. She is with the Washington Bureau of United Press International. Miriam Ottenberg whom she mentions is a reporter with the "Star" and is on the Special Correspondents List.

AWT:mrm (4)

Tolson
Felt
Rosen
Mohr
Bishop
Miller, E.S.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Dalbey
Cleveland
Ponder
Bates
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAILED 8
OCT 13 1971
FBI

51 OCT 19 1971

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

DO-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

(October 8, 1971)

MR. TOLSON
MR. FELT
MR. ROSEN
MR. MOHR
MR. BISHOP
MR. MILLER, E.S.
MR. CALLAHAN
MR. CASPER
MR. CONRAD
MR. DALBEY
MR. CLEVELAND
MR. PONDER
MR. BATES
MR. TAVEL
MR. WALTERS
MR. SOYARS
MR. JONES
TELE. ROOM
MISS HOLMES
MRS. METCALF
MISS GANDY

Dear Mr. Director--

I realize how busy you are but I hope very much that you can make the wedding on such short notice. Miriam Ottenberg reminded me that both ofuus have ties to the Justice Department and the FBI and the director who came to my inauguration as President of the Women's National Press Club.

Sincerely,

Helen Thomas UPI

SI-117

NOTED

COPY:wmc

Copy made for Tele. Rm.
10/8/71

REC-1
62-[illegible]-657

22 OCT 14 1971

ENCLOSURE

"ENCLOSURE ATTACHED"

Dear Mr. Director –

I realize how busy you are but I hope very much that you can make the wedding on such short notice.

[redacted]

[redacted] attorney reminded me that both of us have ties to the Justice Department and the FBI and the director who came to my inauguration as President of the Women's National Press Club. Sincerely

Helen Thomas UPI

Helen Thomas

WASHINGTON, D.C.
AM
7 OCT
1971

b6

Personal

Mr. J. Edgar Hoover
Federal Bureau of
Investigation
9th and constitution
Wash. D.C.

3 DIRECTOR
OCT 8 '71

FBI Law.

94-2-95-657

ENCLOSURE

The pleasure of your company is requested
at the wedding reception for
Miss Helen Thomas
and
Mr. Douglas Bartrem Cornell
on Saturday, the sixteenth of October
Nineteen hundred and seventy-one
at half after five o'clock
American Newspaper Women's Club
1607 Twenty-Second Street, Northwest
Washington, D.C.

94-8-95-657

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
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Miller, E.S.
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Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : MR. MOHR

DATE: 11-4-71

FROM : W. S. TAVEL

SUBJECT: UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL NEWSPICTURES - FACSIMILE SYSTEM

Mr. Bishop requested that I contact Mr. George Gaylin at United Press International (UPI) Newspictures who had called Bishop stating that UPI Newspictures has a facsimile system which they have developed for their own use and which they now are desirous of putting on the open market. Mr. Gaylin thought that the FBI might be interested in seeing a demonstration of this equipment.

I called Gaylin and learned that the equipment they have will transmit any type of graphic material and they use it for transmitting photographs worldwide. He stated that it has a resolution of about 120 to 160 lines per inch; is capable of transmitting over regular telephone lines; and it takes about 10 minutes to transmit an 8"x10" page. He stated that the transmitter sells for $2700. He did not have too much knowledge of the technical aspects of this equipment as to how it accomplishes the transmission; whether or not it is compatible with any other commercial facsimile equipment, etc.

I explained to Mr. Gaylin that our Identification Division had concluded after various tests that in order to transmit fingerprints in their normal size, a resolution of approximately 200 lines per inch is necessary and, therefore, I doubted that the UPI Newspictures equipment would be satisfactory for this purpose.

Without disclosing to him that we are now using facsimile equipment, I pointed out there is commercial equipment available which will transmit over regular telephone lines at a speed of 3 to 6 minutes per page with a resolution of about 87 lines per inch, which is entirely adequate for transmitting typed or written material or photographs. For this reason, it appeared that the UPI Newspictures equipment would not be suitable for the Bureau's needs since it is not adequate for fingerprints and is slower than other commercial equipment for other types of material.

REC-51 9- -658

6 NOV 12 1971

EX-101

1-Mr. Bishop
1-Mr. Conrad
1-Mr. Walters
1-Mr. Fisher

WST:jmr
(6) 54 NOV 19 1971

CONTINUED - OVER

Memo to Mr. Mohr from W. S. Tavel
Re: UPI Newspictures - Facsimile System

He asked if one of their technical people could contact me for further discussion and possibly a demonstration, and I told him that of course I would be glad to talk to whoever called.

Unless such discussion discloses some features different than described by Mr. Gaylin, it does not seem to me that the UPI Newspictures equipment would be anything in which the Bureau would be interested.

RECOMMENDATION:

Submitted for information.

EX-101

SAC, Miami

12/16/71

REC-28

Director, FBI 659

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
COVERAGE OF 1972 POLITICAL CONVENTIONS

Enclosed herewith is a copy of a United Press International (UPI) letter setting forth their plans for coverage of the 1972 Democratic and Republican Conventions.

The enclosed self-explanatory UPI letter outlines wire service UPI can make available to the Miami and San Diego Offices. The Bureau is a UPI subscriber in Washington, D. C. According to UPI, approximately 80% of news items transmitted locally will be received on Bureau's UPI Teletype.

The Bureau does not presently plan to purchase this additional service afforded by UPI in Washington, D. C. This letter is being furnished for your information and possible assistance.

Enclosure

1 - San Diego - Enc.

1 - Mr. T. J. Smith, 728 9&D (sent direct) Enc.
1 - Mr. Jackson, 5509 (sent direct) Enc.
BPF:geb
(7)

MAILED 25
DEC 16 1971
FBI

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

United Press International
GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK 17, N.Y.

C. EDMONDS ALLEN
DIRECTOR OF SPECIAL SERVICES

November 29, 1971

Mr. A. C. Frank
Room 2682
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Frank:

United Press International will again in 1972, as it has for all the major political conventions starting in 1948, operate a special wire for the Democratic Convention in Miami Beach and the Republican Convention in San Diego.

The wire will be patterned on the WCNS wire and run by John Vogt and his staff.

The circuit -- a 24-hour operation -- will begin its daily cycle at 8:00 a.m., opening with a calendar of convention events such as press conferences, caucuses, the schedules of the various candidates, etc. Following will be the main convention story, sidebars on related developments, accounts of candidates' activities, items on significant state delegations, demonstrations, statements and activities of pressure groups, and so forth. Additionally, of course, all major news stories will be covered on a running basis.

Correspondents advisories will be carried frequently to let those on the circuit know, for example, that the text of the platform is ready, that the convention program will be available at noon, that two candidates plan to meet in a hotel at 2:30 p.m., of upcoming news conferences, rescheduled caucuses, etc.

The wire will open one week ahead of the convention for those who plan to cover meetings of the platform, resolutions, credentials and other committees. It will close after the convention adjourns and the new national committee meets.

As you can imagine, setting up this circuit is a major undertaking, requiring involved arrangements with the telephone company for circuits and teleprinter reservations. It would be a great deal of help if you would signify your interest at the earliest time. The rate for a single installation for one convention is $450.00. The rate for a single installation at both conventions is $850.00. The rate for a second installation at either or both conventions is $400.00 per installation.

EX-101 REC-28 74 1-12-659

ENCLOSURE

7 DEC 20 1971

COMM-SECT.

During 1972, for the first time, the convention wire will be available all over the United States. The service will be available from the last week in June to the first week in September at $1,000.00. No partial service will be accepted as the installation line and equipment costs are such that there is practically no saving on a partial service.

Enclosed are forms for ordering this circuit at one or both conventions. Upon receipt of the order form we will reserve a printer or printers for you at the locations you designate. Billing will be done later to you or to whomever you indicate.

With all good wishes, I am

Sincerely,

CEA:ld
encs.

Date: _____

C. Edmonds Allen
United Press International
220 East 42nd Street
New York, New York 10017

1972 Convention Service

Rates - $450.00 for first printer and $400.00 for each additional printer in either city.

Number of Printers

Democratic Convention - Miami Beach

Convention Hall _____

Hotel _____

Other Locations:

_____

_____

Republican Convention - San Diego

Convention Hall _____

Hotel _____

Other Locations:

_____

_____

Amount of payment accompanying order: _____

_____
(Organization)

By: _____

(Please keep one copy of the order for your records)

ENCLOSURE 659

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
Felt
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Miller, E.S.
Callahan
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Dalbey
Cleveland
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Bates
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 12/9/71

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: ISABELLE HALL
WASHINGTON BUREAU REPRESENTATIVE OF
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)
REQUEST FOR DIRECTOR'S RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS

BACKGROUND:

By my memorandum to you (Mr. Bishop), 12/3/71, captioned as above, the Director agreed to give written answers to six questions submitted by Hall in her letter to Mr. Hoover of 12/1/71. She intends to use the Director's responses in a news story noting Mr. Hoover's birthday on 1/1/72.

Attached, for approval, are the Director's responses to the questions submitted by Hall. With the exception of her last question (concerning potential trouble at the upcoming Republican and Democratic national conventions), none of her questions were changed. This question was slightly altered since it requested an opinion of the Administration which would not be prudent for Mr. Hoover to make.

RECOMMENDATION:

That, if approved, someone from your (Mr. Bishop's) Office contact Hall and provide her with the attached responses by the Director to her questions.

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Bishop - Enc.
1 - Mr. Dalbey - Enc.
1 - Miss Gandy - Enc.
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt- Enc.
1 - M. A. Jones - Enc.

JHC:dsm
(8)

JAS/TJS

EX-104

660

SEE ADDENDUM PAGE 2

12-13-71

51 JAN 4 19

RE: ISABELLE HALL

ADDENDUM BY OFFICE OF LEGAL COUNSEL, 12/13/71, DJD:mfd.

To avoid another "Berrigan" situation, we suggest that in answering question number 6, the Director make no predictions other than those which have been made by persons and organizations themselves. Reference may be made to any public statement by Jerry Rubin, or the People's Coalition for Peace and Justice, or any other source in which that source publicly states intentions to disrupt, close down, or otherwise unfavorably affect the Republican or Democratic Conventions, but the Director's predictions should be limited to what these persons or organizations have themselves promised. The Director should not be in a position of predicting on his own initiative or FBI confidential information that any person or group will in the future commit an anti-social act.

I THINK ANSWER TO #6 IS REASONABLY WITHIN THE ABOVE GUIDELINES

December 13, 1971

QUESTION: President Nixon has said you shall remain as Director of the FBI so long as your health is good and you continue to perform in your usual outstanding manner. How is your health and have you any thoughts of retirement in the coming year or thereafter?

ANSWER: I am indeed fortunate in being blessed with excellent health. My last annual physical examination - a practice I have followed faithfully since 1938 - confirmed this. A balanced but moderate diet, annual physical examinations, and watchfulness over my weight have, I believe, been important keys to my health success. When I instituted a weight program for all our Agents some years ago, it provoked consternation among many. But the program has proved to be only troublesome to a few, and overall, has contributed greatly to keeping FBI Agents trim and fit.

As for retirement, I have never considered stepping down from my position in the FBI as long as I can be of service to my country and have the health, vigor, and enthusiasm to perform my responsibilities in the manner my superiors and the public have a right to expect.

1 - Miss Gandy

NOTE: See M. A. Jones to Mr. Bishop memo, dated 12/9/71, captioned, "Isabelle Hall, Washington Bureau Representative of United Press International, Request for Director's Response to Questions." JHC:dsm (8)

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Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ENCLOSURE

QUESTION: What is your response to critics who claim you harm the Bureau by old-fashioned methods, too tight control, and firm discipline?

ANSWER: Anyone who maintains that "old-fashioned methods" prevail in the FBI simply is exposing his ignorance of the day-to-day operation of this Bureau as well as its impact on the history of modern United States law enforcement. I am particularly proud of the fact that the FBI has pioneered, promoted, or endorsed every major contribution of the past 50 years to the modernization of law enforcement procedures, training and equipment. And we are not resting on our laurels. Today the FBI is involved in more far-reaching programs and innovations to improve our own operations and the quality of all law enforcement than in any time in our history.

Yes, we have tight controls and firm discipline in the FBI. Those that argue these organizational reins should be relaxed fail to understand the nature of FBI responsibilities and how little room they leave for error. In short, FBI responsibilities demand from our personnel nothing less than their pursuit of excellence. This goal requires stern self- and organizational discipline and we make no apologies for it.

QUESTION: What would be the most important advice you could pass on to whoever eventually becomes your successor?

ANSWER: I firmly believe that if the FBI is to remain a responsible agency of government, it must be led by someone who will instill it with, as I have always tried to do, principles of personal integrity, character, and dedication to duty. These qualities will insure that the FBI remains a servant of the people, never losing sight of its duty to search for the truth or its dedication to the highest ethical standards. This is the advice I would give my successor.

QUESTION: Do you feel any progress is being made against street crime and what can government and citizens do to quell it?

ANSWER: Progress is being made against street crimes in spite of the fact that these offenses continue to grow. This progress is evident in the fact that the police officer today is better paid, trained, and equipped than ever before. However, the current crime problem developed over a period of many years and it may take an equally long time to bring lawlessness under control.

Particularly helpful in increasing police capability has been the FBI's National Crime Information Center (NCIC). Through the instant retrieval of computer-stored data, NCIC is making available in minutes and seconds - to officers on the beat and on patrol throughout the Nation - vital law enforcement information enabling them to make on-the-scene decisions leading to arrests, recovery of stolen property, and the solution of crimes. This nationwide communication and data-retrieval system is dramatically improving police performance with record numbers of fugitive arrests and new highs in recoveries of stolen goods.

Citizens must learn that being a passive ally to crime - that is, looking the other way when offenses are committed and patronizing criminal enterprises - will only continue to strengthen the lawless element. The public is naturally outraged by the condition of crime but this is not enough; it must also be militant against those who contribute to criminality by treating the law with disdain.

Quelling crime will also require that government carefully overhaul the criminal justice system. Recidivism among offenders must be replaced by rehabilitation of criminals as constructive members of society. On the other hand, the constitutional guarantee - "The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures..." - must also be understood to apply equally to protection from criminal attack. Government needs the power to deal effectively with the lawless as it has to control and censure its own representatives who, through misplaced zeal, sometimes violate constitutional guarantees.

QUESTION: What is the current ratio of white Agents to minority group Agents? Will you ever permit women to be Agents?

ANSWER: Of approximately 8,500 Special Agents, the FBI currently has 135 from minority groups consisting of blacks, American Indians, orientals, and those with Spanish surnames. Nothing would please me more than to have a much greater minority group representation among our Special Agent complement, as we have been able to achieve in non-investigative positions. However, while the FBI is unequivocally dedicated to the principles of equal employment opportunity, I will not relax the high qualifications the FBI has traditionally demanded of its Special Agent applicants simply to play a numbers game with the very important issue of minority employment. To do so would only slur those who seek true equality, weaken FBI efficiency and morale, and destroy public confidence in our standards. Anyone who becomes an employee of the FBI does so regardless of his race, color, or creed. This fact, more than any other, engenders a real sense of pride, accomplishment, and equality in our employees.

Following the most careful consideration, it is our conclusion in the FBI that we must use only men in the position of Special Agent. Due to the diverse situations with which Special Agents are confronted, many of which are combat in nature, we must employ in that position men who are fully qualified and on whom we can rely to discharge effectively under any contingency the full range of duties for which they are responsible.

QUESTION: Does your intelligence indicate a high potential for trouble at the Republican and/or Democratic national conventions in 1972, or have the radical groups diminished and quieted down?

ANSWER: From present indications, extremist and radical groups will make every effort to mobilize demonstrations and promote disruptive tactics in connection with the Republican and Democratic national conventions next year. The Peoples Coalition for Peace and Justice, which sponsored efforts last spring to close down the city of Washington, D. C., is already making preparations to harass the conventions. The National Peace Action Coalition, which is controlled by the Trotskyist Socialist Workers Party, is also pointing its activities toward demonstrations directed against the conventions. Jerry Rubin, well-known New Leftist leader, has publicly proclaimed that he will attempt to mobilize thousands of extremists for disruptive purposes. There seems no doubt but that the Republican and Democratic conventions will become the targets of extensive disruptive tactics.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
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Mohr
Bishop
Miller, E. S.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Dalbey
Cleveland
Ponder
Bates
Tavel
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Bishop

DATE: 12-3-71

FROM : M. A. Jones

SUBJECT: ISABELLE HALL
WASHINGTON BUREAU REPRESENTATIVE OF
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)
REQUEST FOR DIRECTOR'S RESPONSE TO QUESTIONS

BACKGROUND:

By letter of 12-1-71, Hall submitted six questions for the Director which she hoped he would "...find a few minutes to answer...for use in a news story noting your birthday on January 1." Hall's letter further notes that there is speculation that the Director might "step down" and she hoped, that as he has in past years, Mr. Hoover would give a "positive" response to such speculation. The letter concludes with Hall expressing her hope that the Director will have a "pleasant" birthday, adding that "readers also are always interested in how you spend a birthday and where."

INFORMATION IN BUFILES:

Hall is well known to us as the UPI Representative covering the Justice Department. For many years we enjoyed cordial relations with her and she was on the Director's Special Correspondents List (SCL) but later removed at the Director's instructions. Hall has made a number of requests to interview the Director, all of which have been denied, but we did cooperate with her on a number of favorable articles concerning the FBI.

However, on 12-31-70, Hall prepared an article for UPI which contained several glaring inaccuracies concerning the Director's vacation to Florida. This article prompted Mr. Hoover to note: "The UPI is certainly short on facts," and subsequently he instructed that Hall "...be given no further assistance."

The most recent recorded contact with Hall was in July, 1971, when the Director approved, in response to her request, giving UPI in round figures the number of FBI Resident Agencies.

94-[illegible]-661

CONTINUED - OVER

1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
1 - M. A. Jones

EX-101 REC 25

15 DEC 22 1971

COPY MADE FOR MR. TOLSON

JHCwm (5)

DEC 30 1971

CRIME RESEARCH

M. A. Jones to Bishop Memo
RE: ISABELLE HALL

OBSERVATION:

Hall's questions deal with 1) retirement, 2) FBI discipline, 3) Director's advice to any successor, 4) street crime, 5) minority employment in the FBI, and 6) potential for trouble at Republican and Democrat National Conventions in '72. All of these questions are straightforward and do not appear difficult to answer in terms that should benefit the Bureau.

Furthermore, the UPI service offers an opportunity to get nationwide coverage of the Director's views at a time when dedicated FBI-haters can be expected to issue carping statements concerning his age and continuance in office.

Hall's letter also seems to leave open the possibility that the Director might discuss other subjects not specifically mentioned in her correspondence.

RECOMMENDATION:

That, if approved, this memorandum be returned to your (Mr. Bishop's) office where someone will telephonically acknowledge Hall's letter and advise her that answers to the questions will be provided by the Director in the near future.

Ltr to Hall
with Rec'd
12/3/71

JCS

TCB

12/6/71
Mr Dalbey will review answers prior to their being furnished to Director for approval.

WBS

PLM

- 2 -

OK

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

Written From
WASHINGTON BUREAU
315 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20004

Mr. Tolson
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Miller, E.S.
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Bates
Mr. Tavel
Mr. Walters
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room
Miss Holmes
Miss Gandy

Dec. 1, 1971

Hon. J. Edgar Hoover
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Department of Justice
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Hoover:

I enclose a few questions in the hope that this year you can find a few minutes to answer them for use in a news story noting your birthday on January 1.

While I dislike having to pester you about retirement, I'm sure you know it becomes a newsworthy question at least semi-annually. I see the New York Times already is speculating you will step down.

You have always been very positive in responding to such speculation in past years and I hope you will again. I have enclosed a few other questions as well.

Readers also are always interested in how you spend a birthday and where. I hope it is a pleasant one.

Yours sincerely,

Isabelle Hall

Isabelle Hall

EX-101

NLC-32

94-2-28-662

15 DEC 22 1971

ENCLOSURE

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

Written From
WASHINGTON BUREAU
315 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D. C. 20004

QUESTIONS TO MR. HOOVER

1. President Nixon has said you shall remain as Director of the FBI so long as your health is good and you continue to perform in your usual outstanding manner. How is your health and have you any thoughts of retirement in the coming year or thereafter?

2. What is your response to critics who claim you harm the bureau by old fashioned methods, too tight control and firm discipline?

3. What would be the most important advice you could pass on to whoever eventually becomes your successor?

4. Do you feel any progress is being made against street crime and what can government and citizens do to quell it?

5. What is the current ratio of white agents to minority group agents? Will you ever permit women to be agents?

6. Does your intelligence indicate a high potential for trouble at the Republican and/or Democrat national conventions in 1972 or have the radical groups in this country been diminished and quieted through the administration's vigorous prosecution of certain leaders?

94-1-95-662

ENCLOSURE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Tolson
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Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 12/27/71

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: ISABELLE HALL
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)
STORY ON MR. HOOVER'S 77TH BIRTHDAY

In a ticker story sent over UPI by the above-captioned individual for use on December 26th or thereafter, Hall states that there have been changes in 6 of the 13 top posts in the FBI hierarchy recently and "a seventh is imminent." Mr. Hoover has inquired, "Who is this?H."

While it cannot be positively stated who Hall is apparently referring to, it would appear that she is making reference to Assistant Director William S. Tavel whose retirement will be effective at close of business 12/31/71 and who will be succeeded by Frank W. Waikart effective 1/1/72.

RECOMMENDATION

None. For information.

1 - Mr. Mohr
1 - Mr. Tavel
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones

TEB:asg
(5)

EX-117

REC-60

94-8-95-663

18 JAN 10 1972

CRIME RESEARCH

SENT DIRECTOR
12-27-71

PERS. REC. UNIT

54 JAN 12 1972

COPY RETAINED IN RECORDS UNIT

0-20 (Rev. 10-1-71)

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Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

DEC 26

304A HFR
HOOVER 12-20 WA
ADV FOR AMS SUN DEC 26 OR THEREAFTER
(PICTURES)
BY ISABELLE HALL

WASHINGTON (UPI) --J. EDGAR HOOVER, WHO CELEBRATES HIS 77TH BIRTHDAY NEW YEAR'S DAY, SAYS HE HAS NEVER CONSIDERED STEPPING DOWN AS DIRECTOR OF THE FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION DESPITE NEARLY A HALF-CENTURY OF SERVICE.

HOOVER HAS SERVED PAST THE MANDATORY RETIREMENT AGE OF 70 FOR FEDERAL EMPLOYES AT THE EXPRESS PLEASURE OF PRESIDENTS LYNDON B. JOHNSON AND RICHARD M. NIXON SINCE MAY, 1964. NIXON HAS SAID HOOVER WILL STAY ON AS LONG AS HIS HEALTH AND PERFORMANCE REMAIN GOOD.

"I AM INDEED FORTUNATE IN BEING BLESSED WITH EXCELLENT HEALTH," HOOVER TOLD UPI IN ANSWER TO WRITTEN QUESTIONS.

"AS FOR RETIREMENT, I HAVE NEVER CONSIDERED STEPPING DOWN FROM MY POSITION IN THE FBI AS LONG AS I CAN BE OF SERVICE TO MY COUNTRY AND HAVE THE HEALTH, VIGOR AND ENTHUSIASM TO PERFORM MY RESPONSIBILITIES IN THE MANNER MY SUPERIORS AND THE PUBLIC HAVE A RIGHT TO EXPECT."

HOOVER TOOK A TOUGH LINE IN RESPONSE TO HIS CRITICS. HE WILL NEVER RELAX HIS "STERN SELF- AND ORGANIZATIONAL-DISCIPLINE, AND WE MAKE NO APOLOGIES FOR IT."

EX-117 ENCLOSURE 94-8-95-663

THERE HAVE BEEN CHANGES IN SIX OF THE 13 TOP POSTS IN THE FBI HIERARCHY RECENTLY, AND A SEVENTH IS IMMINENT.

WILLIAM C. SULLIVAN, ASSISTANT TO THE DIRECTOR WHO HAD BRIEFLY BEEN CONSIDERED HOOVER'S HEIR APPARENT, WAS REPORTED TO HAVE BEEN FORCED TO RESIGN IN A DISPUTE OVER POLICY AND METHODS. HOOVER HAS BEEN ACCUSED OF RUINING HIS AGENCY WITH ARBITRARY DISCIPLINE.

18 JAN 10 1972

FORMER ATTORNEY GENERAL RAMSEY CLARK ONCE CHARGED HOOVER WITH SO DOMINATING THE FBI WITH A "SELF-CENTERED CONCERN FOR HIS REPUTATION" THAT THE AGENCY SOMETIMES SACRIFICED EFFECTIVE CRIME CONTROL IN A PURSUIT OF PERSONAL GLORY. HOOVER CALLED CLARK "A JELLYFISH."

SENT DIRECTOR 12-21-71

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

Who is this? Bishop to Felt Memo 12/27/71 T E Gurley

"YES, WE HAVE TIGHT CONTROLS AND FIRM DISCIPLINE IN THE FBINZ- HE TOLD UPI

"YES, WE HAVE TIGHT CONTROLS AND FIRM DISCIPLINE IN THE FBI," HE TOLD UPI. "THOSE THAT ARGUE THESE ORGANIZATIONAL REINS SHOULD BE RELAXED FAIL TO UNDERSTAND THE NATURE OF FBI RESPONSIBILITIES AND HOW LITTLE ROOM THEY LEAVE FOR ERROR.

"ANYONE WHO MAINTAINS THAT 'OLD-FASHIONED METHODS' PREVAIL IN THE FBI SIMPLY IS EXPOSING HIS IGNORANCE OF THE DAY-TO-DAY OPERATION OF THIS BUREAU AS WELL AS ITS IMPACT ON THE HISTORY OF MODERN UNITED STATES LAW ENFORCEMENT," HE SAID.

HOOVER HAS LONG BEEN CRITICIZED FOR HIS RECORD ON HIRING OF MINORITIES. HE HAS BEEN SUED BY TWO WOMEN SEEKING COURT ORDERS FORCING HIM TO RELAX HIS RULE AGAINST FEMALE AGENTS.

"OF APPROXIMATELY 8,500 SPECIAL AGENTS," HE SAID, "THE FBI CURRENTLY HAS 135 FROM MINORITY GROUPS CONSISTING OF BLACKS, AMERICAN INDIANS, ORIENTALS AND THOSE WITH SPANISH SURNAMES."

WHILE NOTHING WOULD PLEASE HIM MORE THAN TO INCREASE THE MINORITY REPRESENTATION, HOOVER DECLARED, "I WILL NOT RELAX THE HIGH QUALIFICATIONS THE FBI HAS TRADITIONALLY DEMANDED OF ITS SPECIAL AGENT APPLICANTS SIMPLY TO PLAY A NUMBERS GAME WITH THE VERY IMPORTANT ISSUE OF MINORITY EMPLOYMENT."

"TO DO SO," HE SAID, "WOULD ONLY SLUR THOSE WHO SEEK TRUE EQUALITY, WEAKEN FBI EFFICIENCY AND MORALE, AND DESTROY PUBLIC CONFIDENCE IN OUR STANDARDS."

HOOVER SAID THE QUESTION OF WOMEN HAD BEEN GIVEN "THE MOST CAREFUL CONSIDERATION," BUT HE SAID "IT IS OUR CONCLUSION IN THE FBI THAT WE MUST USE ONLY MEN IN THE POSITION OF SPECIAL AGENT."

WHILE HOOVER IS ADAMANT ABOUT FEMALE AGENTS, IT WAS RECENTLY DISCLOSED THAT HIS OWN PERSOMWL SECRETARY -- WHO HAS THE TITLE OF EXECUTIVE ASSISTANT -- IS ONE OF THE THREE HIGHEST PAID WOMEN IN THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT AND RANKS AMONG THE HIGHEST IN FEDERAL EMPLOYMENT.

MISS HELEN GANDY, AT AGE 74 JUST THREE YEARS YOUNGER THAN HER BOSS, HAS ALMOST AS MUCH TENURE. SHE BEGAN WORK AT THE DEPARTMENT MORE THAN 53 YEARS AGO, ON MARCH 25, 1918.

HOOVER JOINED THE DEPARTMENT JULY 26, 1917, AND BECAME DIRECTOR OF THE FBI'S PREDECESSOR AGENCY -- THE BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION -- ON MAY 10, 1924.

ALSO IN HOOVER'S OFFICE IS HIS LIFELONG FRIEND AND ASSISTANT, ASSOCIATE DIRECTOR CLYDE A. TOLSON, THE NO. 2 MAN AT THE FBI, WHO DESPITE A SERIOUS ILLNESS IS SERVING PAST HIS 70TH BIRTHDAY AT HOOVER'S PLEASURE. HE WILL BE 72 IN MAY.

"I FIRMLY BELIEVE THAT IF THE FBI IS TO REM

HOOVER HAD THIS ADVICE FOR WHOEVER MIGHT TAKE OVER THE FBI SOME DAY:

"I FIRMLY BELIEVE THAT IF THE FBI IS TO REMAIN A RESPONSIBLE AGENCY OF GOVERNMENT, IT MUST BE LED BY SOMEONE WHO WILL INSTILL IT WITH, AS I HAVE ALWAYS TRIED TO DO, PRINCIPLES OF PERSONAL INTEGRITY, CHARACTER AND DEDICATION TO DUTY."

AL THOUGH HE THINKS PROGRESS IS BEING MADE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST STREET CRIME, HOOVER SAID ZTHE CURRENT CR

ALTHOUGH HE THINKS PROGRESS IS BEING MADE IN THE FIGHT AGAINST STREET CRIME, HOOVER SAID "THE CURRENT CRIME PROBLEM DEVELOPED OVER A LONG PERIOD OF MANY YEARS, AND IT MAY TAKE AN EQUALLY LONG TIME TO BRING LAWLESSNESS UNDER CONTROL.

"CITIZENS MUST LEARN THAT BEING A PASSIVE ALLY TO CRIME -- THAT IS, LOOKING THE OTHER WAY WHEN OFFENSES ARE COMMITTED AND PATRONIZING CRIMINAL ENTERPRISES -- WILL ONLY CONTINUE TO STRENGTHEN THE LAWLESS ELEMENT."

"IT (THE PUBLIC) MUST ALSO BE MILITANT AGAINST THOSE WHO CONTRIBUTE TO CRIMINALITY TO BREATING THE LAW WITH DISDAIN."

HOOVER AGREES THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE SYSTEM MUST BE OVERHAULED BUT STRESSED THAT THE CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEE OF THE 4TH AMENDMENT AGAINST UNREASONABLE SEARCH AND SEIZURE "MUST ALSO BE UNDERSTOOD TO APPLY EQUALLY TO PROTECTION FROM CRIMINAL ATTACK."

ADV FOR AMS SUN DEC 26 OR THEREAFTER

EH/JG1145PES..

Henceforth we will answer no questions for this woman. She can't refrain from putting some "attaboy" things in.

H

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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TO : Mr. Conrad

DATE: 5/18/72

FROM : W. W. Bradley

SUBJECT: ROBERT SHERMAN
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)
MIAMI, FLORIDA
TELEPHONE 305-944-2111

Mr. Sherman called from Miami, Florida on 5-17-72, and requested that he be furnished radio frequencies in use by the Bureau in the Miami area so that he could purchase equipment capable of monitoring the Bureau's frequencies during the political conventions to be held later this year. He advised that UPI is setting up radio monitoring facilities covering police departments and other agencies so that they would have knowledge of events as they occur during the conventions.

Mr. Sherman was advised that the Bureau's radio frequencies are confidential and cannot be released due to security restrictions. He stated he could obtain a tunable receiver and monitor our frequencies in this manner but he would prefer to buy equipment on our exact frequencies. It was pointed out to him that legal aspects of the proposed monitoring should also be considered and that he would be advised further in this regard.

The General Investigative Division has advised that unauthorized monitoring of Bureau frequencies is a technical violation of the Interception of Communications statute. Inspector John A. Mintz of the Office of Legal Counsel advises that Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 16.12 prohibits employees of the FBI and the Department from disclosing any information from files without prior approval of the Attorney General. He suggests that Mr. Sherman be advised of this prohibition and also that he may wish to contact the local United States Attorney with regard to legal restrictions which may apply to monitoring radio frequencies under the Interception of Communications statute.

RECOMMENDATION:

94-8-95-665

That Mr. Sherman be advised along the lines suggested by Inspector Mintz.

If approved memo should be returned to Laboratory for handling.

Sherman advised 5/22/72 WWB

1 - Mr. Rosen
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. Conrad
1 - Mr. Bradley
1 - Mr. Bates
1 - Mr. E. S. Miller
1 - Mr. Dalbey

WWB:meh
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62 MAY 30 1972

6 MAY 23 1972

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 5/12/72

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: NEWS COVERAGE OF ACTING DIRECTOR GRAY OCCUPYING NEW OFFICES, TUESDAY A.M., MAY 16, 1972

Mrs. Neenan has advised that Mr. Gray had agreed to permit a photographer from Knight Newspapers to take some pictures of Mr. Gray arriving at and occupying his new suite of offices on the fifth floor of the Justice Building at 7:55 a.m. on Tuesday, May 16th. Mrs. Neenan has advised that Mr. Gray has indicated that if there are other news sources desiring to photographically cover this it would be permissible to do so.

The three major television networks-NBC, ABC and CBS--have all indicated that they wish to cover this event as have representatives of United Press International Photos and Associated Press Photos. This means that there will be representatives from all of the above, including a still photographer from Knight Newspapers, present on the morning of May 16th. They all are interested in filming Mr. Gray opening the door into his office suite, which now bears his name, as well as pictures of him seated at the desk in his new office. Naturally, if Mr. Gray can see his way clear to say a few words at this time the television networks would be most appreciative, and I think this would be very appropriate. Bishop and men from his office will be present to insure that this is handled in an orderly manner.

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-116395-96

94-f-95-

NOT RECORDED

141 MAY 23 1972

RECOMMENDATION.

None. For information.

1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mrs. Neenan
1 - Miss McCord
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones

TEB:asg
(5)

3 MAY 18 1972

CRIME RESEARCH

1 MAY 24 1972

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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TO : MR. MOHR

DATE: March 13, 1972

FROM : N. P. CALLAHAN

SUBJECT: DIRECTOR'S TESTIMONY
SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE
Friday, March 10, 1972

The Director on the attached memorandum of March 10, 1972, captioned as above reporting comments made by newspeople concerning the "extraordinary" security around the Capitol during the Director's testimony and on the attached news item appearing in the Saturday edition of the Evening Star captioned "Hoover Testifies, Press Gets Boot" the Director noted on each of these items: "I assume we issued no such orders. H."

While picking up the transcript of the Director's testimony from Joe T. McDonnell this morning he referred to the comments in the Press concerning the Director's appearance and the security measures undertaken and stated the Press overplayed the observation that the security measures around the hearing room were "FBI Orders". McDonnell stated he challenged Sergeant at Arms Robert Dunphy with regard to this matter who stated the idea that the security precautions taken were FBI Orders emanated from William Wannall, Assistant Sergeant at Arms of the Senate in making this statement to the Press and that he, Dunphy, told the Press that Wannall had misunderstood instructions from the Appropriations Committee and that the action taken was the result of the Sergeant at Arms carrying out his responsibility for the security in the Capitol and that Wannall was not acting on FBI Orders. The attached UPI-160 makes reference to this.

With regard to the Committee instructions to the Sergeant at Arms McDonnell stated that they had merely requested the Sergeant at Arms to keep the hallway outside of the hearing room clear of photographers and newspeople without specifying precisely what security beyond that should be invoked and that the action taken was the responsibility and on the orders of the Sergeant at Arms of the Senate.

94-8-75

The above is submitted for information.

NOT RECORDED
202 MAR 21 1972

1 - Mr. Bishop (sent direct)

NPC:gt
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ENCLOSURE

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57 MAR 23 1972

THREE

ORIGINAL FILED IN 67-94375-179

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UPI-1CO
(FBI)

WASHINGTON--REPORTERS WAITING FOR J. EDGAR HOOVER, FBI DIRECTOR, TO LEAVE A SENATE HEARING ROOM TODAY WERE TOLD TO WAIT FOR HIM OUTSIDE THE BUILDING "UNDER FBI ORDERS."

HOOVER TESTIFIED BEFORE A CLOSED SESSION OF THE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE CONSIDERING FUNDS TO RUN THE FBI NEXT FISCAL YEAR. THE COMMITTEE HEARING ROOM IS IN THE CAPITOL BUILDING DOWN A LONG CORRIDOR FROM THE FRONT ENTRANCE.

A SMALL GROUP OF REPORTERS WAS WAITING FOR HOOVER TO LEAVE THE ROOM IN THE HOPES OF ASKING HIM QUESTIONS.

WILLIAM VANNALL, ASSISTANT SERGEANT AT ARMS, TOLD THE REPORTERS TO LEAVE THE BUILDING TO WAIT FOR HOOVER. THE REPORTERS ASKED WHY AND NOTED THE NORMAL PROCEDURE IS TO WAIT OUTSIDE THE HEARING ROOM OF A CLOSED SESSION TO INTERVIEW WITNESSES.

VANNALL REPLIED, "THESE ARE FBI ORDERS." TOLD THE FBI DOESN'T RUN THE CAPITOL, HE REPLIED, "I DON'T KNOW, WE'RE UNDER FBI ORDERS."

HE SAID THE REPORTERS COULD NOT EVEN WAIT IN THE HALLWAY ALTHOUGH TOURISTS AND BUILDING EMPLOYES WERE WALKING BY THE FOUR OR FIVE POLICEMEN GUARDING THE HALLWAY SEEMINGLY WITHOUT NOTICE.

"NO, YOU HAVE TO WAIT OUTSIDE THE BUILDING," VANNALL SAID.

ROBERT DUNPHY, SERGEANT AT ARMS WHO HAS ULTIMATE RESPONSIBILITY FOR SECURITY IN THE CAPITOL, TOLD UPI THAT VANNALL MISUNDERSTOOD. HE SAID VANNALL WAS NOT ACTING ON FBI ORDERS. THEY WERE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE INSTRUCTIONS, HE SAID.

"THE COMMITTEE DID NOT AUTHORIZE A STAKE-OUT," DUNPHY SAID. HE SAID THIS MEANT THE USUAL PROCEDURE THEN IS THAT THE REPORTERS HAVE TO LEAVE THE BUILDING TO WAIT FOR WITNESSES AND COULD NOT WAIT IN THE HALLWAYS.

3-10--EXS12PES

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

ENCLOSURE ENCLOSURE 94-8-95

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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TO : MR. MOHR

DATE: March 10, 1972

FROM : N. P. CALLAHAN

SUBJECT: DIRECTOR'S TESTIMONY
SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE
Friday, March 10, 1972

Special Agent Joseph E. Henehan, Budget and Accounting Section of the Administrative Division, while waiting to pick up Mr. Mohr at the Capitol was approached by a newswoman who did not identify herself who inquired as to why there was such "extraordinary" security around the Capitol during Mr. Hoover's testimony and she had "never seen anything like it before." SA Henehan replied that he was not aware of it and walked away from the woman. The woman then stated she thought Mr. Hoover had probably ordered it. SA Henehan said nothing further as he thought this woman was attempting to engage him in a conversation.

A Capitol policeman was overheard telling some newspeople that the extra precautions are always set up when a VIP is in the building. It was noted that no newspeople were permitted to enter the building and cameramen were not allowed to enter the archway under the steps.

The above is for information.

1 - Mr. Bishop (sent direct)

JH:gt
4

I assume we did not ask for it.
& Memo of Mr. Mohr rec'd 3/13/72

94-8-95

4 ENCLOSURE

4 ENCLOSURE

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CAPITOL PRESIDENT

Hoover Testifies, Press Gets Boot

United Press International

A security net tighter than that provided President Nixon when he visits the Capitol suddenly was thrown around FBI Director J. Edgar Hoover, apparently to protect him from newsmen.

The only explanation given shivering reporters who were chased outside without coats into the 40-degree cold yesterday was "FBI orders."

The 76-year-old Hoover testified at a closed door Senate Appropriations subcommittee hearing on the FBI's proposed $336 million budget for the fiscal year starting July 1.

The edict to bar newsmen was later relaxed and newsmen were allowed to stand in a hall some 20 yards away, although tourists and Capitol employes were permitted to pass by the committee room unchallenged.

Not even for Nixon — or for visiting foreign dignitaries such as Britain's Prince Charles or Yugoslavia's President Joseph Tito — have reporters been forbidden access to the Capitol. Though identification is checked and some areas sealed off on such occasions, properly accredited correspondents may move freely.

Hoover told the subcommittee that homegrown terrorists and hate groups — as well as Communists both here and abroad — continue to pose "a very serious threat" to national security.

Keeping an eye on them in the last fiscal year helped cost the FBI in overtime enough to hire another 2,066 agents, he said in prepared testimony.

He said investigating such subversive elements constitutes "a major responsibility" of FBI work, to the extent it took an average of 2,311 agents a month during the 1971 fiscal year just to do "civil rights work, along with work related to covering racial disturbances and keeping abreast of the activities of extremist and hate groups."

Copies of his prepared testimony were provided after the session started.

"Heavy demands are placed upon the FBI to provide coverage of the activities of hard-core New Left terrorists and black and white extremists," his statement said in part. "Urban guerrilla warfare espoused by some of these groups poses a very serious threat to law enforcement and to the entire nation.

"Old-line Communist organizations are continuing their efforts to influence the American people and there has been no indication that Communist nations have abandoned their resolve to undermine the security of the United States through espionage and subversion. Coverage of the many-faceted threats to the internal security of the country places a tremendous burden on the FBI's investigative staff."

Hoover did not ask for money to hire any more personnel. But he said the 8,631 agents he now has are so badly overworked they put in 4.3 million hours of overtime in fiscal 1971—an average of 2.5 hours a day.

The difference between the overtime paid and the salaries those extra agents would have drawn would also have saved the government $14.6 million, Hoover said.

I assume we carried no such orders.

Memo to Mr. Mohr & Mr. Felt 3/13/72

The Washington Post
Times Herald
The Washington Daily News
The Evening Star (Washington) A-1
The Sunday Star (Washington)
Daily News (New York)
Sunday News (New York
New York Post
The New York Times
The Daily World
The New Leader
The Wall Street Journal
The National Observer
People's World

Date MAR 11 1972

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HOOVER 3-11

WASHINGTON (UPI) --FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER TOLD CONGRESS THAT HOME-GROWN TERRORISTS AND HATE GROUPS--AS WELL AS COMMUNISTS BOTH HERE AND ABROAD--CONTINUE TO POSE "A VERY SERIOUS THREAT" TO NATIONAL SECURITY.

AND KEEPING AN EYE ON THEM IN THE LAST FISCAL YEAR HELPED COST THE FBI IN OVERTIME ENOUGH TO HIRE ANOTHER 2,066 AGENTS, HE SAID IN PREPARED TESTIMONY FRIDAY.

HE SAID INVESTIGATING SUCH SUBVERSIVE ELEMENTS CONSTITUTES "A MAJOR RESPONSIBILITY" OF FBI WORK, TO THE EXTENT IT TOOK AN AVERAGE OF 2,311 AGENTS A MONTH DURING THE 1971 FISCAL YEAR JUST TO DO "CIVIL RIGHTS .. WORK, ALONG WITH WORK RELATED TO COVERING RACIAL DISTURBANCES AND KEEPING ABREAST OF THE ACTIVITIES OF EXTREMIST AND HATE GROUPS."

HOOVER TESTIFIED AT A CLOSED SESSION OF THE SENATE APPROPRIATIONS COMMITTEE ON THE FBI'S PROPOSED $336.3 MILLION BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR BEGINNING JULY 1.

THOUGH REPORTERS WERE NOT ALLOWED NEAR HOOVER TO QUESTION HIM, COPIES OF HIS PREPARED TESTIMONY WERE PROVIDED AFTER THE SESSION STARTED.

"HEAVY DEMANDS ARE PLACED UPON THE FBI TO PROVIDE COVERAGE OF THE ACTIVITIES OF HARD-CORE NEW LEFT TERRORISTS AND BLACK AND WHITE EXTREMISTS," HIS STATEMENT SAID IN PART. "URBAN GUERRILLA WARFARE ESPOUSED BY SOME OF THESE GROUPS POSES A VERY SERIOUS THREAT TO LAW ENFORCEMENT AND TO THE ENTIRE NATION.

"OLD-LINE COMMUNIST ORGANIZATIONS ARE CONTINUING THEIR EFFORTS TO INFLUENCE THE AMERICAN PEOPLE AND THERE HAS BEEN NO INDICATION THAT COMMUNIST NATIONS HAVE ABANDONED THEIR RESOLVE TO UNDERMINE THE SECURITY OF THE UNITED STATES THROUGH ESPIONAGE AND SUBVERSION. COVERAGE OF THE MANY-FACETED THREATS TO THE INTERNAL SECURITY OF THE COUNTRY PLACES A TREMENDOUS BURDEN ON THE FBI'S INVESTIGATIVE STAFF."

HOOVER DID NOT ASK FOR MONEY TO HIRE ANY MORE PERSONNEL. BUT HE SAID THE 8,631 AGENTS HE NOW HAS ARE SO BADLY OVERWORKED THEY PUT IN 4.3 MILLION HOURS OF OVERTIME IN FISCAL 1971--AN AVERAGE OF 2.5 HOURS A DAY. HE SAID THIS AMOUNTED TO THE FULL-TIME SERVICES OF 2,066 ADDITIONAL AGENTS.

94-8-95-

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

ENCLOSURE

THE DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE OVERTIME PAID AND THE SALARIES THOSE EXTRA AGENTS WOULD HAVE DRAWN WOULD ALSO HAVE SAVED THE GOVERNMENT $14.6 MILLION, HOOVER SAID.

HOOVER'S PROPOSED BUDGET EARMARKED $950,000 FOR ADVANCED WORK ON THE FBI'S NEW COMPUTERIZED FINGERPRINT SYSTEM. HE SAID THERE ARE NOW 196 MILLION SETS OF PRINTS ON FILE AT THE BUREAU.

ALSO INCLUDED WAS $1.3 MILLION FOR THE NEW FBI ACADEMY AT QUANTICO, VA.; AND $22.3 MILLION TOWARD CONSTRUCTION OF THE NEW FBI HEADQUARTERS BEING BUILT IN WASHINGTON.

UPI 03-11 05:21 AES

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UPI-17

(HOOVER)

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WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

ENCLOSURE 94-8-95-

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SECURITY 3-10

WITH HOOVER

WASHINGTON (UPI)--A SECURITY NET TIGHTER THAN THAT PROVIDED PRESIDENT NIXON WHEN HE VISITS THE CAPITOL SUDDENLY WAS THROWN AROUND FBI DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER FRIDAY AFTERNOON, APPARENTLY TO PROTECT HIM FROM NEWSMEN.

THE ONLY EXPLANATION GIVEN SHIVERING REPORTERS WHO WERE CHASED OUTSIDE WITHOUT COATS INTO 40-DEGREE COLD WAS "FBI ORDERS."

THE 76-YEAR-OLD HOOVER ARRIVED SHORTLY BEFORE 2 P.M. TO TESTIFY AT A CLOSED-DOOR SENATE APPROPRIATIONS SUBCOMMITTEE HEARING ON THE FBI'S PROPOSED $336 MILLION BUDGET FOR THE FISCAL YEAR STARTING JULY 1.

REPORTERS AND PHOTOGRAPHERS WERE ALLOWED INTO THE COMMITTEE ROOM BRIEFLY BEFORE THE SESSION STARTED AND, ALTHOUGH NOT ALLOWED TO QUESTION HOOVER, WERE PERMITTED TO STAND AS CLOSE AS TWO FEET FROM HIM AS HE SAT AT THE COMMITTEE TABLE.

AN HOUR LATER, NEWSMEN WAITING OUTSIDE THE COMMITTEE ROOM DOOR ON THE CAPITOL'S FIRST FLOOR TO CATCH THE FBI DIRECTOR FOR QUESTIONS AS HE LEFT WERE SUDDENLY ORDERED TO LEAVE THE BUILDING.

THE EDICT WAS LATER RELAXED AND NEWSMEN WERE ALLOWED TO STAND IN A HALLWAY SOME 20 YARDS AWAY, ALTHOUGH TOURISTS AND CAPITOL EMPLOYES WERE PERMITTED TO PASS BY THE COMMITTEE ROOM UNCHALLENGED.

"THESE ARE FBI ORDERS," SAID WILLIAM WANNALL, ASSISTANT SENATE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS.

AT 4:30 P.M., POLICE ANNOUNCED THE BUILDING WAS CLOSED AND BEGAN CLEARING THE HALLWAY.

NOT EVEN FOR NIXON -- OR FOR VISITING FOREIGN DIGNITARIES SUCH AS BRITAIN'S PRINCE CHARLES OR YUGOSLAVIA'S PRESIDENT JOSEPH TITO -- HAVE REPORTERS BEEN FORBIDDEN ACCESS TO THE CAPITOL. THOUGH IDENTIFICATION IS CHECKED AND SOME AREAS SEALED OFF ON SUCH OCCASIONS, PROPERLY ACCREDITED CORRESPONDENTS MAY MOVE FREELY.

ROBERT DUNPHY, THE SENATE SERGEANT-AT-ARMS, TOLD UPI WANNALL HAD MISUNDERSTOOD. HE SAID IT WAS COMMITTEE INSTRUCTIONS, NOT FBI ORDERS, THAT WANNALL WAS FOLLOWING.

UPI 03-10 10:09 PES

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

ENCLOSURE 94-8-95

0-20 (Rev. 12-30-71)

Tolson
Felt
Rosen
Mohr
Bishop
Miller, E. S.
Callahan
Casper
Conrad
Dalbey
Cleveland
Ponder
Bates
Waikart
Walters
Soyars
Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

She always takes a dim view of things.

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

P74A HFR
CRIME 1-22 WA
ADV FOR NOON EST MON JAN 24
WITH BUDGET

BY ISABELLE HALL

WASHINGTON (UPI) --PRESIDENT NIXON INDICATED TODAY HE BELIEVES HE HAS BROUGHT THE CRIME IN THE STREETS "CRISIS" UNDER CONTROL AND WILL CONCENTRATE THIS ELECTION YEAR ON FIGHTING ORGANIZED CRIME AND ILLICIT NARCOTICS TRAFFIC.

IN HIS BUDGET MESSAGE TO CONGRESS, NIXON PROPOSED A $120 MILLION INCREASE IN SPENDING ON TREATMENT, REHABILITATION AND LAW ENFORCEMENT PROGRAMS TO COMBAT DRUG ABUSE, AND INCREASING THE OVERALL JUSTICE DEPARTMENT BUDGET BY $246.3 MILLION TO A RECORD $1.47 BILLION.

SOME $169 MILLION OF THE OVERALL DEPARTMENT INCREASE WOULD GO TO THE LAW ENFORCEMENT ASSISTANCE ADMINISTRATION (LEAA) WHICH MAKES CRIME FIGHTING GRANTS TO STATE AND LOCAL GOVERNMENTS. BUT THE TOTAL LEAA BUDGET -- $850 MILLION -- WOULD STILL BE FAR BELOW THE $1.2 BILLION AUTHORIZED BY CONGRESS TWO YEARS AGO.

ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN N. MITCHELL HAS STATED REPEATEDLY THAT THE ADMINISTRATION WILL NOT REQUEST INCREASED SPENDING FOR ANTICRIME GRANTS FOR STATES AND CITIES UNTIL THE LOCALITIES INVOLVED ARE FULLY PREPARED TO SPEND THE MONEY TO ITS BEST ADVANTAGE. LEAA'S BUDGET THIS FISCAL YEAR IS ABOUT $698 MILLION.

NIXON WANTS TO GIVE THE STATES $480 MILLION IN 1973 AND TO SPEND $45 MILLION HELPING EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS DEVELOP MANPOWER IN THE CRIMINAL JUSTICE FIELD.

"WHEN I TOOK OFFICE, THE SAFETY AND HEALTH OF OUR CITIZENS WERE MENACED BY RISING CRIME," HE SAID. "VIOLENT CRIMES AND ILLEGAL TRAFFIC IN NARCOTICS AND DANGEROUS DRUGS WERE THREATENING TO GET OUT OF CONTROL."

"A CRISIS EXISTED, AND PROMPT ACTION WAS CALLED FOR," HE SAID. "I DIRECTED THAT A NATIONAL STRATEGY TO COMBAT CRIME BE DEVELOPED AND PROMPTLY PUT INTO EFFECT."

THE LATEST FBI CRIME REPORT FOR THE FIRST NINE MONTHS OF THIS YEAR SHOWED THE NATIONAL CRIME RATE HAD RISEN 6 PER CENT THIS YEAR, THE LOWEST RATE OF INCREASE IN FIVE YEARS. NIXON, WHO VIEWS THE NATION'S CAPITOL AS A LABORATORY FOR HIS CRIME FIGHTING PROGRAM BECAUSE IT IS UNDER FEDERAL JURISDICTION, PROUDLY NOTED IN HIS BUDGET MESSAGE THAT THE CITY'S CRIME RATE FELL ABOUT 14 PER CENT IN 1971.

NOT RECORDED
16 JAN 31 1972

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE JAN 28 1972

67 JAN 31 1972

FORM NO. 10-330N

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-53-0477-1752

SCATTERED THROUGH THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT BUDGET WERE REQUESTS FOR MORE MANPOWER TO FIGHT ORGANIZED CRIME AND NARCOTICS.

THE ONLY NEW PROGRAM, HOWEVER, CAME IN A ONE-SENTENCE STATEMENT THAT A SPECIAL CONSULTANT TO THE PRESIDENT WILL BE APPOINTED TO LEAD "A COORDINATED ATTACK ON DOPE SELLERS IN 24 CITIES THROUGHOUT THE COUNTRY." OFFICIALS SAID DETAILS WOULD BE CONTAINED LATER IN A SPECIAL MESSAGE TO CONGRESS.

NIXON ALSO URGED CONGRESSIONAL PASSAGE OF A BILL INTRODUCED MORE THAN SEVEN MONTHS AGO TO GIVE A STATUTORY BASE TO THE SPECIAL ACTION OFFICE FOR DRUG ABUSE PREVENTION HE CREATED BY EXECUTIVE ORDER.

THE JUSTICE DEPARTMENT'S BUREAU OF NARCOTICS AND DANGEROUS DRUGS (BNDD) WANTS TO ADD 124 MEN UNDER ITS $71 MILLION BUDGET, 66 OF THEM TO INVESTIGATE THE NEW PROGRAM TO REGULATE DRUG INDUSTRY ADUSES OF AMPHETAMINES AND BARBITURATES.

THE FBI BUDGET OF $332 MILLION, UP $7.3 MILLION, SEEKS NO NEW PERSONNEL FOR THE FIRST TIME IN MEMORY BUT DOES INCLUDE THE ANNUAL REQUEST FOR A NEW ARMORED CAR FOR DIRECTOR J. EDGAR HOOVER, 77, THE ONLY GOVERNMENT OFFICIAL OUTSIDE THE PRESIDENT TO HAVE SUCH A VEHICLE.

THE GENERAL SERVICES ADMINISTRATION BUDGET ALSO INCLUDES A REQUEST FOR $22.8 MILLION MORE FOR CONSTRUCTION OF THE NEW FBI BUILDING IN WASHINGTON, WHOSE ZOOMING COSTS WILL PUSH IT CLOSE TO $150 MILLION OR MORE AND MAKE IT THE WORLD'S MOST EXPENSIVE GOVERNMENT OFFICE BUILDING.

THE BUREAU OF PRISONS WANTS TO ADD 198 EMPLOYES, 120 OF THEM NEW CORRECTIONAL OFFICERS. IT PLANS TO START BUILDING THREE METROPOLITAN CORRECTIONAL CENTERS IN SAN FRANCISCO, SAN DIEGO AND AT A SITE IN THE PHILADELPHIA-NEW JERSEY AREA.

PLANNING ALSO WILL BEGIN ON THREE YOUTH COMPLEXES -- IN THE SOUTHEAST, CENTRAL AND NORTHEAST SECTIONS OF THE COUNTRY -- AND ON A WOMEN'S INSTITUTION IN THE CENTRAL PART OF THE NATION.

ADV FOR NOON EST MON JAN 24

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JAN 24 1972
FBI

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. E.S. Miller EHS

FROM : T. J. Smith TJS/ELR

SUBJECT: UPI NEWS MACHINE, INSTALLATION
DOMESTIC INTELLIGENCE DIVISION
9 & D BUILDING

1 - Mr. A. Rosen
1 - Mr. J.A. Mohr
1 - Mr. N.P. Callahan
(Att: Mr. [redacted])
DATE: 5/10/72
1 - Mr. F.W. Waikart
(Att: Mr. B.P. Fisher)
1 - Mr. E.S. Miller
1 - Mr. T.J. Smith
1 - Mr. R.H. Horner

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Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

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This memorandum recommends installation of a UPI news machine in the Domestic Intelligence Division, 9 & D Building.

As a consequence of the recent escalation of military action in Vietnam the White House has requested immediate information on a continuing basis concerning antiwar and student agitation in protest to U.S. military moves.

In addition the Democratic and Republican National Conventions being held in Miami Beach, Florida, in July and August, 1972, respectively are also generating acute interest at the White House.

The White House expects the Bureau to develop current intelligence data concerning above noted antiwar agitation as well as demonstrations during these two conventions.

94-8-95-
NOT RECORDED
5 1972

Often information appearing on the UPI news machine raises questions among government officials concerning activities of dissidents. In order for us to keep abreast of what the press is reporting in these areas, it is desirable that UPI news releases be immediately available to personnel in the Domestic Intelligence Division who are directly involved in developing coverage in these areas.

9 MAY 30 1972

Preliminary inquiries with the Washington Capitol News Service by Mr. Alvin Frank of the Files and ~~Communications~~ Division has revealed that installation of a news machine could be made in the Domestic Intelligence Division on 5/10 or 11/72 at a cost of $232 per month. The need for this machine is anticipated through August, 1972, at a total cost of approximately $928.

RHH:ege
(8)

CONTINUED - OVER

[redacted] Section

[redacted] Section

70 JUN 6 1972

ORIGINAL FILED IN 66-18555-1

2493

Memorandum to Mr. E.S. Miller
Re: UPI News Machine, Installation
Domestic Intelligence Division
9 & D Building

In view of the extreme White House interest in the reaction of antiwar and student groups to the President's address on 5/8/72 it is felt this machine should be installed as soon as possible.

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that the news machine be installed by the Washington Capitol News Service at the earliest opportunity.

Machine installed on 5/10/72. - 4 cy

R.H.H.

EM

WRW

Handled in Disp Mgt on P.O. # 13675 Jaj

PERS. REC. UNIT

May 30, 1972

REC-33

666

EX-116

Mrs. Isabelle Hall
Washington Bureau
United Press International
315 National Press Building
Washington, D. C. 20004

Dear Isabelle:

Thanks very much for your letter of May 17th.

I certainly would enjoy having the opportunity to appear on your radio program, but at present it is just not possible. My schedule of commitments has made it absolutely necessary for me to decline any additional engagements at this time.

Perhaps it will be possible for me to get together with you and your associates at some future time on "From the People." This is something I would really like to do.

Sincerely,

NOTE: We have no derogatory information regarding Miss Hall, and we have had favorable dealings with her before.

CJH:dkg (7)

TEB/JAH

MAILED 8

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Tele. Room
Holmes
Gandy

57 JUN 21 1972

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

May 17, 1972

Mr. L. Patrick Gray III
Acting Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation

Dear Pat:

I am writing to inquire if you could find a half-hour your busy schedule to give the United Press International Audio Division. UPI Audio has a half-hour radio broadcast called "From the People" which we distribute nationwide for use as a Sunday news program.

The format is simple. It consists of the newsmaker answering questions from two or three UPI reporters. I would be one of them and I would also write a news story based on the panel show for worldwide distribution.

We bring all the equipment and we can do it anywhere you say and any time you say. All we need is a big desk that we can all sit around and approximately 30 minutes.

Many thanks,

Isabelle

Isabelle Hall
UPI Justice Correspondent

REC-33 74-[illegible]-666

EX-116

JUN 14 1972

PERS. REC. UNIT

Mr. Felt
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Bates
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Campbell
Mr. Casper
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Miller, E.S.
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Soyars
Mr. Waikart
Mr. Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

REC-19 94-8-95-6466X
94-66991

June 6, 1972

EX-112

Mr. Julius Frandsen
Vice President and Washington Manager
United Press International
315 National Press Building
14th and F Streets, N. W.
Washington, D. C. 20004

Dear Mr. Frandsen:

I thank you for your kind invitation to speak at the annual conference of United Press International Editors and Publishers and look forward to joining you and your colleagues on the afternoon of October 2nd at the Statler Hilton Hotel. Please advise me as to the exact time you wish me to be there.

It was thoughtful of you to comment as you did regarding my endeavors and I hope to continue to merit your confidence.

Sincerely yours,

Pat Gray

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

MAILED 20
JUN - 7 1972
FBI

1 - Mr. Bishop - Enclosure
1 - Mrs. Neenan - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Kinley - Enclosure
1 - Telephone Room - Enclosure
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones - Enclosure (detached)

NOTE: Mr. Frandsen is on the Special Correspondents List.

JJH:ped (8)

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Mohr
Rosen
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Bishop
Callahan
Campbell
Casper
Cleveland
Conrad
Dalbey
Marshall
Miller, E.S.
Ponder
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TELETYPE UNIT

United Press Interna

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STR
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

JULIUS FRANDSEN
VICE PRESIDENT
AND
WASHINGTON MANAGER
315 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20004

Mr. Felt
Mr. Mohr
M sen
Mr. ates
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Campbell
Mr. Casper
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Miller, E.S.
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Soyars
Mr. Waikart
Mr. Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

Yes
per program
6, 1972

Mr. L. Patrick Gray III
Acting Director
The Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Gray:

This is a cordial invitation for you to speak to the annual conference of United Press International Editors and Publishers, which will meet in Washington October 2 and 3.

The meeting will be held at the Statler Hilton Hotel here, and I believe you would find it a most useful and attentive audience. It is a meeting of editors and publishers of newspapers all around the country who subscribe to the UPI service. They gather annually under UPI auspices to hear leading figures discuss the prime issues of the day.

By that time I am sure you will have many ideas about FBI operations that you could discuss and perhaps you would want to outline some ways in which the editors could be helpful too. In any event they are all keenly interested in the future of the FBI and would be receptive to whatever you chose to discuss.

The FBI has been rather a special interest of mine since I covered it as a young reporter in the days of the Lindbergh kidnaping and Dillinger et al. I also was among those in recent years who feared its attitudes in some respects might have become too frozen.

94-8-95-666X

I hope to have the opportunity to meet you soon. From a few blocks away I have much admired the way in which you have been digging into your new post, and I wish you all success.

REC-19 94-66991
EX-112
MCT-61
5 JUN 7 1972

NOTED

Meantime I hope you will give early and favorable consideration to the October 2 or 3 speaking date. We need to begin blocking out the program. It would be morning or afternoon on either of those days. Before long we could arrange a mutually agreeable specific time.

Sincerely yours,

Julius Frandsen

Julius Frandsen
Vice President and
Washington Manager
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

JULIUS FRANDSEN
VICE PRESIDENT
AND
WASHINGTON MANAGER
315 NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20004

Mr. Felt
Mr. Campbell
Mr. Rosen
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Miller, ES
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Casper
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Bates
Mr. Walkart
Mr. Walters
Mr. Soyars
Tele. Room

MRS. NEENAN

June 14, 1972

Mr. L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C. 20535

Dear Mr. Gray:

My associates and I are delighted that you will be able to speak at the UPI Editors and Publishers conference the afternoon of October 2.

I know you will have interesting things to talk about.

I will be in touch with you a little later about the precise arrangements.

Sincerely,

Julius Frandsen

EX-116
REC-50

94-8-95-666X1

~~94-66144~~

6 JUN 20 1972

EXP. PROC
JUN 16 1972

United Press International
INCORPORATED IN NEW YORK
NATIONAL PRESS BUILDING
WASHINGTON, D.C. 20004

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JUN 23 1972

CORRESPONDENCE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 7/21/72

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: STATEMENTS OF ACTING DIRECTOR GRAY CONCERNING GUN CONTROLS

UPI (United Press International) ticker #42A of 7/21/72, reported facts expressed by Mr. Gray to a group of reporters in his office on 7/20/72 about gun controls. Mr. Gray is quoted as stating that he favors legislation to halt the sale of cheap handguns, known as "Saturday night specials" and the licensing and registration of other firearms. UPI then states that "The stand taken by Gray was the opposite of the late J. Edgar Hoover who opposed gun control laws."

Immediately upon receiving this UPI ticker story this morning, Bishop contacted Grant Dillman of UPI, Washington, D.C. and pointed out that the position taken by Mr. Gray was in no way the "opposite" of that of Mr. Hoover and that Mr. Hoover did not oppose gun control laws. Dillman was furnished certain statements previously made by Mr. Hoover, as contained in his September 1, 1967 Message to all Law Enforcement Officials in the FBI Law Enforcement Bulletin, and in his testimony before the House Subcommittee on Appropriations on February 16, 1967. In both of these statements it is noted that Mr. Hoover's stand on gun control is practically identical with that of Acting Director Gray.

As a result of my call to Dillman, UPI ran another atory at 10:40 a.m. which contains this statement, "Gray's predecessor, the late J. Edgar Hoover, also supported bans on mail order firearm purchases and said interstate firearms control legislation should be enforced. Hoover said in 1967 he felt the thrust should be at the local level, with strong Federal assistance." This story now clearly reflects that there is no difference between Mr. Gray and Mr. Hoover on this matter.

Also, on the morning of 7/21/72, the "New York Daily News" had a story by Jeffrey Antevil, who was one of the reporters who interviewed Mr. Gray on 7/20/72, in which Antevil claims that Mr. Gray split sharply with the late J. Edgar Hoover and with the Nixon administration by advocating licensing

ORIGINAL FILED IN 94-67000

1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. M.A. Jones

TEB:jo
(4)

94-8-95

NOT RECORDED
184 JUL 31 1972

2 ENCLOSURE

(CONTINUED OVER)

1972

54AUG3 1972

ENCLOSURE

CRIME RESEARCH

and registration of all firearms. The story indicated that Mr. Hoover was a "strong foe of gun controls..."

The same information that Bishop had given to Dillman was furnished to Antevil by Bishop on the morning of 7/21/72 and copies of Mr. Hoover's statements have been furnished to him. It was also clearly pointed out to Antevil that Mr. Gray, in discussing licensing and registration had said that he felt that the thrust of this should be by local legislation, and that he certainly is not at variance with the Administration's position. Antevil admitted that he now sees that Mr. Hoover was not against gun control and that his feelings on the matter are not at variance with those of Mr. Gray. Antevil said he would write a story for the forthcoming Sunday issue of the "New York Daily News" * which will clearly point this out and also reflect that Mr. Gray's position is not at variance with that of the Administration.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

TEB

7/22 10:45AM

BISHOP ACTED ALERTLY & AGGRESSIVELY TO HANDLE THIS. SEE ORIGINAL & REVISED VERSIONS - ATTACHED

7

* Letter printed in the Sunday article.

0-20 (Rev. 6-29-72)

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Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

GRAY 7-20

NEW YORK (UPI)--ACTING FBI DIRECTOR L. PATRICK GRAY SAID THURSDAY HE FAVORED REGISTRATION AND LICENSING OF PRIVATE FIREARMS AND LEGISLATION TO CURB THE SALE OF CHEAP HANDGUNS KNOWN AS "SATURDAY NIGHT SPECIALS."

GRAY'S COMMENTS, REPORTED BY THE NEW YORK DAILY NEWS IN A DISPATCH FROM WASHINGTON, WERE IN SHARP CONTRAST TO THE ANTI-GUN CONTROL STANCE OF HIS PREDECESSOR, J. EDGAR HOOVER. THE NIXON ADMINISTRATION ALSO HAS OPPOSED LICENSING OF FIREARMS, ALTHOUGH THE ADMINISTRATION HAS GIVEN A MEASURE OF SUPPORT TO A BAN ON CHEAP HANDGUNS.

GRAY POINTED OUT THAT INEXPENSIVE FIREARMS ARE INVOLVED IN A LARGE NUMBER OF CRIMES. "FIREARMS HAVE BEEN UTILIZED IN SO MANY OF OUR HOMICIDES THAT WE OUGHT TO ENDEAVOR TO CONTROL THEM," GRAY SAID.

AS FOR SATURDAY NIGHT SPECIALS, THE FBI CHIEF SAID: "I'M DEAD SET AGAINST THESE GUNS. THEY OUGHT TO BE BANNED TOTALLY, COMPLETELY AND THOROUGHLY."

GRAY EMPHASIZED HE WAS SPEAKING ONLY FOR HIMSELF AND NOT FOR THE NIXON ADMINISTRATION. CITING CONSTITUTIONAL GUARANTEES OF THE RIGHT TO BEAR ARMS, GRAY SAID HE DOUBTED IT WOULD BE POSSIBLE TO BAN FIREARMS ALTOGETHER. "BUT THAT DOES NOT MEAN THAT WE CANNOT REGULARE FIREARMS," HE SAID.

IN RESPONSE TO A QUESTION, GRAY SAID: "I PERSONALLY HAVE IN MIND THE LICENSING AND REGISTRATION OF FIREARMS."

OTHER POINTS REPORTED IN THE DAILY NEWS INCLUDED:

--GRAY SAID THE BUREAU WAS NOT ENGAGED IN POLITICAL SURVEILLANCE, BUT SAID CERTAIN RADICALS NEED TO BE OBSERVED "BECAUSE OF THE VIOLENCE THEY DO."

--HE SAID WHEN THE SUPREME COURT PROHIBITED ELECTRONIC SURVEILLANCE OF AMERICAN DISSENTERS WITHOUT A COURT ORDER, ATTORNEY GENERAL RICHARD KLEINDIENST ORDERED THE FIVE EXISTING SUCH "TAPS" TO BE DISCONTINUED AND THEY WERE.

--GRAY SPECIFICALLY MENTIONED ACTRESS JANE FONDA, JUST RETURNED FROM A TRIP TO HANOI, AS A PERSON WHOSE ANTIWAR ACTIVITIES AROUND MILITARY BASES AND IN HANOI WERE SUFFICIENT CAUSE FOR KEEPING HER UNDER SURVEILLANCE.

UPI 07-20 08:52 PED

ENCLOSURE 94-8-95-

ENCLOSURE
WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

0-20 (Rev. 6-29-72)

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Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

REVISED VERSION

WT-11

(GUNS)

NEW YORK -- ACTING FBI DIRECTOR L. PATRICK GRAY SAID THURSDAY HE FAVORED LEGISLATION TO HALT THE SALE OF CHEAP HANDGUNS KNOWN AS "SATURDAY NIGHT SPECIALS" AND THE LICENSING AND REGISTRATION OF OTHER FIREARMS.

GRAY'S PREDECESSOR, THE LATE J. EDGAR HOOVER, ALSO SUPPORTED BANS ON MAIL ORDER FIREARM PURCHASES AND SAID INTERSTATE FIREARMS CONTROL LEGISLATION SHOULD BE ENFORCED. HOOVER SAID IN 1967 HE FELT THE THRUST SHOULD BE AT THE LOCAL LEVEL, WITH STRONG FEDERAL ASSISTANCE.

THE FBI DIRECTOR'S COMMENTS WERE REPORTED BY THE NEW YORK DAILY NEWS IN A STORY FROM WASHINGTON. HE EMPHASIZED THAT HE WAS SPEAKING ONLY FOR HIMSELF AND NOT FOR THE NIXON ADMINISTRATION.

"I'M DEAD SET AGAINST THOSE GUNS," GRAY SAID OF THE CHEAP HANDGUNS. "THEY OUGHT TO BE BANNED TOTALLY, COMPLETELY AND THOROUGHLY."

7-21 DP1040A

ENCLOSURE 94-8-55-

ENCLOSURE

WASHINGTON CAPITAL NEWS SERVICE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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Miller, E.S.
Ponder
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 8/3/72

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: ISABELLE HALL
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
REQUEST TO INTERVIEW ACTING
DIRECTOR GRAY

Isabelle Hall, who covers the Justice Department for United Press International and who is a most competent reporter, contacted my office and requested an opportunity to briefly interview Mr. Gray sometime next week (August 7-11). Mrs. Hall said that she would need only 20 or 30 minutes of Mr. Gray's time and pointed out since Mr. Gray was now completing his 3rd month in office, she felt this would be a most appropriate time for a wire service story.

An interview with United Press International representative, Mrs. Hall, would result in a maximum amount of coverage around the country and therefore Mr. Gray may wish to indicate a time next week when he could talk briefly with her.

RECOMMENDATION:

That Mr. Gray, schedule permitting, indicate a convenient time next week when he could see Mrs. Hall.

REC-3 94-8-75-667
EX-114

1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mrs. Neenan
1 - T. E. Bishop
1 - M. A. Jones

HPL:[illegible](5)

10 AUG 11 1972

Appointment confirmed with Mrs. Hall 8/4/72

62 AUG 17 1972

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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Dalbey
Jenkins
Marshall
Miller, E.S.
Ponder
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 8/11/72

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: ISABELLE HALL
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
REQUEST FOR BIOGRAPHICAL SKETCHES
ON SAC BAKER AND INSPECTOR DONAHOE

Isabelle Hall left a message at my office asking that she be furnished with biographical sketches of SAC Richard Baker and Inspector Sterling Donahoe.

Inasmuch as there has been no press release to date concerning any contemplated new assignments for these two men, it is felt we may wish to defer furnishing biographical sketches on Baker and Donahoe at this time.

RECOMMENDATION:

That my office advise Mrs. Hall that these biographical sketches are not presently available but that we will attempt to make them available some time next week.

1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mrs. Neenan
1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones

HPL:jmb
(6)

EX-114
REC-33
94-8-95-668

SEP 5 1972

CRIME RESEARCH

SEP - 3 1972

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Felt
Baker
Bishop
Callahan
Cleveland
Conrad
Dalbey
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Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 9/14/72

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: ANNUAL CONFERENCE OF
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL EDITORS AND
PUBLISHERS
OCTOBER 2, 1972

By letter dated June 6, 1972, Mr. Gray advised Julius Frandsen, Vice President of UPI, that he would appear before the captioned meeting on October 2nd, at the Statler Hilton Hotel (16th and K Streets, N. W.).

Last week, in accordance with instructions, Mr. Grant Dillman of UPI was advised that unfortunately Mr. Gray would have to be out of town and would be unable to appear before this conference of editors.

In accordance with advice received from the Director's Office, my office recontacted Mr. Dillman today and advised him that Mr. Gray had been able to adjust his schedule and would be able to be in the city and meet with the editors on Monday, October 2nd.

Mr. Dillman, who is handling arrangements for this conference in the absence of Mr. Frandsen who is ill, advised that they were delighted that Mr. Gray was going to be present and his appearance was scheduled for 2 p.m. Mr. Dillman was advised by Leinbaugh in my office that Mr. Gray would speak for about five minutes and then would handle the balance of the hour on a question and answer basis.

REC-48 94-66991-3

EX-115

Mr. Dillman said this was splendid, that the editors strongly prefer this type of session, that undoubtedly it would be very stimulating and that at least 200 editors would be ~~on hand for~~ Mr. Gray's appearance.

94-8-95-668

18 SEP 19 1972

NOTED

Inasmuch as this hour with the editors will be handled on a question and answer basis, no remarks will be prepared by the Crime Records Division.

CRIME RESEARCH

9-17 12:20P

~~RECOMMENDATION:~~

~~SEP 20 1972~~

For information.

1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mrs. Neenan
HPL:jmb (5)

1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones

5 OCT 4 1972

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Felt
Baker
Bates
Bishop
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Dalbey
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Miller, E.S.
Ponder
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 9-26-72

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: ISABELLE HALL
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)
REQUEST FOR INTERVIEW OF ACTING DIRECTOR
GRAY ON TERRORISTS

Isabelle Hall, who covers the Department for UPI and who is known to Mr. Gray, contacted the Director's Office today to find out if it would be possible to interview Mr. Gray sometime within the next week on terrorists.

My office contacted Mrs. Hall and she explained that UPI was doing a worldwide story on terrorism which would cover international plane hijackings, terroristic bomb attacks, political kidnappings and problems faced by law enforcement agencies in combating these groups.

Mrs. Hall said she would like to have about 30 minutes of Mr. Gray's time for this interview. It is to be noted that Mrs. Hall was not aware that the President had recently named a cabinet-level committee to study the problem of terrorism.

Inasmuch as Mr. Gray was named yesterday to the President's committee to study this problem, it is felt it would be unwise to comply for a request for an interview on this topic prior to any meeting of this new presidential group. Such an interview would necessarily also touch on international aspects of the problems of terrorists and it is felt the international problems more correctly belong in the State Department's field.

EX-114 REC-7 94-8-95-669

10 OCT 10 1972

RECOMMENDATION:

It is recommended that my office explain to Mrs. Hall that Mr. Gray's schedule is such that unfortunately he cannot handle any additional interviews within the next week. My office will furnish her a compilation of bombing statistics, assaults on police officers, and other data which would be of assistance to her.

1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mrs. Neenan
HPL:jmb
(5)

1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones

54 OCT 11 1972

91-113

94-8-95-670

REC-63

OCT 20 1972

Mr. Frank H. Bartholomew CALIF. DC
United Press International
Post Office Box 4329
San Francisco, California 94103

Dear Mr. Bartholomew:

Thank you for writing and commenting as you did regarding my remarks before the editors of your newspapers on October 2nd. Your statements regarding my administration of this Bureau are indeed appreciated and mean a great deal to me.

It is a distinct honor and privilege for me to be associated with the outstanding men and women of the FBI and I shall always strive to be worthy of the high ideals of my distinguished predecessor, the Honorable John Edgar Hoover.

With my best regards,

Sincerely yours,

Pat Gray

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

MAILED 11
OCT 20 1972
FBI

1 - San Francisco - Enclosure

NOTE: Bufiles contain nothing derogatory regarding Mr. Bartholomew.

JWD:ls (4)

ls

Felt
Baker
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Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mr. Gebhardt

TELETYPE UNIT

JJH

Warm thank you.

10-15
9:33A

Mr. Felt
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Bates
Mr. Casper
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Jenkins
Mr. Marshall
Mr. Miller, E.S.
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Somers
Mr. Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

FRANK H. BARTHOLOMEW
FOX PLAZA
SAN FRANCISCO, CALIF. 94102

October 9, 1972

Mr. L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D.C.

Dear Mr. Gray:

May I add my voice to the congratulations you will have received on your exceptional address to the editors of United Press International newspapers in Washington October 2.

I think you settled a great many half-formed fears as to what might happen to the FBI on the death of J. Edgar Hoover. I have the impression, and I know it was shared by all of us present, that the organization is in strong hands and with a fixed sense of direction.

Cordially yours,

Frank H. Bartholomew

Frank H. Bartholomew

undated letter sent up 10-18-72 JWD:ls

FHB/jn

94-8-75-670

REC-63

21 OCT 26 1972

ST-117

EX-109

OCT 13 1972

United Press International
P. O. BOX 4200 SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. 94106

October 17, 1972

REC-66

94-8-95 671

Mr. Roderick W. Beaton
President
General Manager
United Press International
News Building
220 East 42nd Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mr. Beaton:

It was a pleasure to meet you and your colleagues and I thank you for the thoughtful comments in your letter of October 9th regarding my presentation. I certainly hope my endeavors will continue to merit your confidence.

Sincerely yours,

L. Patrick Gray III

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

MAILED 2
FBI

1 - New York - Enclosure
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones - Enclosure (detached)

NOTE: Bufiles indicate no record of Mr. Beaton.

JJH:jkm (6)

Felt
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Bishop
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Dalbey
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Miller, E.S.
Ponder
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herron
Mrs. Neenan

FBI

RECD-66 9:00 AM

TELETYPE UNIT

5 OCT 30 1972

H 17

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

RODERICK W. BEATON
PRESIDENT
GENERAL MANAGER

October 9, 1972

Mr. Felt
Mr. Baker
Mr. Bates
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Conrad
Mr. DeLoach
Mr. Jenkins
Mr. Marshall
Mr. Miller E.S.
Mr. Ponder
Mr. Sowers
Mr. Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herring
Mrs. Neenan

G 10/11 10:54P

Mohrfeldt

Mr. L. Patrick Gray
Acting Director
The Federal Bureau of Investigation
Washington, D. C.

Dear Mr. Gray:

On behalf of UPI, I would like to thank you and express our appreciation for your taking time from a busy schedule to be with our Editors and Publishers in Washington, D. C., last week.

Your stimulating, thought-provoking presentation was thoroughly enjoyed by all of us and I'm sure our UPI subscribers have gone home with a better understanding of some of the major issues of today.

Sincerely yours,

R. W. Beaton

RWB:mhs

ST-110

REC-66 94-8-95-671

21 OCT 20 1972

#32 10-20

EX-109

OCT 11 1972

NOTED

SIJOH

REC-77

94-1-95-67

SI-114

NOV 1 1972

Mr. Mims Thomason
President
United Press International
220 East 42nd Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mr. Thomason:

In view of our recent meeting at the United Press International Editors Conference here in Washington, I wanted you to be aware of the following situation.

On October 24th while in Tampa, Florida, visiting our field office, I met with a number of press representatives and answered questions.

United Press International stories on both October 24th and 25th indicated that I understood the President had ordered a new internal White House investigation on the Watergate case. I made no such statement or inference and, in view of the importance of this matter, I had the Special Agent in Charge of our Tampa Office contact the UPI representative in Tampa. As a result, the matter was thereafter clarified by your local office.

Likewise, we contacted UPI Editor Stan Hall here in Washington who very promptly issued a correction pointing out the erroneous facts in the initial UPI story.

MAILED 5
NOV 1 1972
FBI

I thought you would be interested in knowing of the above sequence of events, and I want to express my appreciation for the manner in which the initial error was promptly clarified.

Sincerely yours,

Pat Gray

1 - Mr. Bates
1 - Mr. Bishop - detached
1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
HPL:asg (6)

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

NOTE: Based on Bishop to Felt memo "Press Availability of Acting Director Gray, Tampa, Florida, October 24, 1972" dated 10/27/72

Felt
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Bishop
Callahan
Cleveland
Conrad
Dalbey
Gebhardt
Jenkins
Marshall
Miller, E.S.
Purvis
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herring
Mrs. Neenan

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

57 NOV 9 1972

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Felt ✓
Baker
Bates
Bishop ✓
Callahan
Cleveland
Conrad
Dalbey
Jenkins
Marshall
Miller, E.S.
Ponder
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 10/27/72

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: PRESS AVAILABILITY OF ACTING DIRECTOR GRAY
TAMPA, FLORIDA
OCTOBER 24, 1972

United Press International

Reference is made to my memorandum of 10/25/72 in which it was pointed out that UPI had corrected their erroneous story out of Tampa to the effect that Mr. Gray understood that Mr. Nixon had ordered a new internal investigation on the Watergate case.

Mr. Gray noted, "What corrections have they issued"?

There is attached a copy of UPI story 213A on October 25th which notes that Mr. Gray was incorrectly quoted and that the pertinent paragraph re the President ordering a new internal investigation on Watergate should be killed.

Mr. Gray also noted on referenced memorandum that he wished to see a draft of a proposed letter to the President of UPI setting out this whole matter.

Attached is a proposed draft to Mr. Mims Thomason, UPI President in New York City. I wish to point out that United Press International has in the past and continues to be favorably disposed toward the FBI. Editor Stan Hall, Washington, expressed keen regret over the incident, immediately took on our say-so that their reporting was in error, and promptly killed the item.

RECOMMENDATION

Thank you. Yes. I think a good letter to send in these circumstances

Attached draft letter to Mr. Mims Thomason, President of UPI, is submitted for Mr. Gray's consideration.

Encs. 2

1 - Mr. Bates
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
HPL:asg (5)

1-114
REC-77
10/28
12:08 PM
23 NOV 2 1972
CRIME

undated letter typed on Felt personal memo 10/30/72 Hpl/asg

7

213A

BUGGING 10-25

EDITORS: WE HAVE INCORRECTLY QUOTED ACTING FBI DIRECTOR GRAY IN BUGGING 055A FROM WASHINGTON, MOVED 547 A.M. EDT. PLEASE KILL THE 11TH (AND LAST) PGH BGNG: IN ANOTHER DEVELOPMENT ETC. THE INFORMATION IN THAT PARAGRAPH IS INCORRECT.

UPI WASHINGTON

UPI 10-25 01:17 PED

94-895-672

ENCLOSURE

DRAFT LETTER

Mr. Mims Thomason
President
United Press International
220 East 42nd Street
New York, New York 10017

Dear Mr. Thomason:

In view of our recent meeting at the United Press International Editors Conference here in Washington, I wanted you to be aware of the following situation.

On October 24th while in Tampa, Florida, visiting our field office, I met with a number of press representatives and answered questions.

United Press International stories on both October 24th and 25th indicated that I understood the President had ordered a new internal White House investigation on the Watergate case. I made no such statement or inference and, in view of the importance of this matter, I had the Special Agent in Charge of our Tampa Office contact the UPI representative in Tampa. As a result, the matter was thereafter clarified by your local office.

94-89-612

Likewise, we contacted UPI Editor Stan Hall here in Washington who very promptly issued a correction pointing out the erroneous facts in the initial UPI story.

I thought you would be interested in knowing of the above sequence of events, and I want to express my appreciation for the manner in which the initial error was promptly clarified. ~~Incidently, I thoroughly enjoyed the privilege of addressing your editors at the Statler earlier this month.~~

Sincerely yours,

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27
5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Felt
Baker
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Ponder
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TO : Mr. Felt

DATE: 10/25/72

FROM : T. E. Bishop

SUBJECT: ~~PRESS~~ AVAILABILITY OF ACTING DIRECTOR GRAY
TAMPA, FLORIDA
OCTOBER 24, 1972

The United Press International (UPI) on the evening of 10/24/72 and the morning of 10/25/72, carried several incorrect statements attributed to Mr. Gray, which allegedly were made by him in the above-captioned press availability. Copies of these UPI stories are attached.

On the evening of 10/24/72, in referring to a reported reopening of an internal White House investigation into the Watergate bugging case, it was reported as follows: "Gray told reporters Tuesday that he understood the internal White House investigation had been reopened, but 'I have not had a thing to do with that.'"

In the UPI story on 10/25/72 concerning the Watergate bugging, the following statement appears: "In another development Tuesday, Acting FBI Director Patrick Gray told reporters he understood that Nixon had ordered a new internal investigation on the Watergate case."

In a UPI story of 10/25/72 (out of Tampa, Florida), UPI refers to a broadcast made by CBS newsman Daniel Schorr that he had learned President Nixon had ordered John Dean of his White House staff to reopen the investigation of possible White House staff involvement in the Watergate case. UPI then states, "Gray (referring to Acting Director Gray) said he had also heard this report, 'but I have not had a thing to do with that.'" None of the statements above, of course, were made by Mr. Gray as reported by UPI and this is merely an example of sloppy reporting. As a result, Bishop had the Tampa Office send him excerpts from the press availability of Acting Director Gray at Tampa on 10/24/72, which related in any manner to the Watergate investigation and these excerpts are attached. It is noted therein that Mr. Gray does not say any of the things attributed to him by UPI above.

REC-77 94-1-75-673

23 NOV 2 1972

1 - Mr. Bates
1 - Mr. Bishop
1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mr. M.A. Jones

ENCLOSURE

ST-105

(CONTINUED - OVER)

TEB:jo
(5)

CRIME RECORDS

As a result, SAC Santoiana of the Tampa Office, on Bishop's instructions, has gone to Mr. Orval Jackson of the UPI in Tampa, who was present at Mr. Gray's press availability and discussed this matter with him. Jackson admitted that his reporting of Mr. Gray's comments was not accurate and has now sent the following message to his Miami headquarters, which should straighten this matter out to some extent: "In Tampa, Tuesday, Mr. Gray said he had heard of a report made by CBS newsman Daniel Schorr that the President had ordered an aide to reopen an investigation of possible White House staff connections in the Watergate affair. But, he said, he knew nothing about the report and had no knowledge of an alleged order from the President to the aide."

This incorrect reporting by UPI was also called to the attention of Stan Hall of the Washington Bureau of UPI who admitted that the erroneous reporting came out of Tampa and stated that he would take steps to have it corrected.

what corrections have they issued?

The above actions should serve to straighten out the statements erroneously attributed to Mr. Gray. The Tampa Office has also furnished facsimile copies of newspaper articles in the "Tampa Tribune" and the "St. Petersburg Times" of 10/25/72, reporting Mr. Gray's press availability. These stories correctly report the import of Mr. Gray's remarks. These are attached.

RECOMMENDATION:

None. For information.

Enclosures

Thank you
I want a letter to go
to the President of UPI setting out
the whole thing—
Let me see a
DRAFT of such a letter

TEB

DDK/DmA3

-2-

G... 10/26
8:05 A

EXCERPTS FROM PRESS AVAILABILITY CONFERENCE; ACTING DIRECTOR L. PATRICK GRAY, III, TAMPA, FLORIDA; OCTOBER 24, 1972

Prior to the following matter, other unrelated items were discussed.

Press: Mr. Gray, did you advise the President to reopen the White House investigation of the Watergate incident?

Mr. Gray: I don't know to what you're, what you're referring at all, because I have never closed the investigation, and it is I, as Acting Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, who must make a recommendation to the Attorney General with regard to the closure of that investigation or the United States Attorney in charge of the case must say to me, "We have no further need for your services in this case." And that has not occurred. That is still an open investigation.

Press: I realize it is on the part of the FBI, but the White House is also conducting an investigation and there are reports that you have advised the President to reopen that personal White House investigation.

Mr. Gray: No, I made no recommendation whatsoever to the President of the United States or to John Dean, who is Counsel to the President, that they do anything with regard to that particular investigation.

ENCLOSURE 94-8-95-673

Mr. Gray: (Continued) Cause as I understand it, and I really have no first-hand information on this, as I understand it, the President gave Mr. Dean a direct order to conduct an investigation for the President, and I've had absolutely nothing to do with that. I have not said a thing to the President concerning that investigation. I don't know what the report is at all. I don't know exactly what you might be referring to.

Press: Well, the report on network news last night.

Mr. Gray: I didn't hear it. I'm sorry.

Following this was discussion concerning other unrelated matters.

Press: Mr. Gray, you were mentioned last night in a televised report as having possibly indicated to the Government, to the President that the FBI has established a serious direct link to the White House in this Watergate case. Have you, in fact?

Mr. Gray: No, that's false. I think the young lady up here asked me a question on that. I have not seen that report now, and I'm responding to your words directly. I don't know what that report is really saying, but if it is saying that I have said to the President that there is serious direct links in the Watergate to the White House, that's wrong. I have not made any

Mr. Gray: (Continued) such statement at all to the President.

Press: Have you said the opposite, that there are none?

Mr. Gray: No, no, I have not.

SAC Santoiana: Well, Orval, this is Orval Jackson of UPI, Mr. Gray. Do you have what was said on the wire service?

Press: I've just gotten our story, yeh.

Mr. Gray: Well, I know that story ran, but I don't have the, I don't have the exact quote on it at all.

There follows other unrelated questions.

First individual asking about Watergate matter believed to be JAN MORRIS, WFLA-TV (Channel 8), NBC.

The second individual asking questions concerning Watergate was Orval Jackson, UPI, Tampa.

FD-350 (Rev. 7-15-63)

FBI Director Denies Report

(Photo Appears in Advance Below)

Acting FBI Director Patrick Gray
. . . calls CBS report "absolutely false."

(Indicate page, name of city and state.)

By IVAN HATHAWAY
Tribune Staff Writer

Calling a CBS news report "absolutely false," acting FBI Director Patrick Gray denied yesterday that he cautioned President Nixon that an investigation into the Watergate bugging scandal had established more serious direct links to the White House than the President might know about.

The report, broadcast Monday night by CBS newsman Daniel Schorr, said that Nixon had ordered White House Assistant John Dean to reopen the investigation of possible White House staff involvement in the Watergate case and said Nixon had been cautioned by Gray.

"I DID NOT hear that broadcast but if it said I cautioned the President, I can tell you that it is false. I have made no recommendations to the President about that investigation," Gray told newsmen in Tampa yesterday. Gray was here as part of a visit to all of the FBI's 59 field offices throughout the United States.

Gray said that he has had "nothing at all" to do with the President's internal investigation but only with the investigation into the actual bugging.

"I have never closed our investigation. It is I, as director of the FBI, who must make the recommendation to the Attorney General, or the U.S. attorney in charge of the prosecution of the case must tell me he doesn't need any further assistance," Gray said.

ASKED ABOUT the presumed lack of concern over the Watergate case on the part of many Americans, Gray said he felt it was due to the use of such political tactics dating back to the early development of political parties in America.

"I can't believe these tactics are necessary for a party to win an election. Apparently, parties in the history of the United States have felt them necessary. I hope that one day the parties will rid themselves of the practices."

During a brief press conference before touring the FBI's district office in Tampa and meeting with agents, Gray commented on several things ranging from his field-office visits to the war on crime.

THE TAMPA TRIBUNE
Tampa, Florida
Page- 1B

Date: 10/25/72
Edition:
Author: Ivan Hathaway
Editor: JAMES A. CLENDINEN
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Tampa

☐ Being Investigated

94-8-72-673

ENCLOSURE

FD-340 (Rev. 7-16-62)

FBI Chief Denies Partisan Leanings

By [redacted]
Times Staffer

TAMPA — Acting FBI director Patrick Gray said Tuesday that his close relationship with Republican Nixon has brought the bureau closer to partisan politics than ever before.

Gray also denied a CBS report Monday that said he had confirmed Nixon's direct links between the White House and the Watergate affair, thus prompting a reopened investigation by presidential assistant John Dean.

GRAY MADE the statements during a press conference while visiting the Tampa FBI office. He also visited an FBI office there taking over for the late J. Edgar Hoover about 25 weeks ago.

His voice grew a bit feisty when asked if his previous relationship with Nixon had made the FBI more political in leanings than it had been under Hoover. According to *Life* magazine, the charge is said to be a major stumbling block between Gray and any Senate confirmation as a permanent director.

"I think any journalist who takes a look at the facts would not come to that conclusion," he said. "If I'm a big friend of the President and if I'm a big political operator, I wouldn't have been sitting out there sweating it out to see if I'm going to be part of the Nixon Administration."

Patrick Gray . . . denies CBS report.

GRAY SAID he met Nixon while the President was a freshman member of the U.S. House of Representatives and Gray was a freshman law student in 1947. They met again in 1950 while Gray, a Navy captain, was assigned to the Pentagon. He retired a year later, joined the Nixon staff for seven months and wrote one position paper.

When asked if he could serve as director under Sen. George McGovern, Gray said, "I would have no difficulties. Sen. McGovern may have, but I would have none."

Gray denied his part of the CBS report, which said several members of the White House staff were "appalled at how far things got out of hand" in connection with the break-in and bugging of the Democratic headquarters June 17. The CBS report quoted an unidentified White House source, who said Dean's investigation was ordered by Nixon after Gray said the bureau had established serious direct links to the bugging incident.

FURTHERMORE, he said, he has not recommended closing the FBI investigation of the Watergate affair. "That is still an open investigation," he said.

With surprisingly little qualification — almost as though political espionage were a restful matter of fact — Gray said spying has developed within the American political party system while the public has taken a "pox-on-both-your-houses" attitude.

Gray said he has given much thought to how the director's seat should be filled. "I think that the only way you can do it is to have the man submit his resignation every four years to the President," he said.

Gray said he is avoiding "constituency groups" such as Hoover had backing him during his years of absolute control of the FBI.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

ST. PETERSBURG TIMES
St. Petersburg, Florida
Page- 6B

Date: 10/25/72
Edition:
Author: Robert Fraser
Editor: DONALD K. BALDWIN
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Tampa

☐ Being Investigated

94-1 [illegible] 673

289A

BUGGING 10-24

INSERT RIGHT LD BUGGING WASHINGTON 271A AFTER 7TH PGH XXX SECRETARY.

GRAY TOLD REPORTERS TUESDAY THAT HE UNDERSTOOD THE INTERNAL WHITE HOUSE INVESTIGATION HAD BEEN REOPENED, BUT "I HAVE NOT HAD ANY THING TO DO WITH THAT."

HE SAID THE CBS REPORT ALLEGING HE HAD RECOMMENDED REOPENING THAT INVESTIGATION WAS "FALSE."

GRAY DISCLOSED, HOWEVER, THAT THE FBI INVESTIGATION OF THE ALLEGED BREAK-IN AND BUGGING OF DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS WAS STILL OPEN, EVEN THOUGH INDICTMENTS HAVE BEEN HANDED DOWN BY A FEDERAL GRAND JURY.

PICKUP 8TH PGH: SEVERAL

UPI 10-24 08:54 PED

94-8-95-673

ENCLOSURE

0234

GRAY 10-25

TAMPA, FLA. (UPI)--ACTING FBI DIRECTOR L. PATRICK GRAY III TUESDAY DENIED REPORTS HE WARNED PRESIDENT NIXON THERE WERE DIRECT LINKS TO THE WHITE HOUSE IN THE WATERGATE BUGGING CASE.

GRAY, ON A TOUR OF AREA FIELD OFFICERS, TOLD NEWSMEN HE HAD MADE "NO RECOMMENDATION TO THE PRESIDENT OR TO (PRESIDENTIAL ASSISTANT) JOHN DEAN THAT THEY DO ANYTHING WITH REGARD TO THAT PARTICULAR (WATERGATE) INVESTIGATION."

GRAY WAS TOLD THAT CBS NEWSMAN DANIEL SCHORR REPORTED THAT GRAY WARNED NIXON THE FBI HAD ESTABLISHED MORE SERIOUS DIRECT LINKS TO THE WHITE HOUSE IN THE WATERGATE INCIDENT.

"THAT IS FALSE," THE FBI DIRECTOR SAID.

GRAY SAID HE HAD NOTHING TO DO WITH THE PRESIDENT'S INTERNAL INVESTIGATION OF THE WATERGATE INCIDENT AND HAD ONLY BEEN INVOLVED IN THE PROBE OF THE ACTUAL BUGGING.

"I HAVE NEVER CLOSED THAT INVESTIGATION," GRAY SAID.

SCHORR SAID HE LEARNED NIXON HAD ORDERED DEAN--ONE OF HIS TOP ASSISTANTS--TO REOPEN THE INVESTIGATION OF POSSIBLE WHITE HOUSE STAFF INVOLVEMENT IN THE WATERGATE CASE.

GRAY SAID HE HAD ALSO HEARD THIS REPORT, "BUT I HAVE NOT HAD A THING TO DO WITH THAT."

UPI 10-25 01:58 AED

94-8-95--673

ENCLOSURE

0958

BUGGING 10-25

WASHINGTON (UPI)--THE FORMER TREASURER OF PRESIDENT NIXON'S RE-ELECTION CAMPAIGN HAS TOLD A GRAND JURY THAT H.R. HALDEMAN, A CHIEF WHITE HOUSE AIDE, WAS AUTHORIZED TO APPROVE PAYMENTS FROM A SECRET CASH FUND USED FOR POLITICAL SECURITY OPERATIONS, THE WASHINGTON POST SAID TODAY.

THE POST SAID THAT HALDEMAN ALONG WITH FOUR OTHER PRESIDENTIAL ASSOCIATES WERE NAMED BY HUGH W. SLOAN JR., WHO FORMERLY MANAGED NIXON'S RE-ELECTION CAMPAIGN FINANCES, BEFORE THE GRAND JURY WHICH CONDUCTED THE INVESTIGATION OF THE WATERGATE BUGGING CASE.

THE GRAND JURY INDICTED SEVEN MEN AS THE RESULT OF THE INVESTIGATION OF THE JUNE 17 BREAK-IN AND BUGGING ATTEMPT AT THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS IN THE WATERGATE COMPLEX.

HALDEMAN, WHEN INFORMED BY THE POST OF ITS FINDINGS TUESDAY, ISSUED A STATMENT THROUGH THE WHITE HOUSE PRESS OFFICE SAYING: "YOUR INQUIRY IS BASED ON MISINFORMATION BECAUSE THE REFERENCE TO BOB HALDEMAN IS UNTRUE."

THERE WAS NO FURTHER ELABORATION.

HALDEMAN, WHO WILL BE 47 FRIDAY, IS CONSIDERED ONE OF NIXON'S THREE CLOSEST AIDES. THE OTHER TWO ARE HENRY A. KISSINGER, THE PRESIDENT'S FOREIGN POLICY ADVISER, AND JOHN EHRLICHMAN, RESPONSIBLE FOR DOMESTIC AFFAIRS. HALDEMAN IS CHIEF OF NIXON'S WHITE HOUSE EXECUTIVE STAFF.

THE POST SAID HALDEMAN HAD BEEN IDENTIFIED TO THE GRAND JURY BY SLOAN AS A FUND CONTROLLER ALONG WITH FORMER ATTORNEY GENERAL JOHN N. MITCHELL, NIXON'S FORMER CAMPAIGN MANAGER; FORMER COMMERCE SECRETARY MAURICE C. STANS, THE FINANCE DIRECTOR OF THE NIXON CAMPAIGN; JEB STUART MAGRUDER, DEPUTY DIRECTOR OF NIXON'S CAMPAIGN, AND HERBERT W. KALMBACH, THE PRESIDENT'S PERSONAL ATTORNEY.

ACCORDING TO THE POST, UNIDENTIFIED FEDERAL INVESTIGATORS INDEPENDENTLY CONFIRMED THAT THE FIVE MEN CONTROLLED THE FUND WHICH AT TIMES TOTALED $700,000.

THE FUND WAS UNCOVERED DURING THE FBI'S PROBE OF THE WATERGATE CASE. IT WAS ALLEGEDLY USED TO FINANCE POLITICAL SPYING ACTIVITIES AGAINST DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

TWO OF SEN. GEORGE MCGOVERN'S TOP AIDES, CAMPAIGN DIRECTOR GARY HART AND POLITICAL DIRECTOR FRANK MANKIEWICZ, SAID TUESDAY THAT MCGOVERN IS SLICING INTO NIXON'S LEAD IN THE POLLS BECAUSE THE ISSUE OF ALLEGED CORRUPTION IS "GETTING AROUND THE COUNTRY AND SINKING IN."

IN ANOTHER DEVELOPMENT TUESDAY, ACTING FBI DIRECTOR PATRICK GRAY TOLD REPORTERS HE UNDERSTOOD THAT NIXON HAD ORDERED A NEW INTERNAL INVESTIGATION ON THE WATERGATE CASE.

UPI 10-25 06:47 AED

94-1-95-673

ENCLOSURE

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42nd STREET
NEW YORK, N.Y. 10017

MIMS THOMASON
CHAIRMAN OF THE BOARD

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
220 EAST 42ND ST.
NEW YORK, N.Y.

November 3, 1972

Mr. L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
United States Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20535

Dear Mr. Gray:

I appreciate very much your letter of November 1 regarding the error which originated in Tampa. I'm sorry that we made the mistake and I'm glad we were able to make speedy corrections.

We enjoyed very much having you make the appearance before the United Press International Editors Conference in Washington. There was much favorable comment.

Incidentally, I have not been President of UPI since the end of April of this year. Roderick W. Beaton was elected to succeed me as President and I am now Chairman of the Board.

Cordially,

Mims Thomason

Mims Thomason

ja

cc: H. L. Stevenson
R. W. Beaton

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
220 EAST 42ND ST.
NEW YORK, N.Y.

Mr. Felt
Mr. Baker
Mr. Bishop
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Dalbey
Mr. Gebhardt
Mr. Jenkins
Mr. Marshall
Mr. Miller, E.S.
Mr. Mohr
Mr. Soyars
Mr. Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

REC-2 94-8-95-674

14 NOV 13 1972

ST-103

EX-PROC

NOV 0 1972

57 NOV 20 1972

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Felt
Baker
Bishop
Callahan
Cleveland
Conrad
Dalbey
Gebhardt
Jenkins
Marshall
Miller, E.S.
Purvis
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

TO : **Mr. Felt**

DATE: **11/3/72**

FROM : **T. E. Bishop**

SUBJECT: **ISABELLE HALL (UPI)**
INQUIRY RE EXECUTIVE OFFICE SPACE
11/3/72

Shortly before noon today, Isabelle Hall, who covers the Department for UPI, called my office and said she was doing an extensive article on Executive Office space for Washington Magazine. She said that Mr. Joy in the Department had taken her on a tour of the Attorney General's suite, the Deputy Attorney General's space and that she had toured all the Offices of the Assistant Attorneys General, the Office of Miles Ambrose, Jerris Leonard, etc. She pointed out last week that they had done a rather extensive story on renovation of Mr. Leonard's Office including all the cost figures.

Mrs. Hall said that Mr. Joy had said that she should contact the FBI for answers to her specific questions with respect to FBI Executive Offices.

Mrs. Hall posed the following queries:

1. She wanted to know when was "Hoover's executive kitchen" put in, under what authorization and desired cost figures?

2. What renovations have been made since Mr. Gray took over Mr. Hoover's suite; how much have renovations cost and who did the work? REC 43

3. Is Mr. Gray utilizing the same desk and furniture that Mr. Hoover used?

62-116395-675

7 NOV 27 1972

CRIME RECORDS

XEROX
DEC 6

1 - Mr. Felt
1 - Mr. Callahan
1 - Mr. Kinley
1 - Mrs. Neenan
1 - Mr. M. A. Jones
1 - T. E. Bishop
HPL:jmb (7)

51 DEC 13 1972

(CONTINUED OVER--PAGE TWO)

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

T. E. Bishop to Mr. Felt Memo
RE: ISABELLE HALL (UPI)

4 - Does Mr. Gray have a full-time cook and does anyone else eat there and what is the purpose of the kitchen?

5 Have Mr. Tolson's Offices been renovated, who did the work and how much did it cost?

6 Is there a bath and/or shower in the Executive Office space?

7 Mrs. Hall also requested that she be given a tour of all Executive Office space including Offices of the Assistant Directors. (She has, of course, been a frequent visitor to Mr. Bishop's Office).

No comments or observations were made to Mrs. Hall and she was informed that her inquiries would be submitted and that my office would be back in touch with her.

RECOMMENDATIONS:

1) Since Mrs. Hall has toured all of the Executive Office space in the Department, it is felt that there is probably no alternative but to offer to take her on a tour of the FBI Executive Office space. If approved, I will handle this personally.

2) That the Administrative Division furnish cost figures for any renovation of the Executive Office space as requested.

3) Advice is solicited as to how Mrs. Hall's query re cook should be handled.

- 2 -

ADDENDUM OF ADMINISTRATIVE DIVISION NEXT PAGE----------

ADDENDUM -- N. P. CALLAHAN -- 11/6/72

The following are the proposed responses to the queries posed by UPI representative Isabelle Hall as set forth above:

1. Mr. Hoover did not have an executive kitchen. Mr. Gray does not have an executive kitchen.

GSA regulations prohibit executive kitchens except for those in the position of Cabinet Officers and above.

The closet area containing 75 square feet houses auxiliary air conditioning equipment and cabinets for storage and can hardly be considered an adequate area for an executive-type kitchen but more aptly described as a pullman-type kitchenette. In addition, during Mr. Hoover's tenure it contained a refrigerator and a hot plate. It was utilized on an emergency basis when commitments did not permit Mr. Hoover and/or his staff to leave their office and gave them the bare necessities to prepare limited types of food. No full course luncheons or other meals were served therefrom.

2. Renovations made to the suite since Mr. Gray took over have been minimal. The same refrigerator is being utilized, the hot plate was replaced with a small apartment size stove costing $110.00; a freezer was acquired costing $245.00; a table-top oven costing $69.00 has been acquired; an ice making machine was installed at a cost of $369.00; a garbage disposal unit was acquired at a cost of $250.00 including installation; appliances and utensils at a cost of $756.93; GSA charges $993.30 for a total cost of $2,793.23. As a result of the removal of awards, plaques and paintings which were the property of Mr. Hoover it was necessary to repaint the Director's suite at a cost of $3,994.87. The total cost in the Director's suite was $6,788.10.

3. Mr. Gray is using the same desk and other furniture and furnishings as used by Mr. Hoover.

4. Mr. Gray has a steward, Grade GS 8, $10,013 per annum who handles the planning, purchasing, preparation and serving of meals for the Acting Director and members of his staff. This is not a full-time function and the employee when not so engaged performs a variety of clerical assignments as directed by his superior, Mr. Kinley in the Acting Director's Office.

As to the purpose of the kitchen, it is utilized when necessary for the preparation of meals for Mr. Gray and members of the Executives Conference when he has occasion to hold working luncheons. Each member of the Executives Conference has put $25.00 in a fund to provide for the purchase of food utilized. There has been one working luncheon with some members of the Executives Conference to date.

5. Mr. Tolson's Office had new carpeting at a cost of $1,911.65; drapes at cost of $933.00; new desk $375.00; one new chair at $175.00 and painting for the same reasons as above of $979.83 for a total cost of $4,374.48.

6. There is no bath or shower in the Director's Office space or any other Bureau office space.

7. Mrs. Hall has requested to be given a tour of all executive office space including the offices of the Assistant Directors.

The Acting Director's suite is considered the only executive office space within the Bureau. The Acting Director's position is comparable to the Assistant Attorney General which Mr. Joy saw fit to escort her through. I feel she should be restricted to a tour of the Acting Director's suite. If she has seen Mr. Bishop's office she could be informed that this is basically the layout of all the other Assistant Director's offices.

A visit of the type requested could only be disruptive to the functioning of these offices and serve no useful purpose whatever in the way of enhancing the operations of the FBI or improving its effi ciency. I think it is time we put a brake on some of the silly requests being received from members of the Press concerning the operations of the FBI.

HHD I see no harm in showing her offices of Associate Director and Asst Directors — we have nothing to hide!
TEB

I AGREE WITH BISHOP

Handled with Mrs. Hall - Mrs. Hall 11/8

Discussed with Mr. Gray 11/6 4:21 p. & he approved giving this information & taking her on tour.
11/7 10:55a.

ST-113

94-2-95-676

FBI Records

NOV 20 1972

b6

[redacted]

Dear [redacted]

This is to acknowledge receipt of your communication dated November 12, 1972.

Sincerely yours,

L. Patrick Gray III

L. Patrick Gray, III
Acting Director

MAILED 2
NOV 20 1972
FBI

NOTE: Bufiles reflect no record of correspondent.

JWD:jrp (3)

Felt
Baker
Bishop
Callahan
Cleveland
Conrad
Dalbey
Liebhardt
Jenkins
Marshall
Miller, E.S.
Purvis
Soyars
Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Ms. Herwig
Mrs. Neenan

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

20 DEC 26 1972

Return to AAG 4TH

DO-6

OFFICE OF ACTING DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

[redacted]

11-12-72

Mr. Gray

UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL

It's no damned wonder our taxes go up, when I read things like this it gets me mad -- or is UPI lying?

I'm of the opinion that you are just another political beaurocrate and I hope congress doesn't donfirm you

It's disgusting

Sincerely

[redacted]

COPY:nm

MR. FELT
MR. BAKER
MR. BISHOP
MR. CALLAHAN
MR. CLEVELAND
MR. CONRAD
MR. DALBEY
MR. GEBHARDT
MR. JENKINS
MR. MARSHALL
MR. MILLER, E.S.
MR. PURVIS
MR. SOYARS
MR. WALTERS
TELE. ROOM
MR. KINLEY
MR. ARMSTRONG
MS. HERWIG
MRS. NEENAN

b6

b6

[redacted] b6

11-12-72

EHP

Mr. B Hay[redacted]

It's no damned wonder our taxes go up, when I read things like this it gets me mad – or is UPI lying?

I'm of the opinion that you are just another political beaurocrat and I hope congress doesn't confirm you

It's disgusting

Sincerely

[redacted] b6

EXP PROC
NOV 15 1972
35

ST-113

DEC-63

94-8-95-676

ENCLOSURE

Dec. 5
1972

CORRESPONDENCE

Pers Records

Sarasota Herald-Tribune Sunday, Nov. 12, 1972—17-A

Acting FBI Director Installs Expensive Kitchen In Office

WASHINGTON (UPI) —Acting FBI Director L. Patrick Gray III has installed a kitchen and hired a $10,000-a-year steward to prepare lunches for himself and his staff as part of a $6,788 renovation of the office suite used by the late J. Edgar Hoover.

Asked about the kitchen, an FBI spokesman said Hoover did not have an "executive kitchen" and neither [illegible] more aptly described as a pullman-type kitchenette."

During Hoover's tenure, the closet area contained a refrigerator and a hot plate which were used during emergencies when Hoover or his staff were unable to leave the office. It gave them "the bare necessities to prepare limited types of food," the bureau said. "No full course luncheons or other me[illegible]served."

676

ENCLOSURE

April 25, 1973

Mr. Felt
Mr. Baker
Mr. Callahan
Mr. Cleveland
Mr. Conrad
Mr. Gebhardt
Mr. Jenkins
Mr. Marshall
Mr. Miller, E.S.
Mr. Sovars
Mr. Thompson
Mr. Walters
Tele. Room
Mr. Kinley
Mr. Armstrong
Mr. Bowers
Mr. Herington
Ms. Herwig
Mr. Mintz
Mrs. Neenan

Re: United Press International

U.S.A. Maggie Kilgore of UPI called and said that they would be running a story in which the National Transportation Safety Board had alleged that the FBI interjected itself into the investigation of the United airline crash at Chicago on 12/8/72 without invitation. She said that she was only checking the Bureau's position on this and had nothing to do with the basic story which was being written by another UPI writer.

I told her that if there was evidence that a case came within our jurisdiction under the Destruction of Aircraft Statute, we would investigate and that we would not require anybody's invitation since it was our responsibility. I advised her further that in this case the preliminary and subsequent facts failed to indicate sabotage as had been publicly revealed and that we conducted no investigation. I told her also that our Disaster Squad assisted in identifying victims in most airline crashes and that we had done so in this situation, and I advised her further that that is done on invitation by some appropriate official. She subsequently called me back and wanted to know who had invited us in connection with this case and after checking I advised her that we had received a request to help with the fingerprint identification of the victims from James B. Conlisk, Jr., Superintendent of Police, Chicago, Illinois, and that he had the concurrence of an United Airline Vice President. [redacted] who was not identified to her by name.)

b6

It is to be noted that we also conducted some investigation in connection with the money being carried by Mrs. Howard Hunt who died in this crash and who was the wife of one of the Watergate subjects; however, that investigation could not be construed as investigation of the crash. Our Disaster crew identified 12 victims through fingerprint identification and their activities were limited to that purpose.

1 - Mr. Thompson
1 - Mr. Gebhardt

EX-109 REC-3 94-1-95-677

Jack Herington

5 MAY 9 1973

MAY 16 1973
MAY 10 1973

UNRECORDED COPY FILED IN

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Assoc. Dir. ____
Asst. Dir.:
Admin. ____
Comp. Syst. ____
Files & Com. ____
Gen. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Inspection ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Plan. & Eval. ____
Spec. Inv. ____
Training ____
Legal Coun. ____
Cong. Serv. ____
Corr. & Crm. Research ____
Press Off. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director's Sec'y ____

TO : The Director

DATE: 8/29/73

FROM : J. E. Herington

SUBJECT: MAGGIE KILGORE
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI)
REQUEST FOR INTERVIEW WITH DIRECTOR

Maggie Kilgore covers the Justice Department and the FBI for UPI. She contacted me today and asked if she could obtain an appointment to interview you in the period of 9/11-14/73.

Kilgore has been handling the Justice-FBI assignment for approximately 10 months and our relations with her have been cordial.

RECOMMENDATION:

That, if your schedule permits, you indicate a time in the period 9/11-14/73 when Kilgore can interview you.

94-8-95-678

REC-38

1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
1 - Mrs. Metcalf
1 - Telephone Room
1 - Mr. Herington

9 SEP 13 1973

ST-109

JEH:jmb
(5)

3:50 pm 9/12/73

9/11/73

8 SEP 19 1973
FBI

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA FPMR (41 CFR) 101-11.6

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : DIRECTOR, FBI

DATE: 8/31/73

FROM : SAC, NEW YORK (157-9817) (C)

SUBJECT: CHANGED
~~UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE~~
EM - POSSIBLE AIA
(OO:NY)

Title marked "Changed" to reflect identity of subscriber to telephone number 212-682-0400.

Re Minneapolis airtel to Bureau 5/15/73, captioned "NATIONAL WOUNDED KNEE COMMUNICATIONS CENTER, 208 NORTH 11TH STREET, RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA aka, EM-AIM, OO:MP".

Referenced Minneapolis airtel states that above listed telephone number was among those listed on the Northwestern Bell Telephone Co., billed April, 1973 which was addressed to the Wounded Knee Communications Center. This bill was among numerous items seized on 5/9/73 by Bureau agents on an execution of a Federal search warrant.

On 8/2/73, [redacted] NY Telephone Co., NY, advised the aforementioned telephone number is subscribed to by the United Press International News Service, 220 East 42nd St., NY,NY.

EXP. PROC

b6
b7C

In that subscriber to phone number is a recognized news service this matter is being closed.

2-Bureau (RM)
2-Minneapolis (RM)(157-1925)
1-New York

REC-19

ST 100

94-8-95-679

18 SEP 4 1973

GJG:ems
(5)

FBI

5 SEP 19 1973

F183

Buy U.S. Savings Bonds Regularly on the Payroll Savings Plan

5010-108

DD-6

OFFICE OF DIRECTOR
FEDERAL BUREAU OF INVESTIGATION
UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

September 18, 1973

Mr. ROBERT WICK furnished the following information regarding the meeting he proposed with news people:

7:00 PM, October 1 (Monday)
(He said these people cannot get away at noon)
Tastevin Room, International Club, 1800 K Street, N. W. (On third floor)

Those attending will be:

MARVIN ARROWSMITH, Bureau Chief of Associated Press here in Washington, and he will have with him MARGARET GENTRY, who covers Justice Department

GRANT DILLMAN, UPI, and he will have with him MARGARET KILGORE, who covers Justice Department

JOHN F. LYNCH, Bureau Chief of ABC News, and he will have with him HERB KAPLOW or another man

WILLIAM J. SMALL, Vice President - News, CBS News, and he will have with him FRED GRAHAM, who covers the Justice Department

MR. CALLAHAN
MR. BAKER
MR. CAMPBELL
MR. CLEVELAND
MR. FRANCK
MR. GEBHARDT
MR. JACOBSON
MR. JENKINS
MR. MARSHALL
MR. MILLER
MR. THOMPSON
MR. WALSH
MR. WHITE
MR. MINTZ
MR. COLEMAN
MR. REED
TELE. ROOM
MRS. METCALF

REC-20 74-8-75-680

OCT 23 1973

NOT RECORDED
166 OCT 30 1973

CORRESPONDENCE

EX-103

58 NOV 2 1973

ORIGINAL FILED IN

MR. WICK

FRANK J. JORDAN, Bureau Chief and Director of News of NBC News, and he will have with him CARL STERN

Mr. Wick said Mr. Kelley should feel free to bring anyone with him he likes and mentioned, of course, William Ellingsworth, and said you might want to bring Assistant Director Franck also.

Mr. Wick said that he has told the news people to keep this confidential and it can be on or off the record, it is entirely up to Mr. Kelley.

Mr. Wick said he will send a paper showing particulars and the names of those attending.

1 - Tele Room

edm

Recording
Examining

Inspection
Intell.
Laboratory
Plan. & Eval.
Spec. Inv.
Training
Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

2219 North Military Road
Arlington, Virginia, 22207
September 27, 1973

The Honorable Clarence M. Kelley
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation
Pennsylvania Avenue at
Ninth Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C., 20535

Dear Clarence:

Attached are copies of the confirmation to the men involved here. Accompanying Bill Small of CBS will be Fred Graham; with Frank Jordan of NBC will be Carl Stern; with Marvin Arrowsmith of AP will be Margaret Gentry; with Grant Dillman of UPI, a person who is replacing Margaret Kilgore (I'll advise you); and John Lynch of ABC tells me he is thinking of either Herb Kaplow or one of the other men on his staff (I'll advise you).

Everything is all set and held confidentially. See you then!

Best personal regards,

Robert E. Wick

Attachments

5 ENCLOSURES

1 ENCLOSURE

REC-20 94-[illegible]-68

12 OCT 1973

CORRESPONDENCE

NOT RECORDED
16 OCT 30 1973

Copy made for Tele. Rm.
9/28/73
5 NOV - 7 1973

SEP 28 1973

ORIGINAL FILED IN

2219 North Military Road
Arlington, Virginia 22207
September 27, 1973

PERSONAL

Mr. Grant Dillman
Vice President and
Washington Bureau Manager
United Press International
315 National Press Building
Washington, D. C., 20004

Dear Grant:

As we discussed, this is to confirm the arrangements made for an informal and private get-together with Clarence Kelley, Director of the FBI, and William Ellingsworth, who is associated with him in the handling of news matters.

Date: TUESDAY, OCTOBER 16, 1973

Time: 7:00 P.M.

Place: Danube Room (Private)
Third Floor
International Club Building
1800 K Street, N. W.
Washington, D. C., 20006

The Club will provide an open bar and a simple sit-down beef dinner which should be served about 7:45 or 8:00 p.m.

Those attending will be Arrowsmith, Dillman, Jordan, Lynch and Small. In addition, from each of the above bureaus will be that person assigned to coverage of the FBI. Please advise me who will replace Mrs. Kilgore.

Should you have any questions, please phone me at 659-7805.

Best personal regards,

Robert E. Wick

ENCLOSURE

94-8-95-681

October 25, 1973

Mr. Grant Dillman
Managing Editor
Washington Bureau
United Press International
315 National Press Building
Washington, D. C. 20004

Dear Mr. Dillman: United Press International

I certainly enjoyed being with you and Ronald Cohen at the International Club last week. I hope the occasion marked the beginning of a long and pleasant association. As I mentioned at that time, with the assistance of the Police Foundation, we are planning Executive Management Symposiums to be held in eight major cities across the country commencing next Monday. They will be attended by Special Agents in Charge and selected officials assigned to FBI Headquarters. Among the subjects on the agenda will be press relations and members of the news media will be present for panel discussions. I will hold a news conference during each session.

I thought you might be interested in having a copy of a news release which includes the times and dates of my news conferences.

If you should need any further details, please contact Bob Franck or Bill Ellingsworth.

With every best wish, REC-64 94-8-75-682

Sincerely,

MAILED 4
OCT 26 1973
FBI

EX-112 OCT 29 1973

Assoc. Dir. ____
Asst. Dir.: ____
Admin. ____
Comp. Syst. ____
Ext. Affairs ____
Files & Com. ____
Gen. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Inspection ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Plan. & Eval. ____
Spec. Inv. ____
Training ____
Legal Coun. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director Sec'y ____

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Ellingsworth

NOTE: Above coordinated with Mr. Ellingsworth.

57 NOV 9 1973

JCW:vgw (4)

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Assoc. Dir. ____
Asst. Dir.:
Admin. ____
Comp. Syst. ____
Ext. Affairs ____
Files & Com. ____
Gen. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Inspection ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Plan. & Eval. ____
Spec. Inv. ____
Training ____
Legal Coun. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director Sec'y ____

b6

TO : Mr. Callahan

DATE: 12-5-73

FROM : R. R. Franck RRF/gra

SUBJECT: EDWIN A. ROGERS
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL REPORTER
ASSIGNED TO DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
REQUEST TO INTERVIEW DIRECTOR

About a month ago, Senator James O. Eastland (D-Miss.) mentioned to Inspector [redacted] that captioned individual, who had been assigned by UPI on Capitol Hill several years, was being moved to cover the Department of Justice. The Senator's Press Assistant, Larry Speakes, observed that Rogers had been a most reliable newsman during his years of covering the Hill. They observed that he is the type of reporter who could be trusted by the FBI and suggested the Director take an early opportunity to meet him. Speakes advised that Rogers is a graduate of the Henry W. Grady School of Journalism, University of Georgia, the same school from which [redacted] is a graduate.

b6

This matter was mentioned to the Director about a week ago, and he indicated he would like to meet Rogers.

Rogers was contacted by [redacted] on 12-4-73, and he was introduced to Inspector Quinn who had had telephonic contact with Rogers over the past weekend. Rogers appears to be a reporter of the "old school" who is interested in facts and not sensationalism. He commented during conversation that he does not have the "killer instinct" so prevalent among some of the younger newsmen whose primary ambition seems to be to learn and publish some damaging information about prominent individuals, particularly those in Government.

REC- 45 94-1-75-683

EX-110

Rogers said he has been at Justice a couple of weeks but as yet still has not had the opportunity to break away entirely from assignments on the Hill. He worked on the Hill since the mid-60s with his primary emphasis being on matters of interest to the southern part of the country. He has written a weekly column on the activities of Members of Congress from the South for several years. Rogers said he would like very much to have an opportunity to interview the Director, perhaps within the next week or two. He said he would like to spend some time prior to the

1 - Mr. Callahan
1 - Mr. Franck
1 - Mrs. Metcalf
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt

1 - Mr. Heim
1 - [redacted]
1 - Telephone Room

DEC 20 1973

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DWB:kjs (9)

58 DEC 26 1973

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CONTINUED - OVER

R. R. Franck to Mr. Callahan Memo
RE: EDWIN A. ROGERS

the interview with our Press Services people to be able to inform himself on some of the more important issues about the FBI so that he can conduct an intelligent interview with the Director. Rogers indicated he would be available for an interview with the Director at any time during the next two weeks.

Time available as

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Director indicate a date and time convenient to meet Rogers and be interviewed by him for an article to be carried by UPI.

GTA

Rogers accompanied by Dr Dept. DM Murphy pres Dir 11:30 12/18/73 GTA

Appt. for 11:30 A.M. 12-18-73, confirmed with Rogers [redacted] 12-13-73

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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Telephone Rm. ____
Director Sec'y ____

TO : MR. CALLAHAN

DATE: 12/19/73

FROM : R. R. FRANCK

SUBJECT: EDWIN A. ROGERS
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL REPORTER
ASSIGNED TO DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
INTERVIEW WITH DIRECTOR 12/18/73

Captioned individual, earlier this month, requested the opportunity to interview Mr. Kelley and an appointment was subsequently made for Mr. Rogers to interview the Director at 11:30 a.m., 12/18/73.

Mr. Rogers was introduced to the Director by Inspector [redacted] and Mr. Rogers recorded the interview to insure that he would have an accurate record of Mr. Kelley's responses to his questions. It should be noted that Mr. Rogers is very favorably disposed toward the FBI and law enforcement and has a great deal of respect for the Bureau. The interview lasted approximately one hour and the main thrust of Mr. Rogers' opening questions dealt with Mr. Kelley's assessment of the major accomplishments he has achieved in the FBI as he nears the end of his first six months of administration. Mr. Kelley identified his accomplishments as the stability he has been able to give the FBI in the transition period after Mr. Hoover and with the interim of Acting Directors. He stated undoubtedly his experience as Chief of Police has given him much insight in being able to assess the FBI both from within and without with respect to its relations with the public and other law enforcement agencies. Unquestionably having a permanent Director has helped morale considerably in the FBI, but wanted to make it very clear that the Bureau has been very capable in carrying out decisions because of the great services of its employees. While Mr. Kelley stated he was first concerned about morale, he feels there is no problem in this area today.

b6

1 - Mr. Franck
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
1 - Mr. Heim

JMM:jmb
(4)

ST-115

REC 27 94-1-[illegible]-684

(CONTINUED OVER)

17 DEC 21 1973

PLANNING UNIT

Mr. Kelley touched upon numerous other subjects including the management symposiums, maintaining an image of the FBI similar to Caesar's wife, the alliance with the news media, and the fact that wiretaps were very helpful to the FBI in the organized crime field but such taps are not given full credit for their value. Some segments do not appreciate the value of the computer system and erroneously considered it an infringement on civil rights. In connection with the COINTELPRO program, Mr. Kelley stated he would like to see legislation that would enable the FBI to conduct programs during emergencies and crisis situations in order to protect the country but at the same time be able to explain its actions to the public as being legal and justified because it was backed up by such legislation.

Mr. Kelley ended by responding to Mr. Rogers' questions as to who is winning the fight against crime by saying that society is actually winning not law enforcement and law enforcement only implements the tools that society provides. He stated that he feels we are making significant inroads into the cause of crime and its solution by the volume of support we are getting from certain segments of society.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

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Director Sec'y ___

TO: MR. JENKINS

DATE: 2/13/74

FROM: R.R.FRANCK

SUBJECT: DIRECTOR'S LUNCHEON FOR NEWS REPRESENTATIVES WHO COVER THE FBI AND JUSTICE DEPARTMENT
2/13/74

b6

ORIGINAL FILED IN

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

1 - Mr. Jenkins
1 - Mr. Franck
1 - Mr. Heim

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Media Contacts with Mr. Kelley

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TO : MR. JENKINS

DATE: 3/6/74

FROM : R.R.FRANCK

SUBJECT: ED ROGERS
UPI
REQUEST FOR NCIC TOUR

It should be noted that Jack Hushen, Public Information Office, Department of Justice, contacted Mr. Miller late yesterday to indicate that Ed Rogers was interested in getting some background information on the NCIC. Inspector Murphy in my office contacted Rogers this morning. Rogers advised he has done several items for UPI on the NCIC and covered the Director's testimony last week before the Civil Rights and Constitutional Rights Subcommittee. In discussing the NCIC message switching, etc. with Hushen, Hushen offered to obtain for him a tour of the NCIC facilities at the Bureau and, consequently, called Mr. Miller. Rogers stated he realizes he did not need Hushen to intercede for him as he has always received the utmost of cooperation from my Front Office staff.

Rogers explained that although he has been covering matters dealing with the NCIC-CCH, he fully realizes he is operating in a vacuum and needs to acquire more knowledge about the system. In the research he has done he knows that a lot of misinformation has been put out about the NCIC-CCH particularly remarks attributed to Governor Sargent of Massachusetts. He feels that by obtaining more information he can be of service to the Bureau, particularly with respect to what he understands LEAA is trying to do with respect to taking over certain aspects of criminal computer programs. He would, therefore, appreciate the opportunity to tour the NCIC facilities and talk to some of the knowledgeable officials in that Division about the FBI's position on message switching NCIC-CCH concept, sealing of records, etc. He would also arrange to have a UPI photographer with him to take a few candid shots of the NCIC equipment in operation to accompany his story.

ST-112 REC-19 685

RECOMMENDATION:

If approved, arrangements will be made with Mr. Rogers and the Computer Systems Division so as to arrange for a ~~tour~~ and orientation of Rogers with respect to some of the critical issues involving the work of that Division and the FBI.

MAR 12 1974

1 - Mr. W.Campbell
1 - Mr. Franck

MAR 21 1974

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XEROX
MAR 14 1974

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Director Sec'y ____

TO : Mr. McDermott

DATE: 5/30/74

FROM : Mr. Heim

SUBJECT: REQUEST BY EDWIN A. ROGERS, UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI), FOR STATEMENT BY MR. KELLEY PERTAINING TO TERRORISM

b6

Edwin A. Rogers, UPI reporter who covers the Justice Department and who has been very favorably disposed toward the FBI in the past, contacted your (Mr. McDermott's) office and requested a statement by Mr. Kelley pertaining to recent terrorist activities in the United States.

Mr. Rogers noted that subsequent to the 5/17/74 shootout in Los Angeles in which six Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) members lost their lives, there has been substantial publicity, some of which was pointedly sympathetic toward the individual terrorists and highly critical of law enforcement. Mr. Rogers wishes to write an article which would emphasize the law enforcement approach to the problems raised by the SLA and similar terrorist groups.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the attached statement pertaining to the SLA and terrorist activities in general be approved for transmittal to Edwin A. Rogers, UPI.

Enclosure

ENCLOSURE

1 - Mr. McDermott - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Gebhardt - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Wannall - Enclosure
1 - Mr. Mintz - Enclosure

RSY:lad
(8)

EX-105 REC-67 94-[illegible]-686

12 JUN 5 1974

RESEARCH SECTION

58 JUN 14 1974

STATEMENT ON TERRORISM
BY CLARENCE M. KELLEY, DIRECTOR, FBI
MAY 31, 1974

In a tragic incident in Los Angeles last May 17th six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death. This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnaping, and terrorist activity. It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agencies and it blinded some citizens' perspective regarding terrorism.

As a career law enforcement official, I want to assure you that no police agency or police officer has any desire to become involved in gun battles. In law enforcement, firepower is a defensive weapon, a last resort used to protect innocent citizens or fellow law enforcement associates whose safety and lives are being jeopardized.

As a parent with deep love for my family and friends, I can well understand the anguish suffered by those whose loved ones have somehow become swept up in the violent antisocial movement, whether it be the SLA or other similar violence-oriented group. But this compassion cannot lead to disregard for rights of all citizens. Violence as a solution to social ills must be rejected.

The fact that a number of SLA members recently met a violent end does not mean that other members of the SLA or

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RSY:vag (9)

NOTE: See Heim to McDermott Memo dated 5-30-74, captioned: "REQUEST BY EDWIN A. ROGERS, UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL (UPI), FOR STATEMENT BY MR. KELLEY PERTAINING TO TERRORISM."

other revolutionary groups need also face such an end. However, let all who would espouse terrorism fully understand that the law enforcement profession will not shirk its responsibility to protect the rights, property, welfare, and lives of our fellow citizens.

I urge law-abiding citizens who reap the benefits of our form of government to maintain a sane and sensible position in regard to those who would overthrow this government and its institutions by force and violence. It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause, and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends.

They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize that the world of the late 20th century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end. This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire--but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law. Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism.

Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must be considered for what they actually are--thieves and murderers.

One in my position cannot discuss a problem such as terrorism without touching on what the FBI and law enforcement in general is doing about it. A couple of weeks ago I was widely quoted as having described our status in the Hearst kidnaping case as "stumped." To the extent that I was referring to the exact whereabouts of Miss Hearst, that was and is true. It does not mean, however, that our investigative efforts have ended. Together with police departments across the country, we are following up on hundreds of leads in the case in a nation-wide cooperative effort to resolve this matter.

For obvious reasons I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists, but I can assure you that where such groups or individuals are active, we are there. I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcement agencies, we will succeed. Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated.

We in law enforcement realize and accept our responsibility to prevent terrorism as well as to enforce the laws which terrorists violate. We have given serious thought to this problem, and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ. To this objective, we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic

wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress. The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counterterrorist efforts.

The FBI and all law enforcement agencies in this country are pledged to the safety and security of all citizens. So there may be no questions as to our policies with regard to the terrorists in this country, allow me to summarize our position by quoting from a fine editorial which appeared in the Washington Star-News on May 21, 1974: "Any group which takes up the gun to achieve its objectives must be put down very hard, very quickly. The SLA has learned, in Los Angeles, that this will be done. We can only hope that others with guerrilla delusions are learning that bullets and ideals do not mix in this country."

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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Director Sec'y ____

TO : Mr. Franck

DATE: 3-12-74

FROM : Mr. Heim

SUBJECT: EDWIN A. ROGERS
UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL
STORY ON NCIC-CCH

On 3-8-74, SA Kenneth B. Walton accompanied Edwin A. Rogers, a reporter for United Press International (UPI) on a tour of the NCIC facility in the Identification Division. A UPI photographer was also present and took some still photographs of the Computer Room, sixth floor, Ident Building. Mr. Rogers was afforded interviews with Assistant Director Wason G. Campbell, Section Chief Norman F. Stultz, and SA John T. Hall on 3-8-74 and 3-12-74.

Rogers stated that the article he planned on writing will likely be in three installments, and will be accompanied by photographs. He expressed his appreciation for the assistance rendered to him.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

NOT RECORDED
126 MAR 22 1974

1 - Mr. Franck
1 - Mr. W. G. Campbell

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RESEARCH SECTION

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TO : Mr. Jenkins

DATE: 6-10-74

FROM : J. J. McDermott

SUBJECT: MEMORIAL BOOK CONCERNING J. EDGAR HOOVER

Captioned book, which was authorized by Senate Concurrent Resolution 64, introduced by Senator James O. Eastland, will be distributed this week. W. Scott Sonntag, Chief of the Congressional Information Section, Government Printing Office, advised Inspector [redacted] on 6-7-74 that the 1,000 copies ordered for the FBIRA will be delivered first and should reach the FBI on Monday, 6-10-74. He said delivery to the Congress will begin on 6-11-74. He stated he had arranged for our copies to be delivered first since he knew of our interest in this matter.

[redacted] has arranged to obtain about 100 copies without cost through Senator Eastland's Office. One each of these will be furnished to the Director, Mr. Callahan, Mr. Jenkins, Mr. Miller, and each Assistant Director. In addition, a copy will be forwarded to each Special Agent in Charge. It is suggested a copy of this book be sent to Mr. Tolson and Miss Gandy by letter from the Director, and appropriate letters in this regard will be prepared by the Correspondence Section.

The issuance of this book was mentioned some time ago to Ed Rogers, UPI reporter now assigned to cover the Department of Justice, who formerly worked on Capitol Hill and is well acquainted with Senator Eastland. It was pointed out to him the issuance of this book is unprecedented since there has never been such a book published on any person not previously a Member of Congress or a President. He agreed this would make an excellent feature story and said he would certainly pursue the matter toward preparing a proper feature story to be carried by UPI. He also suggested that it would be a natural for a photograph showing Senator Eastland perhaps presenting a copy of the book to Mr. Kelley. He advised on 6-7-74 he had explored this idea with the Photographic Department of UPI and they are most anxious to get such a picture at any time convenient with Mr. Kelley and the Senator. This matter has been discussed with David Lambert, Press Assistant to Senator Eastland, who indicated he thought the Senator would be most pleased to pose for such a picture with the Director. He will

REC-48 94-8-7-6811

1 - Mr. Callahan
1 - Mr. Walsh
1 - Mr. McDermott
1 - Mr. Cregar
1 - Mr. Jenkins
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
1 - [redacted]

152 JUN 12 1974

DWB:kjs (9)

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J. J. McDermott to Mr. Jenkins Memo
RE: MEMORIAL BOOK CONCERNING J. EDGAR HOOVER

check this matter with the Senator upon his return to Washington on 6-10-74 if the Director is interested in doing so. The picture could be taken in the Senator's Office at the convenience of the Director and the Senator on 6-11 or 12-74.

RECOMMENDATION:

That the Director indicate if he desires to have a photograph made with Senator Eastland as indicated above. If so, appropriate arrangements will be made.

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UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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TO : MR. JENKINS

DATE: 5/17/74

FROM : R.R.FRANCK

SUBJECT: FOUNDING CHURCH OF SCIENTOLOGY
1812 19th Street, N.W.
WASHINGTON, D.C.

Mr. Dave Anderson, United Press International (UPI) (telephone:393-3430) telephonically advised me at 2:30 p.m. today that he had just received a press release issued by captioned organization stating that the Reverend Lynn M.McNeil had filed a complaint in U.S. District Court, Washington, D.C. against the Attorney General and the Director for wiretapping their phones. Mr. Anderson stated that, according to this release, captioned is represented by Williams,Connolly and Califano, Washington, D.C. and that the Reverend Pat Meifner and one Terry Hibbs are also mentioned in the release.

Mr. Anderson wanted to know whether we had received a subpoena or other legal document in this regard and, after checking with Inspector Herington in Mr. Mintz's office and Unit Chief James C. Farrington, Freedom of Information Act Unit (FOI), I relayed the information to Mr. Anderson that we had not received any legal document in this regard. Mr. Anderson asked if I could make any comment concerning the Founding Church of Scientology and I told him, of course, I could not.

According to the Freedom of Information Act Unit, the Founding Church of Scientology has made a request under FOI for information in our files which is a pending matter at this time as I understand it.

ACTION:

None. For information.

ENCLOSURE

1 - Mr. Mintz
1 - Mr. Farrington
1 - Mr. Franck

RRF;jo
(4)

ENCLOSURE

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Sect Sues FBI Over Phone Tap

By William Willoughby
Star-News Staff Writer

The Founding Church of Scientology yesterday filed a suit for $1 million against the Federal Bureau of Investigation, charging that the FBI has been tapping some of its phones over an undetermined length of time.

ATTORNEY Earl C. Dudley Jr. also filed in U.S. District Court a motion for a temporary restraining order to halt the wiretapping.

In an affidavit, Terry Hibbs, personnel officer of the church at 1812 19th St. NW, said that at approximately 7:15 p.m. on April 30 she attempted to place a local call from the church's headquarters.

After dialing only the first three digits, she seemed to have made a connection, she said. A male voice answered and, in answer to her questions, gave the name Bob Wiclomore and said he was a special agent of the FBI, according to the affidavit. Miss Hibbs said the man asked who she was "and whether I worked for the FBI."

The Hibbs affidavit said, "I told this man that I had been connected to his phone after dialing two or three digits of a number. He said that he was operating a switchboard for the FBI and that the calls on my telephone were being monitored.

"HE ASKED if I had requested that my phone be tapped. When I informed him that I had not, he began to ask me numerous questions, apparently assuming I was speaking from my home telephone. He explained that the monitoring of the telephone included tape recordings of all conversations by an automatic device which had apparently malfunctioned and connected him to the call. He did not appear to know what telephone line I was calling on or who the subscriber of the telephone was," she said.

The suit names as defendants Wiclomore, two other FBI agents, Atty. Gen. William Saxbe and FBI Director Clarence H. Kelley. They are accused of the "wrongful, unlawful and malicious invasion of the privacy" of the church, its ministers, parishioners and employes.

The Washington Post ____
Washington Star-News A-3
Daily News (New York) ____
The New York Times ____
The Wall Street Journal ____
The National Observer ____
The Los Angeles Times ____

Date MAY 18 1974

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Director Sec'y —

TO : Mr. Jenkins

DATE: 7/10/74

FROM : Mr. McDermott

SUBJECT: STATEMENT ON TERRORISM FURNISHED TO UPI 5/31/74

b6

Under date of 5/31/74, in response to a specific request from Ed Rogers, UPI correspondent covering the Justice Building, he was furnished a statement from the Director dealing with terrorism which was prepared by the Research Section of this division. On 6/1/74 UPI, through its wire service facilities throughout the country, carried a condensation of the Director's statement. A number of newspapers throughout the country carried the UPI story and it was also the subject of many favorable editorials. In response to this, a number of field offices were furnished the full text of Mr. Kelley's statement to furnish to selected news contacts.

The Director in a conference with representatives of my Front Office in early June indicated a desire to see the results of the nationwide coverage given to the UPI story on terrorism. Attached is a sampling of clippings from various field offices which have been forwarded to FBI Headquarters, consisting of the UPI story and approximately 30 editorials and news stories carrying the Director's full statement. We continue to receive copies of these clippings daily and a review of the clippings certainly indicates the widespread distribution that has been given this excellent statement by the Director on this timely topic.

REC-47 66-113-689

18 JUL 1974

RECOMMENDATION

If you have no objection, I intend to have our Congressional Services Office make arrangements to have the Director's full statement on terrorism printed in the Congressional Record, such as the one which appeared in the 6/30/74 "Wilmington Star-News," Wilmington, North Carolina.

Encs. 31 ENCLOSURE BEHIND FILE
1 - Mr. McDermott
1 - Mr. Gebhardt
1 - Mr. Wannall
1 - [redacted] - Enc.
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
1 - Mr. Heim

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Placed with Cong. Sarasin and OL published in Congressional Record 7/17/74

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Serial 689

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UPI035
(TERRORISM)

WASHINGTON (UPI) -- THE FBI MAY PUSH FOR ADOPTION OF NEW WIRETAP LEGISLATION TO HELP AGENTS COMBAT TERRORIST ACTIVITY IN THIS COUNTRY, FBI DIRECTOR CLARENCE KELLEY SAID SATURDAY.

UNDER PRESENT REQUIREMENTS COURT APPROVAL IS REQUIRED IN EVERY CASE INVOLVING WIRETAPS FOR DOMESTIC SURVEILLANCE. KELLEY SAID "NEW TECHNIQUES" ARE NEEDED.

"WE HAVE GIVEN SERIOUS THOUGHT TO THIS PROBLEM AND HAVE CONCLUDED THAT OUR CAPABILITIES IN THIS AREA DEFINITELY NEED TO BE BROADENED IN THE USE OF CERTAIN TECHNIQUES WE CANNOT NOW EMPLOY," HE SAID.

"TO THIS OBJECTIVE WE IN THE FBI ARE IN THE PROCESS OF CONSIDERING PROPOSED LEGISLATION IN THE AREA OF DOMESTIC WIRETAPS FOR DISCUSSION WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE AND EVENTUAL PRESENTATION TO THE CONGRESS."

KELLEY DISCLOSED THE PLANS IN A PREPARED STATEMENT GIVEN UNITED PRESS INTERNATIONAL IN RESPONSE TO A QUERY ABOUT THE EXTENT OF TERRORISM AND WHAT THE FBI IS DOING ABOUT IT.

"FOR OBVIOUS REASONS I CANNOT CITE EXAMPLES OF SPECIFIC LOCATIONS WHERE WE ARE CONDUCTING SEARCHES FOR TERRORISTS BUT I CAN ASSURE YOU THAT WHERE SUCH GROUPS OF INDIVIDUALS ARE ACTIVE, WE ARE THERE," KELLEY SAID.

"I CAN FURTHER ASSURE YOU THAT IN THIS COOPERATIVE EFFORT BY ALL LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES WE WILL SUCCEED," HE SAID. "TERRORISM IN THE UNITED STATES SIMPLY WILL NOT BE TOLERATED."

KELLEY DID NOT INDICATE WHAT KIND OF TECHNIQUES CONGRESS MAY BE ASKED TO AUTHORIZE.

ON THIS SUBJECT KELLEY WOULD ONLY SAY, "THE USE OF THIS IMPORTANT LAW ENFORCEMENT TECHNIQUE WOULD GREATLY ASSIST US IN OUR COUNTERTERRORIST EFFORTS."

KELLEY DISCUSSED AT LENGTH THE NATION'S MOST WIDELY PUBLICIZED TERRORIST GROUP, THE SYMBIONESE LIBERATION ARMY (SLA) WHICH PATRICIA HEARST CLAIMS SHE JOINED AFTER BEING KIDNAPED BY THE SLA.

IN A NEWS CONFERENCE A COUPLE OF WEEKS AGO, KELLEY RECALLED, HE SAID THE HEARST KIDNAPING HAD THE FBI STUMPED. KELLEY SAID HE WAS REFERRING ONLY TO THE EXACT WHEREABOUTS OF MISS HEARST, WHO IS NOW OFFICIALLY A FUGITIVE.

KELLEY SAID THAT IS STILL TRUE, BUT THAT DOES NOT MEAN "THAT OUR INVESTIGATIVE EFFORTS HAVE ENDED.

"TOGETHER WITH POLICE DEPARTMENTS ACROSS THE COUNTRY WE ARE FOLLOWING UP ON HUNDREDS OF LEADS IN THE CASE IN A NATIONWIDE COOPERATIVE EFFORT TO RESOLVE THIS MATTER," KELLEY SAID.

KELLEY EXPRESSED CONCERN OVER SOME OF THE PUBLIC REACTION TO A SHOOTOUT IN WHICH SIX SLA MEMBERS DIED IN A SURROUNDED HOUSE IN LOS ANGELES LAST MAY 17.

HE SAID THE INCIDENT WAS "TRAGIC," BUT ADDED, "IT WAS ALSO TRAGIC IN THE FACT THAT IT AROUSED UNWARRANTED CRITICISM OF THE CONCERNED LAW ENFORCEMENT AGENCIES AND IT BLINDED SOME CITIZENS' PERSPECTIVE TO TERRORISM."

UPI 06-01 11:20 AED

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

94-1-95-689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

F. B. I. suggests freer use of wiretaps on terrorists

WASHINGTON — (UPI) — The Federal Bureau of Investigation may push for adoption of new wiretapping legislation to help agents combat spreading terrorist activity in this country, F. B. I. Director Clarence M. Kelley said yesterday.

Under present requirements, court approval is required in every case involving wiretaps for domestic surveillance. Kelley said new techniques are needed.

"We have given serious thought to this problem and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ," he said.

"To this objective we in the F. B. I. are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress."

Kelley disclosed the plans in response to a query about the extent of domestic terrorism and what the F. B. I. is doing about it.

The F. B. I. chief, who did not indicate what kind of wiretapping legislation Congress might be asked to authorize, said: "The use of this important law-enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter-terrorist efforts."

"For obvious reasons," Kelley said, "I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists but I can assure you that where such groups of individuals are active, we are there.

"I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law-enforcement agencies we will succeed. Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated."

Kelley discussed at length the nation's most widely publicized terroist group, the Symbionese Liberation Army, which Patricia Hearst says she joined after being kidnaped by members.

Kelley said the F. B. I. still has no idea as to the whereabouts of the newspaper heiress, but added that does not mean "that our investigative efforts have ended."

"Together with police departments across the country we are following up on hundreds of leads in the case in a nation-wide cooperative effort to resolve this matter," he said.

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Director Sec'y	

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

p.A17 Seattle Times
Seattle, Wash.

Date: 6/2/74
Edition: Sunday
Author:
Editor: Henry MacLeod
Title:

ELSUR
Character:
or
Classification: 66-2768
Submitting Office Seattle

☐ Being Investigated

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

62-[illegible] 689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

FBI May Call for New Wiretap Law

Washington (UPI) — The FBI may push for adoption of new wiretap legislation to help agents combat spreading terrorist activity, FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley said Saturday.

Currently court approval is required in every case involving wiretaps for domestic surveillance. Kelly said new techniques are needed.

"We have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ," he said.

The FBI chief, who did not indicate what kind of wiretap legislation Congress might be asked to authorize, said: "The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter terrorist efforts."

"For obvious reasons, 'I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we re conducting searches for errorists but I can assure you hat where such groups of ndividuals are active, we are there.

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Legal Coun. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director Sec'y ____

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

2 "THE HOUSTON POST"
HOUSTON, TEXAS

Date: 6/2/74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Oveta Culp Hobby
Title:

Character:
or
Classification: 80-424
Submitting Office: HOUSTON

☐ Being Investigated

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

~~97-2-75-489~~

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

FBI considers seeking new wiretap legislation

WASHINGTON (UPI) — The FBI may push for adoption of new wiretap legislation to help agents combat spreading terrorist activity in this country, FBI director Clarence M. Kelley said Saturday.

Under present requirements court approval is required in every case involving wiretaps for domestic surveillance. Kelley said new techniques are needed.

"We have given serious thought to this problem and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ," he said.

"To this objective we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress."

Kelley disclosed the plans in response to a query about the extent of domestic terrorism and what the FBI is doing about it.

The FBI chief, who did not indicate what kind of wiretap legislation congress might be asked to authorize, said: "The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter-terrorist efforts."

"For obvious reasons," Kelley said, "I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists but I can assure you that where such groups of individuals are active, we are there.

"I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcement agencies we will succeed. Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated."

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

7 "THE HOUSTON CHRONICLE"
HOUSTON, TEXAS

Date: 6/2/74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Everett D. Collier
Title:

Character:
or
Classification: 80-424
Submitting Office: HOUSTON

☐ Being Investigated

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

~~-~~ 94-8-95-689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

FBI May Request New Wiretap Law

WASHINGTON (UPI) — The FBI may push for adoption of new wiretap legislation to help agents combat spreading terrorist activity in this country, FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley said Saturday.

Under present requirements court approval is required in every case involving wiretaps for domestic surveillance. Kelley said new techniques are needed.

"We have given serious thought to this problem and have concluded th capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ," he said.

"To this objective we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress."

Kelley disclosed the plans to United Press International in response to a query about the extent of domestic terrorism and what the FBI is doing about it.

The FBI chief, who did not indicate what kind of wiretap legislation Congress might be asked to authorize, said: "The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter terrorist efforts."

"For obvious reasons," Kelley said, "I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists but I can assure you that where such groups of individuals are active, we are there.

"I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcement agencies we will succeed. Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated."

Kelley discussed at length the nation's most widely publicized terrorist group, the Symbionese Liberation Army which Patricia Hearst claims she joined after being kidnaped by members.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

The State

Page 8A

Date: 6/2/74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Robert A. Pierce
Title:

Character:
or
Classification: 64-108
Submitting Office: Columbia

☐ Being Investigated

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

9-2-75-689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

A—4

FBI chief may ask new wiretap law

United Press International

WASHINGTON — The FBI may push for adoption of new wiretap legislation to help agents combat spreading terrorist activity in this country, FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley said yesterday.

Under present requirements court approval is necessary in every case involving wiretaps for domestic surveillance. Kelley said new techniques are needed.

"We have given serious thought to this problem and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ," he said.

The FBI Chief, who did not indicate what kind of wiretap legislation Congress might be asked to authorize, said: "The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter-terrorist efforts."

"For obvious reasons," Kelley said, "I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists, but I can assure you that where such groups of individuals are active, we are there.

"I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcement agencies we will succeed. Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated."

SLA discussed

Kelley discussed at length the nation's most widely publicized terrorist group, the Symbionese Liberation Army, which Patricia Hearst claims she joined after being kidnaped by members.

Kelley said the FBI still has no idea as to the whereabouts of the newspaper heiress, but added that does not mean that FBI investigative efforts have ended.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
Pg. A-4
The Sunday Record
Hackensack, N.J.

Date: June 2, 1974
Edition: Sunday Record
Author:
Editor: D. Borg
Title: DIRECTOR
CLARENCE KELLEY

Character:
or
Classification: 80-
Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

94-8-95-689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

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Revising Wiretaps

Without doubt Americans are entitled to all of the privacy they can get, privacy that protects them from prying of any type by other people —to a point.

Those Americans so entitled to such privacy are the law-abiding Americans; and guarding their right to freedom from unnecessary nosiness must not be forgotten.

This brings us to the people who do not live within the laws — terrorists for only one example.

And because terrorists are posing an ever-increasing threat to law-abiding people, the director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation has said that the FBI might press for new wiretap legislation.

Clarence M. Kelley, talking about the requirement that each domestic wiretap surveillance must be court-approved, said that new techniques are needed. He said:

"We have given serious thought to this problem and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ.

"To this objective, we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress."

Back in the years when wiretapping was being presented as one of the major weapons in the fight against American crime, we editorialized frequently about the subject. We agreed that indeed wiretaps could be used to good purpose in that regard, but we added that court approval of each domestic tap was an important safeguard against abuse.

Perhaps, however, the time has come to reevaluate that opinion somewhat. Surely everyone recognizes that terrorism is increasing, terrorism that constitutes an extraordinary situation. And many times extraordinary measures must be taken to combat extreme situations.

We do not know just what FBI Director Kelley has in mind about the new wiretap legislation; he has said only that "the use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter-terrorist efforts." Nonetheless, if the new technique is any where near reasonable, it deserves thoughtful consideration.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

TRIBUNE-REVIEW
JOHNSTOWN, PA

PAGE 6 (EDITORIAL)

Date: 6-10-74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: GEORGE FAITMAN
Title: MISC. INFO

Character: 80-861
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: PITTSBURGH

☐ Being Investigated

0-19 (Rev. 7-16-73)

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FBI Head Answers Criticism In 'Statement On Terrorism'

WASHINGTON — Clarence M. Kelley, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, has issued what he termed "A Statement on Terrorism" in which he replies to criticism of law enforcement agencies which followed the recent Los Angeles shootout in which six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army were killed. Kelley's complete statement follows:

"In a tragic incident in Los Angeles last May 17th six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death. This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnaping, and terrorist activity. It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agencies and it blinded some citizens' perspective regarding terrorism.

"As a career law enforcement official, I want to assure you that no police agency or police officer has any desire to become involved in gun battles. In law enforcement, firepower is a defensive weapon, a last resort used to protect innocent citizens or fellow law enforcement associates whose safety and lives are being jeopardized.

"As a parent with deep love for my family and friends, I can well understand the anguish suffered by those whose loved ones have somehow become swept up in the violent antisocial movement, whether it be the SLA or other similar violence-oriented group. But this compassion cannot lead to disregard for rights of all citizens. Violence as a solution to social ills must be rejected.

"The fact that a number of SLA members recently met a violent end does not mean that other members of the SLA or other revolutionary groups need also face such an end. However, let all who would espouse terrorism fully understand that the law enforcement profession will not shirk its responsibility to protect the rights, property, welfare, and lives of our fellow citizens.

"I urge law-abiding citizens who reap the benefits of our form of government to maintain a sane and sensible position in regard to those who would overthrow this government and its institutions by force and violence. It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause, and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends.

"They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize that the world of the late 20th century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end. This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire — but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law. Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism.

The Washington Post
Times Herald ____
The Evening Star (Washington) ____
The Sunday Star (Washington) ____
Daily News (New York) ____
Sunday News (New York) ____
New York Post ____
The New York Times ____
The Daily World ____
The New Leader ____
The Wall Street Journal ____
The National Observer ____
People's World ____
Sarasota Herald-Tribun

Date 6/13/74 p.15A

"Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must be considered for what they actually are — thieves and murderers.

"One in my position cannot discuss a problem such as terrorism without touching on what the FBI and law enforcement in general is doing about it. A couple of weeks ago I was widely quoted as having described our status in the Hearst kidnaping case as 'stumped.' To the extent that I was referring to the exact wherabouts of Miss Hearst, that was and is true. It does not mean, however, that our investigative efforts have ended. Together with police departments across the country, we are following up on hundreds of leads in the case in a nationwide cooperative effort to resolve this matter.

"For obvious reasons I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists, but I can assure you that where such groups or individuals are active, we are there. I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcement agencies, we will succeed. Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated.

"We in law enforcement realize and accept our responsibility to prevent terrorism as well as to enforce the laws which terrorists violate. We have given serious thought to this problem and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ. To this objective, we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress. The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter-terrorist efforts.

"The FBI and all law enforcement agencies in this country are pledged to the safety and security of all citizens. So there may be no questions as to our policies with regard to the terrorists in this country, allow me to summarize our position by quoting from a fine editorial which appeared in the Washington Star-news on May 21, 1974: 'Any group which takes up the gun to achieve its objectives must be put down very hard, very quickly. The SLA has learned, in Los Angeles, that this will be done. We can only hope that others with guerrilla delusions are learning that bullets and ideals do not mix in this country.' "

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

94-8-95-689

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Director Sec'y ____

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Date:
Edition:
Author:
Editor:
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

FBI Director: Terrorism 'Must Not Be Tolerated'

The Federal Bureau of Investigation office here today released a statement by FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley concerning the deaths of six Symbionese Liberation Army members in Los Angeles last month.

Kelley's remarks on the incident follow:

"In a tragic incident in Los Angeles last May 17th six members of the Sybionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death. This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnaping, and terrorist activity. It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agaencies and it blinded some citizens' perspective regarding terrorism.

"As a career law enforcement official, I want to assure you that no police agency or police officer has any desire to become involved in gun battles. In law enforcement, firepower is a defensive weapon, a last resort used to protect innocent citizens or fellow law enforcement associates whose safety and lives are being jeopardized.

"As a parent with deep love for my family and friends, I can well understand the anguish suffered by those whose loved ones have somehow become swept up in the violent antisocial movement, whether it be the SLA or other similar violence-oriented group. But this compassion cannot lead to disregard for rights of all citizens. Violence as a solution to social ills must be rejected.

"The fact that a number of SLA members recently met a violent end does not mean that other members of the SLA or other revolutionary groups need also face such an end. However, let all who would espouse terrorism fully understand that the law enforcement profession will not shirk its responsibility to protect the rights, property, welfare, and lives of our fellow citizens.

"I urged law-abiding citizens who reap the benefits of our form of government to maintain a sane and sensible position in regard to those who would overthrow this government and its institutions by force and violence. It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause, and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends.

"They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize that the world of the late 20th century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end. This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire— but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law. Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism.

"Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must be considered for what they actually are—thieves and murderers.

"One in my position cannot discuss a problem such as terrorism without touching on what the FBI and law enforcement in general is doing about it. A couple of weeks ago I was widely quoted as having described our status in the Hearst kidnaping case as "stumped." To the extent that I was referring to the exact whereabouts of Miss Hearst, that was and is true. It does not mean, however, that our investigative efforts have ended. Together with police departments across the country, we are following up on hundreds of leads in the case in a nationwide cooperative effort to resolve this matter.

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"We in law enforcement realize and accept our responsibility to prevent terrorism as well as to enforce the laws which terrorists violate. We have given serious thought to this problem, and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ. To this objective, we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for dicussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress. The use of this important law enforcement technique wuld greatly assist us in our counterterrorist efforts.

The FBI and all law enforcement agencies in this country are pledged to the safety and security of all citizens. So there may be no questions as to our policies with regard to the terrorists in this country, allow me to summarize our position by quoting from a fine editorial which appeared in the Washington Star-News on May 21, 1974: "Any group which takes up the gun to achieve its objectives must be put down very hard, very quickly. The SLA has learned, in Los Angeles, that this will be done. We can only hope that others with guerrilla delusions are learning that bullets and ideals do not mix in this country."

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

95-689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

All U.S. Citizens Urged To Maintain 'Sane, Sensible' Position On Overthrow Of Country

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

The Lancaster News

Page 10A

Date: June 14, 1974
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Paul League
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Columbia

☐ Being Investigated

The author of this story, Clarence M. Kelly, is director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, Washington, D.C.

The article state the FBI's position in connection with the May 17 confrontation with members of the Symbionese Liberation Army in Los Angeles.

In a tragic incident in Los Angeles last May 17th six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death. This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnapping, and terrorist activity. It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agencies and it blinded some citizens' perspective regarding terrorism.

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I urge law-abiding citizens who reap the benefits of our

form of government to maintain a sane and sensible position in regard to those who would overthrow this government and its institutions by force and violence. It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause, and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends.

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We in law enforcement realize and accept our responsibility to prevent terrorism as well as to enforce the laws which terrorists violate. We have given serious thought to this problem, and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ. To this objective, we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress.

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(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Statement On Terrorism

In his statement on terrorism reprinted below FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley speaks for all men of good will, sound minds and compassionate hearts. No man with a decent regard for his fellow human beings could quarrel with this view:

"I urge law-abiding citizens who reap the benefits of our form of government to maintain a sane and sensible position in regard to those who would overthrow this government and its institutions by force and violence. It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better work, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause, and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends.

"They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize thatthe world of the late 20th century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end. This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire— but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law. Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism.

"Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must be considered for what they actually are —thieves and murderers."

There is no justification in sane minds for terrorism. Those who kill and rob and intimidate, for whatever reason, are the mad dogs of society. Only a twisted mind could view such savagery as building a better world!

Mr. Kelley is perhaps more compassionate than we — which is most laudable in a law enforcement officer. We are fortunate he takes such an attitude. Yet he is as unequivocal when it comes to the heart of the matter: "Terrorism in the United States will not be tolerated." Do not be deceived by the understatement. It is an absolute: he meant *it will not be tolerated.*

It has been —to our undying disgrace. Yes, disgrace, because in tolerating it we have turned our backs on its victims — who might well have been us. We have, at times, shown more sympathy for the killers than the killed.

Terrorism — organized kidnapping, assassination, robbery, extortion, intimidation, torture — has become a worldwide method of achieving political and personal aims. The Viet Cong are past masters at it, having murdered tens of thousands of villagers, old men and women and children, shelled schools and hospitals and crowds. Arab extremists have been conducting a worldwide campaign of terror for years, involving the murder of hundreds of men, women and children. Why has it flourished? —Because it has not been stamped out.

No man is safe from these skulking killers, wherever he may be. No home is safe. No child in school is safe. No business is safe. They take unto themselves the power to decide who shall live and who shall die and carry out their executions with cold hatred.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

D-2
The News
Lynchburg, Va.

Date: 6-16-74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: F. JAMES MURDOCK
Title:

Character:
or
Classification: 67-25437
Submitting Office: RICHMOND

☐ Being Investigated

Mr. Kelley, and the police, per se, must have the weapons they need to do the job: which is protecting the rest of us. If he says he needs authority for a wider use of wiretaps to track these killers down, so be it. The common good takes precedent here over the abstract value of privacy — which we doubt would be abused. We can afford to give the police a wider discretion in the use of wiretaps if it will curb this menace and save lives. If wiretaps prevent even one person from being assassinated, is that not just as much justification as the claim that it is better for one hundred guilty to go free than one innocent man convicted?

—Or should we take the attitude that it is better a hundred terrorists go free to kill again —and again —rather than permit police to use wiretaps to catch them?

Some may take the attitude that terrorism in this country is a relatively isolated thing. What about the hundreds of police offices who have been ambushed, and often slain in recent years? What about the rash of "political" kidnappings? What about the bank robberies to finance these "revolutionary" organizations? What about the bombings and blowing up of power lines? The reason terrorism has become as widespread as it has is because we have turned our backs.

This is not just a police fight. It is OUR fight. And the way we can fight most effectively is by cooperating with the police and demanding that our legislators give them the weapons they need to do the job. Legislation can be written to protect our civil rights and at the same time protect our lives. Perhaps we should ask ourselves what civil rights do persons have who are marked for murder by these killers. . .

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley:

Statement On Terrorism

In a tragic incident in Los Angeles last May 17th six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death. This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnaping, and terrorist activity. It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agencies and it blinded some citizens' perspective regarding terrorism.

As a career law enforcement official, I want to assure you that no police agency or police officer has any desire to become involved in gun battles. In law enforcement, firepower is a defensive weapon, a last resort used to protect innocent citizens or fellow law enforcement associates whose safety and lives are being jeopardized.

As a parent with deep love for my family and friends, I can well understand the anguish suffered by those whose loved ones have somehow become swept up in the violent antisocial movement, whether it be the SLA or other similar violenceoriented group. But this compassion cannot lead to disregard for rights of all citizens. Violence as a solution to social ills must be rejected.

The fact that a number of SLA members recently met a violent end does not mean that other members of the SLA or other revolutionary groups need also face such an end. However, let all who would espouse terrorism fully understand that the law enforcement profession will not shirk its responsibility to protect the rights, property, welfare, and lives of our fellow citizens.

I urge law-abiding citizens who reap the benefits of our form of government to maintain a sane and sensible position in regard to those who would overthrow this government and its institutions by force and violence. It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause, and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends.

They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize that the world of the late 20th century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end. This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire --but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law. Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism.

Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must be considered for what they actually are — thieves and murderers.

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For obvious reasons I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists, but I can assure you that where such groups or individuals are active, we are there. I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcement agencies, we will succeed. **Terrorism in the Uni ted States simply will not be tolerated.**

We in law enforcement realize and accept our responsibility to prevent terrorism as well as to enforce the laws which terrorists violate. We have given serious thought to this problem, and haYe concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ. To this objective, we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress. The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counterterrorist efforts.

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D-2
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Lynchburg, Va.

Date: 6-16-74
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Author:
Editor: F. JAMES MURDOCK
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Character:
or
Classification: 67-25437
Submitting Office: RICHMOND

☐ Being Investigated

FBI Director Explains About SLA Deaths

EDITOR'S NOTE: The following statement on terrorism has been released by Clarence M. Kelly, Director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, to clarify what happened, how it happened and why it happened, in the tragic event in Los Angeles when six persons met death. The statement is given in its entirety as released by the FBI.)

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FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

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Guest Editorial

Terrorism

By CLARENCE M. KELLEY,
DIRECTOR, FBI

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

STATE GAZETTE
PAGE 4
DOWNTOWN EDITION
DYERSBURG, TENN.

Date: 6/25/74
Edition: DAILY
Author:
Editor: MARTHA BLAKE
Title: AS STATED

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

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INSIGHT

BY CLARENCE M. KELLEY
DIRECTOR, FBI
May 31, 1974

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4 North Myrtle Beach Times
North Myrtle Beach, S.C. 29582
P.O. Box 725

Date: 6/09/74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Mike Little
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: CO

☐ Being Investigated

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FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

9 5 7 689

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'Bullets And Ideals Don't Mix'

In a statement keyed to the tragic shoot-out in Los Angeles in which six members of the so-called Symbionese Liberation Army died, FBI Director Clarence Kelley has made plain his department's position on terrorism. Briefly put, that position rejects violence and promises protection of citizen safety and rights. At the same time it assures that force will be employed against force but only as a last resort to save lives.

However valid the ends they seek to achieve, Mr. Kelley declared, revolutionaries who espouse anarchy are blind to 20th Century concepts and realities in the U.S. The government of this nation permits change by the people, but only peaceably and within the framework of the law. Those who choose to live and operate outside the law — to use force and violence — must accept the consequences of that choice.

Together with police departments across the country, Mr. Kelley said, the FBI is searching for terrorists and "I can assure you that where such groups or individuals are active, we are there. I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcement agencies, we will succeed. Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated."

That's a positive position, presented in straight talk. But Mr. Kelley didn't stop there. To summarize FBI policy, he quoted from a recent Washington Star-News editorial:

"Any group which takes up the gun to achieve its objectives must be put down very hard, very quickly. The SLA has learned, in Los Angeles, that this will be done. We can only hope that others with guerrilla delusions are learning that bullets and ideals do not mix in this country."

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)
4A, The News & Courier
Charleston, S.C.

Date: June 19, 1974
Edition: Morning
Author: Unknown
Editor: ARTHUR M. WILCOX
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office

☐ Being Investigated

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94-3-95-689

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Director Details FBI Position

BY CLARENCE M. KELLEY
Director, FBI

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

7 SELMA FREE PRESS-ADVERTISER, SELMA, ALABAMA

Date: 6/19/74
Edition: Weekly
Author:
Editor:
Title: "DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT ON TERRORISM

Character:
or
Classification: 80-0
Submitting Office: MOBILE

☐ Being Investigated

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Guest Column

Kelley On Terrorism

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4A OPELIKA-AUBURN NEWS
OPELIKA, ALABAMA

Date: 6/16/74
Edition: Sunday
Author:
Editor:
Title: DIRECTOR'S STATEMENT ON TERRORISM

Character:
or
Classification: 80-0
Submitting Office: MOBILE

☐ Being Investigated

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Page 12 - Wednesday, June 19, 1974 Glenwood Post

Kelley explains FBI conduct with terrorists

By Clarence M. Kelley
Director, FBI

In a tragic incident in Los Angeles last May 17, six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death. This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnaping, and terrorist activity. It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agencies and it blinded some citizens' perspective regarding terrorism.

As a career law enforcement official, I want to assure you that no police agency or police officer has any desire to become involved in gun battles.

In law enforcement, firepower is a defensive weapon, a last resort used to protect innocent citizens or fellow law enforcement associates whose safety and lives are being jeopardized.

As a parent with deep love for my family and friends, I can well understand the anguish suffered by those whose loved ones have somehow become swept up in the violent antisocial movement, whether it be the SLA or other similar violence-oriented group. But this compassion cannot lead to disregard for rights of all citizens. Violence as a solution to social ills must be rejected.

The fact that a number of SLA members recently met a violent end does not mean that other members of the SLA or other revolutionary groups need also face such an end. However, let all who would espouse terrorism fully understand that the law enforcement profession will not shirk its responsibility to protect the rights, property, welfare, and lives of our fellow citizens.

I urge law-abiding citizens who reap the benefits of our form of government to maintain a sane and sensible position in regard to those who would overthrow this government and its institutions by force and violence. It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause, and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends.

They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize that the world of the late 20th century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end. This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire — but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law. Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism.

12 Glenwood Post
Glenwood Springs, Colo.

Date: 6/19/74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Dale E Strode
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must be considered for what they actually are — thieves and murderers.

One in my position cannot discuss a problem such as terrorism without touching on what the FBI and law enforcement in general is doing about it. A couple of weeks ago I was widely quoted as having described our status in the Hearst kidnaping case as "stumped." To the extent that I was referring to the exact whereabouts of Miss Hearst, that was and is true. It does not mean, however, that our investigative efforts have ended. Together with police departments across the country, we are following up on hundreds of leads in the case in a nationwide cooperative effort to resolve this matter.

For obvious reasons I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists, but I can assure you that where such groups or individuals are active, we are there. I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcement agencies, we will succeed.

Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated.

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"Any group which takes up the gun to achieve its objectives must be put down very hard, very quickly. The SLA has learned, in Los Angeles, that this will be done. We can only hope that others with guerrilla delusions are learning that bullets and ideals do not mix in this country."

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

94-545-689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

FBI Director Say's Bullets and Ideals Don't Mix

The following is a statement on Terrorism by Clarence M. Kelley, Director of FBI that was released May 31, 1974.

In a tragic incident in Los Angles last May 17th six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death. This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnapping, and terrorist activity. It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agencies and it blinded some citizen's perspective regarding terrorism.

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The fact that a number of SLA members recently met a violent end does not mean that other members of the SLA or other revolutionary groups need also face such an end. However, let all who would espouse terrorism fully

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Sea Islander

Page 4

Date: June 20
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Penny Carpenter
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Columbia

☐ Being Investigated

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FD-350 (Rev. 7-15-63)

94 & 95 689

'Terrorism in U.S. Won't Be Tolerated; Says FBI Chief

..EDITOR'S NOTE — The following is a statement by Clarence M. Kelley, director of the FBI, concerning that agency's role in the search for Patricia Hearst and its response to all instances of terrorism in this country.

By Clarence M. Kelley, Director, FBI

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12, Daily Times Call
Longmont, Colorado

Date: 6/20/74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Edward H. Lehman
Title: "Terrorism in U.S. Won't be Tolerated; Says FBI Chief
Character:
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Classification:
Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

FD-350 (Rev. 7-13-61)

L.A. Incident Tragic FBI Director Feels

Statement on Terrorism
By Clarence M. Kelley,
Director, FBI

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

3, Reporter-Herald
Loveland, Colorado

Date: June 20, 1974
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Edward H. Lehman
Title: "FBI Director Feels L.A. Incident Tragic"
Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

☐ Being Investigated

FBI Director Kelley urges end to violence

Assoc. Dir. ____
Asst. Dir.:
Admin. ____
Comp. Syst. ____
Files & Com. ____
Gen. Inv. ____
Ident. ____
Inspection ____
Intell. ____
Laboratory ____
Plan. & Eval. ____
Spec. Inv. ____
Training ____
Legal Coun. ____
Cong. Serv. ____
Corr. & Crm. Research ____
Press Off. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director Sec'y ____

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Clarence M. Kelley is director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation.

The Washington Post
Times Herald ____
The Evening Star (Washington) ____
The Sunday Star (Washington) ____
Daily News (New York) ____
Sunday News (New York) ____
New York Post ____
The New York Times ____
The Daily World ____
The New Leader ____
The Wall Street Journal ____
The National Observer ____
People's World ____
Rocky Mountain News

Date 6/23/74

689

Assoc. Dir. _____
Asst. Dir.:
Admin. _____
Comp. Syst. _____
Files & Com. _____
Gen. Inv. _____
Ident. _____
Inspection _____
Intell. _____
Laboratory _____
Plan. & Eval. _____
Spec. Inv. _____
Training _____
Legal Coun. _____
Cong. Serv. _____
Corr. & Crm. Research _____
Press Off. _____
Telephone Rm. _____
Director Sec'y _____

Bullets and Ideals Do Not Mix

By CLARENCE M. KELLEY

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FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley: Terrorism will not be tolerated in America.

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The Washington Post
Times Herald _____
The Evening Star (Washington) _____
The Sunday Star (Washington) _____
Daily News (New York) _____
Sunday News (New York) _____
New York Post _____
The New York Times _____
The Daily World _____
The New Leader _____
The Wall Street Journal _____
The National Observer _____
People's World _____
Denver Post

Date 6/23/74

This commentary is excerpted from a statement by the director of the FBI.

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FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

688

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

A Word To Terrorists

CLARENCE M. Kelley, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, issued a statement on terrorism in the wake of the Symbionese Liberation Army shootout in Los Angeles. Civics teachers should make it required reading for their impressionable students.

Mr. Kelley said, in part: "It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause, and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends.

"They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize that the world of the late 20th Century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end. This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire — but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law. Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice."

We hope this will find its way to classroom bulletin boards all over South Carolina.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

The State

Page 14A

Date: 6-24-74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: Robert A. Pier
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Columbia

☐ Being Investigated

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

9-1-8-95-689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Terrorism Deplored By FBI Chief

Clarence M. Kelley, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation, has issued a statement deploring terrorism. His statement follows:

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"Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must

(SEE ATTACHED PAGE)

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Daily Mail
Anderson, S.C.

Page 9-C

Date: 6/26/74
Edition: J.B. Hall
Author:
Editor:
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Columbia

☐ Being Investigated

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"The FBI and all law enforcement agencies in this country are pledged to the safety and security of all citizens. So there may be no questions as to our policies with regard to the terrorists in this country, allow me to summarize our position by quoting from a fine editorial which appeared in the Washington Star-News on May 21, 1974: "Any group which takes up the gun to achieve its objectives must be put down very hard, very quickly. The SLA has learned, in Los Angeles, that this will be done. We can only hope that others with guerrilla delusions are learning that bullets and ideals do not mix in this country."

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Terrorists Invite Extermination

Members of terrorist groups, such as the Symbionese Liberation Army, invite violent death at the hands of law enforcement officers with their kidnap, kill, rob and destroy tactics against innocent people. When all other means to control or stop them have been exhausted, violent death is exactly what they deserve.

Not long ago FBI Director Clarence M. Kelley noted broad public acceptance of the bureau's role to combat ordinary crimes, such as kidnaping, when committed by run-of-the-mill criminals, but cited evidence that some elements of the public failed to support efforts to combat crimes committed by politically or ideologically oriented organizations, especially left-wing groups. It is popular in many quarters to lionize left-wing murderers, kidnapers, arsonists and robbers.

That attitude is both a shame and a threat to the public and personal safety of American citizens.

Just recently law enforcement officers from many agencies succeeded in wiping out a large part of the Symbionese Liberation Army whose depredations have attracted widespread attention. A number of SLA people met violent death. Some, including the controversial Patricia Hearst, remain at large.

Director Kelley recently discussed the SLA gun battle in Los Angeles, using the tragic incident to point out that terrorism "simply will not be tolerated" in this country.

The director put the law enforcement role in proper perspective. He pointed out that no lawman wants to get into a gun fight. To law enforcement agencies, firepower is a defensive weapon to be used only as a last resort.

But the last resort does arise on occasion when lawmen have to deal with a terrorist organization using violence as a means to social or political ends.

The American creed on handling social and political problems was stated well by Director Kelley: "This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire—but change must be brought about peacefully and under the law. Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism."

CC: BUREAU

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

The Greenville News

Page 4

Date: 6-28-74
Edition:
Author:
Editor: R. G. Avakian
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: Columbia

☐ Being Investigated

SEARCHED INDEXED
SERIALIZED FILED
JUL 0 1 1974
FBI—COLUMBIA

It is to be hoped that remaining members of the SLA, including Patricia Hearst, and other such terrorist groups will turn from dedication to revolutionary violence. The Los Angeles gun fight indicates the contrary. Chances are the country will experience more deadly shootouts in the months ahead.

When they occur, most Americans will realize that the violent end of the terrorists is merely product of their own violence.

FD-350 (Rev. 7-16-63)

94-8-95689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

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Director Sec'y ____

Event Tragic in Several Ways

Aroused Unwarranted Criticism

By Clarence M. Kelley
Director
Federal Bureau of Investigation

In a tragic incident in Los Angeles May 17 six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death.

This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnaping and terrorist activity.

It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agencies and it blinded some citizens' perspectives regarding terrorism.

As a career law enforcement official, I want to assure you that no police agency or police officer has any desire to become involved in gun battles. In law enforcement, firepower is a defensive weapon, a last resort used to protect innocent citizens or fellow law enforcement associates whose safety and lives are being jeopardized.

As a parent with deep love for my family and friends, I can well understand the anguish suffered by those whose loved ones have somehow became swept up in the violent antisocial movement, whether it be the SLA or other similar violence-oriented group.

But this compassion cannot lead to disregard for rights of all citizens. Violence as a solution to social ills must be rejected.

Others Need Not Die

The fact that a number of SLA members recently met a violent end does not mean that other members of the SLA or other revolutionary groups need also face such an end. However, let all who would espouse terrorism fully understand that the law enforcement profession will not shirk its responsibility to protect the rights, property, welfare and lives of our fellow citizens.

I urge law-abiding citizens who reap the benefits of our form of government to maintain a sane and sensible position in regard to those who would overthrow this government and its institutions by force and violence.

It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends. They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize that the world of the late 20th century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end.

This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire — but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law.

Accept Consequences

Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism.

Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must be considered for what they actually are — thieves and murderers.

One in my position cannot discuss a problem such as terrorism without touching on what the FBI and law enforcement in general is doing about it.

A few weeks ago I was widely quoted as having described our status in the (Patricia) Hearst kidnaping case as "stumped." To the extent that I was referring to the exact whereabouts of Miss Hearst, that was and is true. It does not mean, however, that our investigative efforts have ended. Together with police departments across the country, we are following up on hundreds of leads in the case in a nationwide cooperative effort to resolve this matter.

For obvious reasons I cannot cite examples of specific locations where we are conducting searches for terrorists, but I can assure you that where such groups or individuals are active, we are there. I can further assure you that in this cooperative effort by all law enforcements agencies, we will succeed. Terrorism in the United States simply will not be tolerated.

We in law enforcement realize and accept our responsibility to prevent terrorism as well as to enforce the laws which terrorists violate. We have given serious thought to this problem and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Page 8

Decatur Review

Decatur, Illinois

Date: 6-26-74
Edition:
Author: Clarence M. Kelly
Editor: Thomas E. Witherspoon
Title:

Character:
or
Classification:
Submitting Office: SI

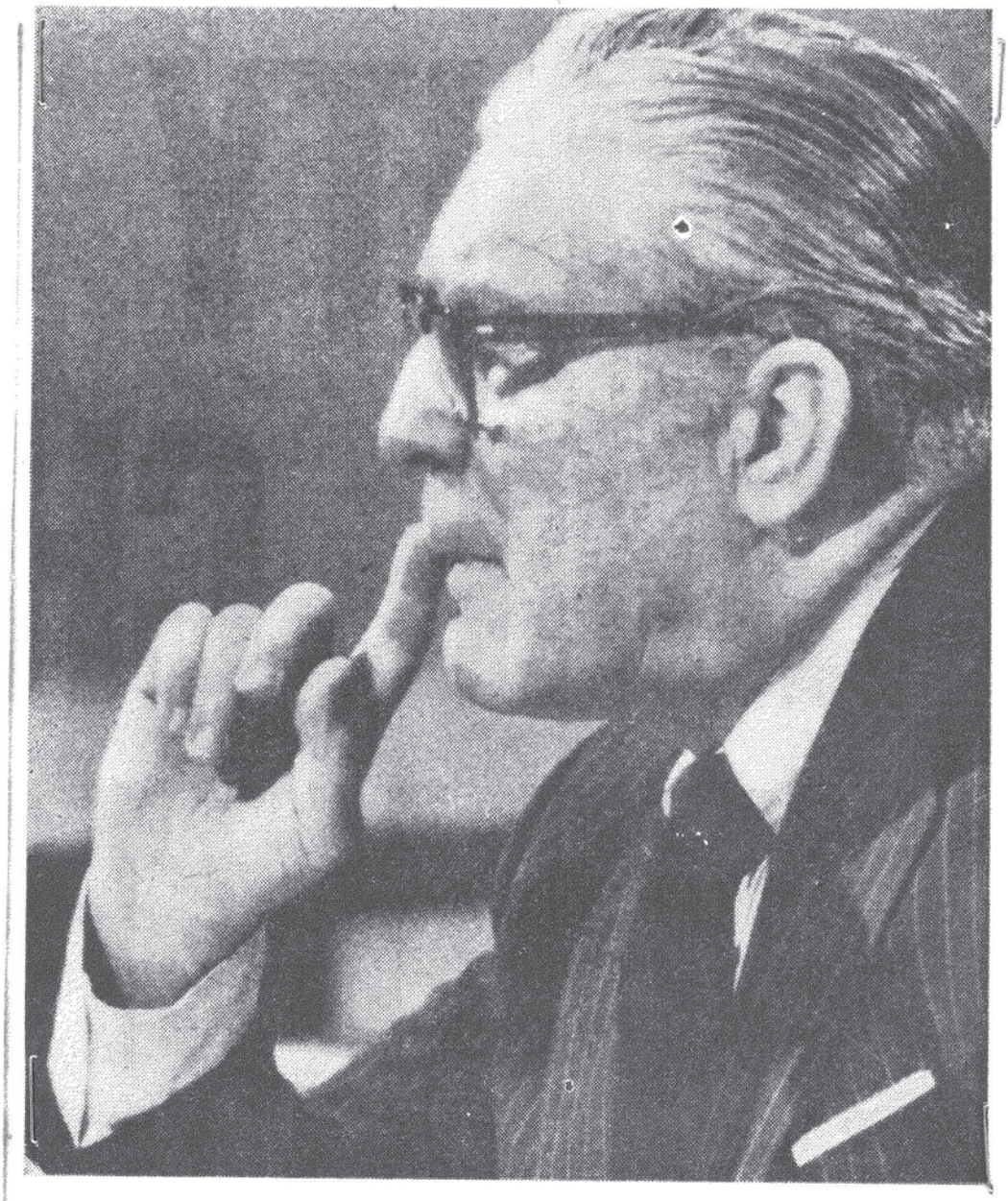
☐ Being Investigated

in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ.

To this objective, we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress. The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter-terrorist efforts.'

The FBI and all law enforcement agencies in this country are pledged to the safety and security of all citizens. So there may be no questions as to our policies with regard to the terrorists in this country, allow me to summarize our position by quoting from a fine editorial which appeared in the Washington Star-News May 21, 1974:

"Any group which takes up the gun to achieve its objectives must be put down very hard, very quickly. The SLA has learned, in Los Angeles, that this will be done. We can only hope that others with guerrilla delusions are learning that bullets and ideals do not mix in this country."



Clarence M. Kelley, director of the Federal Bureau of Investigation

94-8-95-689

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Director Sec'y ____

Kelley: Guns last resort

~~Statement~~

By Clarence Kelley
Director of FBI

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As a career law enforcement official, I want to assure you that no police agency or police officer has any desire to become involved in gun battles. In law enforcement, firepower is a defensive weapon, a last resort used to protect innocent citizens or fellow law enforcement associates whose safety and lives are being jeopardized.

As a parent with deep love for my family and friends, I can well understand the anguish suffered by those whose loved ones have somehow became swept up in the violent antisocial movement, whether it be the SLA or other similar violence-oriented group.

But this compassion cannot lead to disregard for rights of all citizens. Violence as a solution to social ills must be rejected.

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It may be true that these members of revolutionary groups seek a better world, that they give up comfortable homes and protected lives to further their cause and that they crusade with burning zeal to achieve their ends. They, however, like all who espouse anarchy or despotism, fail to realize that the world of the late 20th century will not tolerate force and violence as tactics to achieve a valid end.

This nation has established a form of government that permits change as the people desire — but the change must be brought about peacefully and under the law.

(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

14A METRO EAST JOURNAL

EAST ST. LOUIS, ILLINOIS.

Date: June 26, 1974
Edition:
Author:
Editor:
Title: SLA

Character: EM
or
Classification: SL 157-5515
Submitting Office: St. Louis

[ ] Being Investigated

Accept Consequences

Those who choose to live outside the law must accept the consequences of their violent choice. They cannot be permitted to hide under a facade of idealism.

Those who would steal and those who would kill, despite ostensibly lofty motives, must be considered for what they actually are — thieves and murderers.

One in my position cannot discuss a problem such as terrorism without touching on what the FBI and law enforcement in general is doing about it.

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We in law enforcement realize and accept our responsibility to prevent terrorism as well as to enforce the laws which terrorists violate. We have given serious thought to this problem, and have concluded that our capabilities in this area definitely need to be broadened in the use of certain techniques we cannot now employ.

Wiretaps

To this objective, we in the FBI are in the process of considering proposed legislation in the area of domestic wiretaps for discussion with the Department of Justice and eventual presentation to the Congress. The use of this important law enforcement technique would greatly assist us in our counter-terrorist efforts.

The FBI and all law enforcement agencies in this country are pledged to the safety and security of all citizens. So there may be no questions as to our policies with regard to the terrorists in this country, allow me to summarize our position by quoting from a fine editorial which appeared in the Washington Star-News May 21.

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Clarence Kelley, director of Federal Bureau of Investigation

94-8-95-689

(Mount Clipping in Space Below)

Statement from FBI chief

Violence is no means to honorable end

By CLARENCE M. KELLEY
Director FBI

In a tragic incident in Los Angeles last May 17th six members of the Symbionese Liberation Army (SLA) met death. This event is tragic in several ways. A half dozen young lives were lost. For these six individuals, it was the end of a trail of violence, threats to society, bank robbery, kidnaping and terrorist activity. It was also tragic in the fact that it aroused unwarranted criticism of the concerned law enforcement agencies and it blinded some citizens' perspective regarding terrorism.

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(Indicate page, name of newspaper, city and state.)

Date:
Edition:
Author:
Editor:
Title:

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or
Classification:
Submitting Office:

[ ] Being Investigated

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July 31, 1974

1 - Mr. Mintz

REC-14 94-8-95-690

[redacted] b6

Dear [redacted]

Based on the information furnished in your letter of July 25th, our central files disclosed no data along the lines you indicated.

However, to conduct an accurate search of our Identification Division's arrest records, fingerprints are necessary. Enclosed for your information and possible assistance is a copy of Order 556-73 relating to the production or disclosure of arrest records. If you wish a check of our arrest records, please follow the instructions set out in the Order.

To conduct a check of the records of the National Crime Information Center, the minimum data necessary are name, including any additional names used, date of birth, sex and race. If you wish to furnish the required data, we will be glad to conduct a search of the Center's records.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

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Director Sec'y ____

Enclosure

1 - The Deputy Attorney General - Enclosure
1 - FOI Replies (62-115530)

NOTE: Name search on correspondent in indices was negative.

[redacted] b6

[redacted] No check was made of NCIC as insufficent identifying data was given.

msc:dlw (7)

MAIL ROOM ☑ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

Unrecorded Copy Filed In

EX-109

REC-31 94 8-75691

August 14, 1974

[redacted]

b6

Dear [redacted]

Reference is made to your letter of August 3, 1974, in which you forwarded to this Bureau descriptive data for use in determining whether you are the subject of a record in the National Crime Information Center (NCIC).

Unfortunately, your letter was not accompanied by a set of ten rolled inked impressions taken on fingerprint cards or forms commonly utilized for applicant or law enforcement purposes by law enforcement agencies. These fingerprint impressions are necessary in order to confirm that the request for a criminal history is being made by the individual to whom the record applies.

Upon receipt of the above-mentioned fingerprint impressions, an inquiry will be made of the NCIC Computerized Criminal History (CCH) File based on the identifying data you furnished in your letter, in order to determine whether you are the subject of a computerized criminal history record, and you will be provided with the results of that file search.

Sincerely yours,

M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

MAILED 6
AUG 14 1974
FBI

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Director Sec'y ____

1 - Mr. Thompson
1 - Mr. Malmfeldt
WB:can (7)

1 - Mr. Decker
1 - Mr. Lofgren

NOTE: [redacted] corresponded with the Bureau initially by letter dated July 25, 1974, requesting to be notified of any Bureau "record" pertaining to him. (94 Section 9 Serial 690) He has now furnished us with the necessary identifying information, but failed to submit fingerprint impressions.

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OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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Director Sec'y ____

TO : MR. MC DERMOTT

DATE: 9/3/74

FROM : W. D. ELLINGSWORTH

SUBJECT: UPI REQUEST FOR PHOTOGRAPH OF CLARENCE M. KELLEY

On this date, United Press International (UPI) Photo Unit contacted the External Affairs Division requesting an opportunity to photograph Director Kelley with a copy of the 1973 Uniform Crime Report (UCR). They indicated that they would like to get the photograph as soon as possible in order to put it on the photo wire to accompany the September 6th release of the UCR. Such a photograph would require only about 15 minutes of the Director's time.

RECOMMENDATION:

That a time be set as soon as possible to accommodate UPI's request and that the External Affairs Division be advised so that further arrangements can be made.

9.5.74

1 - Mr. McDermott

EX-109

REC 17 94-8-95-692

WDE:jo
(3)

12 SEP 6 1974

58 SEP 12 1974

CORRESPONDENCE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

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Director Sec'y _____

TO : MR. DECKER

DATE: 8/29/74

FROM : M. F. ROW

SUBJECT: CALL FROM ED ROGERS, UPI, CONCERNING COMPUTERIZED CRIMINAL HISTORY (CCH) PARTICIPATION

On referral from the External Affairs Division, Ed Rogers, UPI, called me at 5:10 p. m. this date. He stated he had a letter from Vince Rakestraw of the Department which, among other things, indicated there were six states barred by the NCIC from receiving any information on a Computerized Criminal History (CCH) record since they could not comply with necessary regulations. Mr. Rogers stated he would like to know the identities of these six states.

I advised Mr. Rogers that the states of Arkansas, Colorado, Kansas, Ohio, Kentucky, and South Dakota are "locked out" from participating in any CCH activity.

ACTION:

For information.

MFR:nls
(4)

1 - Mr. McDermott (Attention Mr. Harrington)
1 - Mr. Decker
1 - Mr. Lofgren

94-8-95-

NOT RECORDED
152 SEP 10 1974

50 SEP 12 1974

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-110466-1

94-8-95-693

November 11, 1974

Mr. Frank L. Spencer
Assistant to the Division Manager
United Press International
430 North Michigan Avenue
Chicago, Illinois 60611

Dear Mr. Spencer:

I am in receipt of your letter dated October 31, 1974, and "The Chicago Tribune" article by Mr. Peter Reich.

Please be assured that the FBI cooperates fully with anyone requesting our assistance in further analyzing or presenting information as it relates to the Uniform Crime Reporting data. We, of course, would not stifle the efforts of any student of the crime problem. Our annual publication on crime carries a section on geographic regions which includes the crime rate data. In addition, the crime rate information is set forth covering the nationwide figures, the Standard Metropolitan Statistical Areas and the individual state totals. Our information is presented so that those interested can easily construct rates for specific individual places that may be of interest.

MAILED 6
NOV 11 1974
FBI

My position is that the FBI should not publish the rate per 100,000 inhabitants for individual cities as such a presentation would in fact establish a rate ranking for the cities of this Nation. Population is but one factor in considering comparative crime studies. We abhor the direct crime comparison of one city to another based solely on similar population. This approach is criticized by local law enforcement officials as an invalid presentation of information which burdens their individual cities and specifically their departments with unjust criticisms. We have for years set forth, in the annual publication, some of the crime factors that must be considered when making comparisons of the crime experience.

1 - SAC, Chicago (Enclosure)
1 - Mr. McDermott (Enclosure)
AM:jec
(5)

NOV 21 1974

(See Note 1 - Page 2)

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Mr. Frank L. Spencer

The FBI, in administering the Uniform Crime Reporting Program, and particularly in the publication process, must consider the needs of a wide audience; namely, law enforcement, social scientists and the general public. We cannot tailor the publication solely to specialized interests. We do, however, on a continuing basis, make every effort to expand the presentation of information to keep the public fully informed relative to crime in the United States.

Your letter and interest which prompted you to write is appreciated. If we can be of further assistance, do not hesitate to contact us.

Sincerely yours,

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

NOTE: Bufiles disclose no derogatory information identifiable with correspondent.

Re[illegible]ences made to the FBI in the attached news[illegible]paper clipping "Chicago's slaughter beats Ulster's, 4-[illegible]1.

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Director Sec'y	

United Press International

GENERAL OFFICES
NEWS BUILDING, 220 EAST 42ND STREET
NEW YORK, N. Y. 10017

FRANK L. SPENCER
ASSISTANT TO THE DIVISION MANAGER
430 N. MICHIGAN AVE.
CHICAGO, ILL. 60611

Mr. Clarence M. Kelley,
Director,
Federal Bureau of Investigation,
Washington 20535

Dear Mr. Kelley,

The enclosed photocopy of a column by Peter Reich of The Chicago Tribune concerns crime statistics, an area that will be demanding an increasing share of the nation's attention. I thought you'd like to see it.

During your recent Chicago news conference I asked if it were true, as asserted by some Illinois crime watchers, that the FBI tries to make difficult any attempts to compare geographical areas as to crime. I'm glad you said it isn't true. That being the case, I take courage in suggesting you could make comparisons considerably easier. This can be achieved through rates. There should be more rates established for the various crime categories.

For example, table 75 of the current Uniform Crime Reports lists total offenses. It shows, on page 223, Akron with 28 murder-manslaughters and Boston with 135. Totals are important. But rates are even more important, for rates provide meanings that gross numbers merely suggest. Of course, we could determine the population of Akron and the population of Boston and do a bit of arithmetic and determine the rates right here in our busy newsroom. But the question occurs: Why should we do this when the computer can do it without breathing hard?

The "Total Crime Index," I'm sare, is a sort of rate. I wouldn't suggest disturbing this for the world, for it must be close to somebody's heart. But it's not enough--not when rates can be supplied so easily.

Sincerely,

Frank Spencer

31st October 1974

ENCLOSURE

NOV 24 1974

CORRESPONDENCE

EXP. PROC.
NOV 4 1974
40

NOV '4 1974

Peter Reich

Chicago's slaughter beats Ulster's, 4-1

Since Jan. 1, 1969, the civil war in Northern Ireland has resulted in the slaughter of almost 1,100 persons.

Since Jan. 1, 1969, right here in Chicago, at least 4,670 persons have been murdered—more than four times as many!

Last year alone, Chicago had a record 864 murders. This year, so far, about 750 persons have been slain here—substantially more than at a corresponding time last year.

Thus, 1974 threatens to be yet another record year for murders in Chicago.

"It's getting to be almost as bad as in the days of Al Capone, in the Roaring Twenties," a friend commented.

He was wrong. It's a lot worse.

In 1929, heyday of the old Capone Mob and the year of the infamous St. Valentine's Day Massacre [in which seven persons were shot down in a garage on North Clark Street], Chicago had 401 murders.

This year, police say, Chicago's murder toll could reach 900. The murder situation never before has been this bad.

In 1942, with the Prohibition-era gangs largely cleaned up, murders in Chicago dropped to 219.

But then the number began to rise again. By 1965, the annual Chicago murder total had nearly doubled, to 395. By 1970, it more than doubled again, to 810. In 1971, it reached 824.

In 1972, curiously, it dropped to 711, but then it went right up again, to a record 864, as noted.

Why has Chicago's murder rate climbed so alarmingly?

There is no single answer, but a number of "causal factors" have been suggested:

- A general decline in respect for law and order.
- The abolition of capital punishment. [The murder rate has zoomed, both in Chicago and across the nation since we stopped using the death penalty, in the early 1960s.]
- A decreasing chance of conviction. [A recent survey showed that fewer than one out of every 50 persons arrested in Cook County ever winds up in prison.]
- More "felony" murders. [Murder used to be a family affair, with wives killing husbands or vice versa. But today the largest percentage of murders, according to the FBI, involves "robbery, sex motive, gangland slaying, or other felonious activities."]

People fond of seemingly simple solutions to complex problems assert that banning the sale of handguns would remedy the situation, but this argument does not withstand scrutiny.

How many criminals register themselves as gun owners, or buy their weapons from legitimate sporting goods stores where they must furnish personal identification, a state gun-owner's registration card, and wait 72 hours for delivery of a handgun?

It is a trite [but nonetheless true] observation that guns don't kill people — people kill people. Of the 19,510 persons murdered in the United States last year, more than 9,000 were killed by weapons other than handguns. These weapons ranged from kitchen knives to broomsticks. Shall we, therefore, ban the sale of kitchen knives and broomsticks?

ENCLOSURE 94-8-95-693

In reassurance to persons living in the Chicago area, it should be pointed out than on a population basis, the murder rate for the six-county Chicago area is nowhere near the worst in the nation.

The Chicago area had 14.4 murders per 100,000 inhabitants last year, according to the Federal Bureau of Investigation. However, a comparable Atlanta area had 21.8; metropolitan New Orleans had 21.6; and Waco, Tex., and vicinity had 21.6.

[However, for the city of Chicago alone, the rate-per-100,000 was 26.1.]

Numerically Chicago's 864 murders were topped by the New York City's 1,739, and almost matched by Detroit's 860 and Los Angeles' 857.

What is the answer to the mounting murder rate? I don't pretend to have the whole answer. But I think restoring the death penalty and tacking on five years to the prison sentence of everyone convicted of using a firearm to commit a crime would be a good start.

XEROX

NOV 21 1974

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

Assoc. Dir. ____
Dep. AD Adm. ____
Dep. AD Inv. ✓
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Files & Com. ✓
Gen. Inv. ✓
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Spec. Inv. ____
Training ____
Legal Coun. ____
Telephone Rm. ____
Director Sec'y ____

TO : Mr. Adams

DATE: October 16, 1974

FROM : R. E. Gebhardt

1 - Mr. Adams
1 - Mr. Gebhardt
1 - Mr. McDermott
1 - Mr. Wannall

SUBJECT: CIVIL UNREST AND DISTURBANCES
BOSTON, MASSACHUSETTS, AREA

At 10:15 a.m., 10/16/74, the Director called me relative to the attached UPI story which concerns the calling up of the National Guard by Governor Sargent of Massachusetts because of the unrest in the City of Boston over the busing situation. The Governor is quoted in this story as saying he called up the rict-trained Guard unit based on the FBI's report that "we have an extremely volatile situation that could blow up at any moment." Police Commissioner Robert J. Digrazia is quoted in the story as stating that he could not confirm the FBI report Sargent said he received from Public Safety Commissioner John F. Kehoe that prompted the Governor to call out the Guard. Digrazia is further quoted as stating "if there really is information of this magnitude, it is unfortunate that it isn't being transmitted to the Boston Police." The Director instructed that I inquire into the accuracy and circumstances of these statements.

Neither the General Investigative Division nor the Intelligence Division had any information concerning this matter. I contacted SAC Newpher, Boston Office, at 10:30 a.m. and read the quotes to him. He advised that the story is a complete misrepresentation of the actual facts. He said at about 3 p.m., 10/~~15~~/74, he ~~recei~~ved a call from Commissioner Kehoe. Kehoe specifically told Newpher the Governor had already called out the National Guard and inquired of Newpher as to his evaluation in Boston. Newpher replied that the situation could be explosive and further told him that what had happened at Hyde Park could happen anywhere. (Hyde Park School yesterday there was sporadic fighting and one student was stabbed in the stomach.) Newpher said he did not use the word "volatile" at all. He advised he has been in contact with Kehoe this morning and Newpher said that about 12 noon yesterday the Governor asked Kehoe for his evaluation who advised the Governor that the City of Boston would be hard-pressed to contain any violence. The Governor then decided to call out the National Guard. Newpher then advised that at approximately 2 p.m., 10/15/74, a clerk in the Boston Office was contacted by the Massachusetts National Guard and given instructions as to where to report for active duty. As indicated above, Kehoe did not call Newpher until approximately 3 pm, long after the National Guard had been called out.

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152 NOV 11 1974

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Newpher advised that the Boston paper is quoting the Governor as stating he called up the National Guard based on information he received from Commissioner Kehoe who had been in contact with the FBI. Kehoe was advised by Newpher of our concern relative to the erroneous utilization of the FBI by the Governor in this matter. Kehoe's reply to Newpher was that we must bear in mind that this is politics between Governor Sargent and Mayor White.

Insofar as the quote of Commissioner Digrazia is concerned, Newpher said he spoke to Digrazia at approximately 6:30 p.m., 10/15/74, after the release had been made that the National Guard was being called up and told Digrazia of his conversation with Kehoe earlier in the day. Newpher was unaware of the quote attributed to Digrazia and intends to contact Digrazia relative to this quote so the record can be set straight.

At 11:25 a.m. Newpher called again and advised he had just talked to Digrazia. He said that Digrazia stated his quote in the UPI stories is completely slanted and taken out of context. He advised he predicated his remarks to the press with the statement that the relationship with the FBI is outstanding and there is a complete flow of information between the two agencies at all times. His quote that "if there really is information of this magnitude, it's unfortunate that it is not being transmitted to the Boston Police" is actually directed in his, Digrazia's, press conference at the Governor and certainly not the FBI.

RECOMMENDATIONS: (1) It is obvious the FBI has been used by the Governor as justification of his action in calling up the National Guard. It is recommended that Governor Sargent be personally contacted by SAC Newpher and advised of our concern over the UPI's story wherein he states he called up the National Guard based on FBI reports that we have an extremely volatile situation that could blow up at any moment, when, in fact, such a statement was made after the National Guard had already been called up. The record should be clearly set forth for the Governor.

CONTINUED - OVER

(2) In view of the potential involved, such as a repeat of the Kent State situation involving the National Guard, and the current quote of the Governor, that the Attorney General be advised immediately of the true facts so there is no misunderstanding as to our position.

ADDENDUM OF ASSISTANT DIRECTOR GEBHARDT:

At 12 noon I advised the Director of the above. He instructed that both recommendations be implemented immediately.

At 12:22 p. m. I contacted the Attorney General in New Orleans and briefly advised him of the situation. He was very appreciative for the true facts and said that we should tell the press where the story emanated from. He said the press should know that the Governor did not call up the National Guard because of FBI reports; that the situation was very volatile but that the Governor called up the National Guard three hours before he requested our evaluation.

At 12:30 p. m. I advised the Director of the comments of the Attorney General. After a discussion it was decided we would give Governor Sargent the opportunity to set the record straight with the press. If he would not advise the press he called up the National Guard prior to our evaluation, then we would have no other alternative than to advise the press ourselves.

At 12:35 p. m. I instructed SA Newpher of the above.

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

Examining

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

TO : Mr. Clarence M. Kelley
Director

DATE: 9/4/74

FROM : William L. Reed

SUBJECT: Your Inquiry, UPI Article Entitled "GAO Report Says States Are Misusing FBI Data," Washington Star-News September 3, 1974

Associate Director
Dep. AD Adm.
Dep. AD Inv.
Asst. Dir.:
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Spec. Inv.
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Legal Coun.
Telephone Rm.
Director Sec'y

The above-captioned article is based upon the recently published GAO Report to the Subcommittee on Constitutional Rights Committee on the Judiciary, United States Senate.

As set forth in my previously furnished review (August 23, 1974), GAO provided the Subcommittee a report which clearly found that the primary use of criminal history data -- other than in a pro-forma response to arrest fingerprints -- was by State and local agencies (Courts, prosecutors, probation, and parole), not the police. Further, the report stated that law enforcement usage of criminal history information was primarily after arrest, that CCH is only one means of obtaining such information and, in fact, the majority of criminal history data is obtained by other means, e.g. in response to fingerprint submissions to the Bureau, or State/local identification bureaus, or by letter, teletype, or in person requests.

94-8-95

The UPI article ignored, unfortunately, the clear and concise GAO statements of the purpose of the report -- "How Criminal Justice Agencies Use Criminal History Information," who actually uses it, what for, and in what form is criminal history furnished.

NOT RECORDED
183 OCT 2 1974

It is true that GAO does mention that certain questions did arise pertaining to dissemination of criminal history information during their review in Florida and Massachusetts.

As to Florida, 13 agencies were found to be in violation of State policy by either allowing unauthorized dissemination or access. In every case, immediate corrective action was taken by the local agency on the spot and the State followed up with an independent audit to ensure that the on the spot

OCT 1 1974

CORRESPONDENCE

WLR:nm (2)

1 - Mr. Reed

Enclosure

5 OCT 03 1974

compliance continued. It is of interest that according to the Florida letter some of these agencies had not released anything other than locally derived information, not NCIC or even Florida Crime Information Center (FCIC) information. GAO clearly sets forth this information including the State's corrective action and a copy of the Florida letter/report. UPI did not choose to report this.

As to Massachusetts, a problem was discovered wherein criminal history information was being provided by the State Probation department over the telephone without their calling back to verify that the requestor was an employee of an agency authorized to receive it. Again, immediate corrective action was taken and, in fact, a copy of the new policy directives which corrected the problem is included as well as a letter/report. Again, UPI did not choose to include either the GAO statement that corrective action had been taken nor the directive and letters of the Massachusetts authorities.

Although California was not included in the above "questionable dissemination" category, UPI implied that some related problem exists in the 4th paragraph:

> "California took state records it had supplied to the FBI, compared them with local court records, and 'found inaccuracies in disposition data in 100 percent of the sampled records of some courts.' "

The GAO Report (page 30) states that California has conducted various studies comparing State criminal records with local Court records and found inaccuracies in the disposition data in 100% of the sampled records of some of the Courts. GAO commented that if this is the situation prevailing in the majority of the Courts, then accuracy of such records (Courts) is a "first logical step" to protect individual rights and improve criminal history systems. There is nothing in GAO's comment about FBI records and, in fact, the criticism is of local Court disposition records accuracy.

I have discussed previously the GAO findings including the dissemination questions with the Ervin Staff, and I found their comments most favorable on all related issues. (I frankly got the impression the dissemination questions only gave the Report more credibility in their eyes.)

Memorandum for the Director
Re: Your Inquiry, UPI Article Entitled "GAO Report Says States Are Misusing FBI Data," Washington Star-News, Sept. 3, 1974

I discussed the article with Messrs. Fogel and Stanton, GAO, on this date and both were critical of the UPI article for missing the entire purpose and findings of the Study, but particularly because they did not at least include that immediate corrective action was taken in every instance.

GAO Report Says States Are Misusing FBI Data

United Press International

A random survey by congressional investigators has yielded evidence that states are misusing information obtained from the FBI's master criminal file in ways that might jeopardize individual rights of privacy.

The General Accounting Office recently released a report commissioned by the Senate Judiciary subcommittee on constitutional rights headed by Sen. Sam J. Ervin Jr., D-N.C., which is drafting legislation intended to guarantee the secrecy of FBI files except for legitimate disclosures.

THE GAO which surveyed three states' use of FBI files during one week in April, said:

California took state records it had supplied to the FBI, compared them with local court records, and "found inaccuracies in disposition data in 100 percent of the sampled records of some courts."

"Thirteen criminal justice agencies in Florida . . . either allowed unauthorized access to the files or furnished criminal history data to agencies not authorized to receive it" because of misunderstandings about state policy.

In Massachusetts, the GAO said it could not determine who made about 10 percent of the requests for FBI criminal histories, and thus could not tell whether they came from authorized agencies.

The GAO said it probably would find similar flows if it checked all the 41 states that obtain FBI "rap sheets" on request by computer, teletype, telephone or letter. Six states are forbidden to participate because they do not subscribe to federal security policies, the Justice Department said.

As of February, about 2 percent of the FBI master file of 21 million criminal case histories was available to states through a growing computer hook-up.

THE GAO quoted Asst. Atty. Gen. Glen E. Pommerening as saying that states are rapidly increasing their use of the FBI data bank, from 141,000 transactions in 1972 to an anticipated 450,000 this year.

Senate sources said errors in FBI "rap sheets" could adversely affect a defendant seeking release on bail, a convict seeking parole or a former convict applying for a government job or a state business license.

The possibility of such errors has prompted Ervin to propose strict limits on use of rap sheets for job clearance and other purposes not directly related to law enforcement. Some states now check rap sheets before issuing firearm permits.

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Mr. Read — Which should we?
by

The Washington Post ___
Washington Star-News A-12
Daily News (New York) ___
The New York Times ___
The Wall Street Journal ___
The National Observer ___
The Los Angeles Times ___

Date SEP 3 1974

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Enclosure

ENCLOSURE

OPTIONAL FORM NO. 10
MAY 1962 EDITION
GSA GEN. REG. NO. 27

5010-106

UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT

Memorandum

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Dep. AD Adm. ____
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Telephone Rm. ____
Director Sec'y ____

TO : Mr. J. B. Adams

DATE: 12-4-74

FROM : Legal Counsel

SUBJECT: REQUEST BY VARIOUS PRESS REPRESENTATIVES FOR COINTELPRO DOCUMENTS UNDER THE FREEDOM OF INFORMATION ACT

On 11-27-74, Mrs. Susan M. Hauser, Staff Assistant to the Deputy Attorney General, hand delivered a copy of a letter from her to Mr. Orr Kelly acknowledging receipt of a letter from Mr. Kelly and nine other news media representatives dated 11-18-74, (copy attached), requesting various documents relating to COINTELPRO, including those papers utilized in the preparation of the report released at the Attorney General's news conference on 11-18-74.

On 11-29-74, a memorandum was prepared concerning this matter along with a recommended appropriate response to Mr. Orr Kelly's request on behalf of himself and the other nine newsmen. On 12-2-74, Mr. James A. Wilderotter, Associate Deputy Attorney General, telephonically contacted SA James C. Farrington of the FOIA Unit to request the opportunity to see the proposed draft being sent by the FBI to Mr. Kelly prior to it being approved and sent out. This was hand delivered to him during Monday morning, 12-2-74, and in his absence, left with his secretary. Subsequent attempts to have a meeting with Mr. Wilderotter were unsuccessful until 5:15 p.m., yesterday, 12-3-74, at which time Mr. Wilderotter said that he was a little concerned over the fact that we planned to process Mr. Kelly's request in the same manner that we process any other FOIA requests. It was pointed out to him that, of course, we would be subjected to a great deal of criticism in the event we attempt to give Mr. Kelly and his associates any preferential treatment regardless of the fact that they represent the news media. Mr. Wilderotter stated he would like to discuss this further with Assistant Attorney General Antonin Scalia, Office of Legal Counsel, prior to our releasing this letter.

EX-110 REC-5 94-8-95-614

NOT RECORDED
182 DEC 26 1974

Enclosure

1 - Mr. Adams
1 - Mr. McDermott
1 - Mr. Mintz
JCF:law (5)

CONTINUED - OVER

5 7 DEC 31 1974
ENCLOSURE

LEGAL COUNSEL

62-116009

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-116009-

Legal Counsel to Mr. J. B. Adams memo
Re: Request by Various Press Representatives for COINTELPRO

Attempts to contact Mr. Wilderotter today, 12-4-74, were unsuccessful since he has been in conference most of the day with the Deputy Attorney General. A message was left with his secretary that we would appreciate a determination be made on this matter today in order that we could comply with Mr. Kelly's request within the permitted time period.

RECOMMENDATION:

For information.

Press Room
U.S. Department of Justice
Room 5132
10th and Constitution Avenues, Northwest
Washington, D. C. 20530

November 18, 1974

The Honorable William B. Saxbe
Attorney General of the United States
U.S. Department of Justice
Washington, D. C. 20530

Dear Attorney General Saxbe:

Following up your remarks at your news conference on November 18, 1974, regarding the counterintelligence programs of the Federal Bureau of Investigation between 1956 and 1971, we request access to any and all papers and files relating to those programs, specific actions taken pursuant to those programs, results and evaluation by the FBI of the results of the specific actions taken, proposals under the program which were approved and disapproved, and papers that may indicate who approved or rejected such proposals, how and when it was decided to terminate the entire COINTELPRO operation, and how ans when some or all of this information was imparted by the FBI to Attorneys General, subordinates to the Attorneys General, members of Congress or others in the Government during the years of the COINTELPRO operation.

Specifically, we request any and all papers and files under this operation utilized by Assistant Attorney General Henry E. Petersen in the preparation of the report he submitted to you and which you, in turn, released with some editing at your news conference of November 18, 1974; and to papers and files which are said to relate to the COINTELPRO activities conducted by the FBI regarding Weatherman, Students for a Democratic Society, Progressive Labor Party, Young Socialists Alliance, Ku Klux Klan (or its derivative or related organizations), Minutemen, American Nazi Party, National States Rights Party, Black Panthers, Nation of Islam, Revolutionary Action Movement, Congress of Racial Equality, Southern Christian Leadership Conference, Student Non-Violent Coordinating Committee, and other groups which were objects of COINTELPRO operations.

As you noted, we believe we are entitled to such materials under the Freedom of Information Act.

Respectfully,

/s/

Ronald J. Ostrow, Los Angeles Times
Bob Kuttner, Washington Post
Ed Rogers, United Press International
Thomas M. Stewart, Reuters
Mitchell Lynch, Wall Street Journal
NEWSWEEK U.S.A.

Stephan Lesher, Newsweek
Bill Eaton, Chicago Daily News
John Crewdson, New York Times
Orr Kelly, Washington Star-News
Margaret Gentry, Associated Press

94-8-95-694

ENCLOSURE

94-8-95-

A

December 6, 1974
1 - Mr. Adams
1 - Mr. McDermott
1 - Mr. Wannall
Atten: Mr. Ryan
1 - Mr. Mintz

Mr. Orr Kelly
Washington Star-News
225 Virginia Avenue, S. E.
Washington, D. C. 20003

Dear Mr. Kelly:

Your letter of November 18th to Attorney General William B. Saxbe, in which you and a number of other news media representatives have requested FBI files concerning our counterintelligence programs, has been referred to this Bureau and was received on November 27th. Since Mrs. Susan M. Hauser, Staff Assistant to the Deputy Attorney General, has directed her acknowledgment letter to you, I am following her example and will assume you will apprise your associates of the contents of my letter.

In accordance with the tenor of Mr. Saxbe's statement on November 18th, I have ordered that the documents requested by you be processed by this Bureau for release to you and your associates as expeditiously as possible. However, I feel you should know these files contain in addition to national security data, raw unevaluated information received from many sources, including data obtained by the FBI during the course of an investigation, or voluntarily furnished to us by the general public with the expressed or implied understanding that their identities will be protected. In order to protect the identity of individuals furnishing the FBI information, as well as investigative techniques and procedures, and to preclude disclosure of information that could affect our national security, or constitute an unwarranted invasion of personal privacy, it is necessary for us to go through our files and delete certain data prior to making it available for disclosure to the general public under the Freedom of Information Act. The documents you requested also include inter-agency or intra-agency memoranda, involving internal consultations with respect to policy decisions which would be

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Director Sec'y ___

1 - The Deputy Attorney General
1 - Mr. James A. Wilderotter - Associate Deputy Attorney General
1 - Bufile 62-115530 (FOI-REPLIES)
WHB:law (11)

NOT RECORDED 58 DEC 30 1974 (2)
DEC 26 1974

SEE NOTE PAGE THREE

58 DEC 30 1974

MAIL ROOM ☐ TELETYPE UNIT ☐

ORIGINAL FILED IN 62-115530-50

protected from disclosure. This, of course, necessitates a review of the documents on a paragraph-by-paragraph basis since we feel a great deal of this information falls within exemptions (b)(1), (5) and (7) of the Freedom of Information Act.

As you know, certain working papers were prepared for the use of the Attorney General in connection with his statement of November 18th. The portion submitted by the FBI was not prepared for public dissemination and would therefore require screening as outlined above.

Pursuant to Title 28, Code of Federal Regulations, Section 16.9, we are authorized to charge a prescribed rate for furnishing copies of documents and for time spent searching and screening our records. As you know, recent amendments to the Freedom of Information Act, which become effective February 19, 1975, significantly reduce the fees we are allowed to charge in connection with processing requests. In the event the processing of your request is completed prior to February 19, 1975, it will be necessary to charge you in accordance with the provisions of regulations as they currently exist, and you will be advised of the cost prior to release.

We have received numerous requests for data in our files since the issuance of Departmental Order 528-73, which provides for discretionary access to certain investigatory records otherwise exempt, and currently have a backlog of approximately 102,000 pages to be processed under the provisions of the Freedom of Information Act; this, despite the fact that we have more than doubled the original complement making up the Freedom of Information Act Unit. Consequently, due to the extremely heavy workload of requests previously received, and on which deposits have been made, it will not be possible to process your request prior to completion of those already pending. However, it will be handled as promptly as possible.

In conclusion, please be assured that the FBI intends to comply fully with Mr. Saxbe's directives in this matter consistent with our deep concern, which is also shared by Mr. Saxbe, of the citizen's right to privacy and the preservation of all rights guaranteed under the Constitution and the Bill of Rights.

Sincerely yours,

C. M. Kelley

Clarence M. Kelley
Director

Mr. Orr Kelly

NOTE: See Legal Counsel to Mr. J. B. Adams memorandum dated 12-6-74, captioned, "Request By Various Press Representatives for COINTELPRO Documents under the Freedom of Information Act."